TEMPLATE

LETTER OF PROCEDURE/LETTER OF AGREEMENT(LOP/LOA) BETWEEN

	AREA CONTROL CENTRE ANDAREA CONTROL CENTRE
1.	PREAMBLE
procedures con amended or can	The authorized representatives of
and o	This letter of Agreement supersedes and cancels the existing Letters of Agreement between lated
2.	EFFECTIVE DATE
	The provisions in the Letter of Agreement shall be implemented on at 0001 UTC.
3.	OBJECTIVE
and	The objective of this Letter of Agreement is to specify co-ordination procedures between I
4.	SCOPE
Supplementary	The procedures contained herein are supplementary to the ICAO Standards and Recommended nexes 2 and 11, the Procedures for Air Navigation Services in Document 4444 and the Regional Procedures (Doc 7030). They detail the conditions under which the responsibility for the traffic services shall be transferred between the ATS units mentioned in paragraph 3 above.
between the FI	This Letter of Agreement also formalises the delegation of responsibility from to vice versa for the provision of air traffic services within those portions of airspace which lie R boundaries and the agreed points of transfer of responsibility as defined in paragraph 7.4.1. ent of transfer points is based on operational considerations only and does not therefore either can it be invoked for, any other purpose beyond this context.
5.	AMENDMENTS
5.1 consent of the	Any change to this Letter of Agreement, including its cancellation or replacement, requires the ATS units concerned. This applies to the substance of the change as well as to its date of

5.2 Whilst temporary deviations from these procedures may be agreed between the ACC supervisors concerned, as specified in paragraph 8.1 below, permanent amendments to this document shall be effective only in the form of a written amendment duly signed by authorized representatives.

applicability. Any change shall be made either in the context of a meeting between the two units, or by exchange of correspondence, or by exchange of AFTN messages, with acknowledgement by all signatories.

6 AFI RVSM AIRSPACE

- 6.1 The AFI Region airspace between FL 290 and FL 410 inclusive, encompassing all FIRs in the AFI Region is the designated AFI RVSM airspace.
- 6.2 There is no transition airspace in the AFI RVSM airspace.

6.3 PROCEDURES FOR THE AFI RVSM AIRSPACE

- 6.3.1 The applicable RVSM procedures in the AFI RVSM airspace are contained in the Regional Supplementary Procedures Doc. 7030/4 African Indian Ocean Region. The detailed procedures are contained in the ATC Operations Manual for RVSM in AFI Region.
- 6.3.2 RVSM compliant aircraft and non-RVSM compliant aircraft entering RVSM airspace from a non-RVSM airspace shall be established at a flight level in accordance with the ICAO Table of Cruising Levels, as published in ICAO, Annex 2, Appendix 3, (a).
 - 6.3.3 The following table contains RVSM FL applicable in the AFI RVSM airspace.

Cruising levels as per direction of flight – FL280 to FL430					
Route from	m 180 degrees to 359 degrees*	Route from 000 degrees to 179 d	egrees *		
	← FL 430 (nor	n RVSM level above RVSM airspace)			
		FL410	\rightarrow		
←	FL400				
		FL390	\rightarrow		
←	FL380				
		FL370	\rightarrow		
←	FL360				
		FL350	\rightarrow		
←	FL340				
		FL330	\rightarrow		
←	FL320				
		FL310	\rightarrow		
←	FL300				
		FL290	\rightarrow		
←	FL280 (non RVSM level below RV	/SM airspace)			

6.3.4 Flight operations within the AFI RVSM airspace.

6.3.4.1 Except for State aircraft as defined in Article 2 to the Chicago Convention (Doc. 7300) only RVSM approved aircraft shall be approved to operate within the AFI RVSM airspace.

6.4 CONTINGENCY PROCEDURES FOR INCREASED SEPARATION

6.4.1 (*Name*) ACC will consider increasing vertical separation within affected areas of the (*Name*) FIR RVSM airspace when there are pilot reports of greater than moderate turbulence. Within areas where significant turbulence is reported, vertical separation minimum between all aircraft will be increased.

7. PROCEDURES

7.1 Movement and control messages

7.1.1 Flight plans

Filed Flight Plan (FPL) messages shall be transmitted for flights originating within one FIR and entering the other, not less than minutes before the estimated time of the aircraft over the common FIR boundary.

7.1.2 Departures

Departure (DEP) messages shall be transmitted for all flights mentioned in 7.1.1 above, as soon as practicable after the aircraft is airborne.

7.1.3 Estimates

Estimate (EST) messages shall be transmitted for all flights crossing the common FIR boundary, in sufficient time to permit its receipt by the receiving ATS unit at least minutes before the estimated time of the aircraft over the transfer points specified in paragraph 7.4.1 below.

7.1.4 Revisions

Co-ordination (CDN) messages shall be transmitted as soon as practicable whenever the estimated time of the aircraft over the transfer point differs by minutes or more from the estimated time originally passed or when a change of cleared level and/or crossing condition is planned.

7.1.5 Acceptance

Co-ordination messages (EST and CDN) require an operational acceptance, in the form of an acceptance (ACP) message, to be transmitted to the transferring unit.

7.2 Message transmission and co-ordination procedures

- 7.2.1 FPL Messages shall be transmitted via AFTN. DEP messages shall be transmitted by AFTN or ATS/DS or both as applicable.
- 7.2.2 Co-ordination messages (EST, CDN and ACP) shall be transmitted using (the ATS direct speech circuits (ATS/DS) as applicable.
- 7.2.3 In case of non-availability of the ATS direct speech circuit between the ATS units concerned, the transferring ATS unit shall forward the relevant flight data to the receiving ATS unit by means of HF radiotelephone (RTF) and/or AFTN.

- 7.2.4 When effecting the necessary co-ordination by use of the AFTN or HF RTF the transferring ATS unit shall send the appropriate co-ordination message in sufficient time to permit its receipt by the receiving ATS unit at least minutes prior to the aircraft's estimated time over the transfer point.
- 7.2.5 After co-ordination of the transfer, the conditions of transfer shall not be changed by the transferring unit, unless prior agreement has been obtained from the accepting unit.
- 7.2.6 In case of flights departing from aerodromes (.....) for which, due to their proximity to the FIR boundary, application of the procedures set out in 7.1.2 above would not be possible after departure, coordination between the transferring ATS unit and the accepting ATS unit shall be effected prior to the issuance of the ATC clearance to the aircraft concerned.
- 7.2.7 In the event of communications failure between the ATS units concerned, a departing aircraft shall be cleared only to such a level as can be reached before it arrives within 10 minutes flying time from the transfer of control point. If such a level is lower than that specified in the flight plan, the aircraft shall be instructed to request approval for a higher level direct from the accepting unit and then obtain clearance from the transferring unit to climb to the level approved by the accepting unit.

7.3 Transfer of communications

- 7.3.1 Aircraft shall be instructed to establish communications with the accepting unit 5 minutes before the transfer of control point. Transfer of communications does not constitute transfer of control.
- 7.3.2 In case of communications failure between the ATS units concerned, the transferring ATS unit will inform the aircraft of the absence of co-ordination between the two ATS units and will instruct the aircraft to establish contact with the accepting ATS unit 10 minutes before the boundary in order to provide it with the necessary flight data.
- 7.3.3 Whenever the accepting ATS unit is unable to establish contact with an aircraft within minutes after its estimated time over the transfer point, it shall inform the transferring ATS unit so that appropriate measures may be taken.
- 7.3.4 With reference to paragraph 10.4.2.4.4 of Part VIII of the PANS-ATM, the accepting ATS unit need not, as a matter of routine, notify the transferring ATS unit that radiocommunication has been established with an aircraft being transferred.
- 7.3.5 Whenever an aircraft is unable to establish or maintain radio communication with the ATS unit responsible for the provision of air traffic services in the airspace in which it is operating, other ATS units shall, if possible, assume relay functions between them.
- 7.3.6 Primary frequency assignment for transfer of communications is as follows:

ATS route ATS unit call sign Frequency

7.3.7 Secondary frequency assignment, for use when no contact can be made on the primary frequencies, is as follows:

ATS route ATS unit call sign Frequency

7.4 Transfer of responsibility

7.4.1 Responsibility for the provision of air traffic services shall be transferred to the accepting unit at the following significant points:

ATS route	Transfer of Control point		
a)	(e.g. ABAB at 3030S 9015E, or bearing a distance from a VOR/DME)		
b)	(or bearing and distance from a VOR/DME)		

- 7.4.2 If transfer of responsibility is required at points other than those specified in 6.4.1 above, this shall be co-ordinated individually for each flight.
- 7.4.3 The accepting unit shall assume responsibility of a transferred aircraft as soon as it has reported to that unit passing the appropriate transfer point. There is no requirement for additional transfer or acceptance messages unless requested.
- 7.4.4 Control of traffic communicating with the accepting unit shall not be assumed prior to the aircraft passing the transfer point, unless specifically agreed by the transferring unit.

7.5 Flight levels

7.5.1 Aircraft outside ATS route shall be assigned flight levels as follows:

ATS route From To Flight Lev

7.6 Separation

- 7.6.1 Aircraft at the same level shall be longitudinally separated by not less than **10** minutes.
- 7.6.2 When the succeeding aircraft is faster than the preceding aircraft, the transferring unit shall notify the accepting unit and seek its approval of the transfer of control. The accepting unit shall have the right to determine the transfer of control conditions.

7.7 Clearance limit

7.7.1 The clearance limit shall normally be the destination aerodrome. However, if the necessary co-ordination cannot be effected in good time (paragraph 6.4 refers) e.g. due to communications failure between ATS units, the clearance limit shall be the transfer point and the aircraft instructed to request onward clearance from the accepting unit before proceeding beyond that point.

7.8 Weather Information

	ATS units shall keep each other informed of SIGMET information and of weather conditions aerodromes within their respective FIRs whenever such conditions may fall below aircraft ma and consequently may result in diversion or holding for weather improvement.
7.9	Flow control (if applicable)
	Should it become necessary to implement flow control to avoid excessive delays at destination thin their respective FIRs, ATS units shall negotiate and agree a mutually acceptable number of ur. All such agreements shall be terminated at as soon as circumstances tion of normal operations. The decision of the ACC supervisors shall be sufficient authority in
8.	Deviations
8.1 exceptional circ	Deviation from the procedures specified in this Letter of Agreement shall only be permitted in cumstances and not without prior co-ordination on a case-by-case basis.
	Any deviations from these provisions, that arise due to an emergency or are applied to ensure air traffic, shall immediately be notified to the other ATS unit(s) concerned and shall be oon as the circumstances that caused the deviation cease to exist.
9.	Search and Rescue
	Search and Rescue operation within the respective areas of responsibility of and shall be conducted in full compliance with the Standards and Recommended practices indicated the Chicago Convention and the related organization of National Search and Rescue procedure.
10. Autho	orized signatories
For	(Name of Administration.)
Place	
Date	
