



AFI RSOO: The challenge of sustainable resources

RSOO Study Follow-up – Validation Workshop 28-30 April 2025, Kampala, Uganda







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- Legitimacy/credibility
- > Technical personnel
- > Financial resources
- Budgetary model
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RSOO resource challenges







RSOO resource challenges

Development of RSOO Services



Stable expert Staff



Service fees

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Consolidated Budget

- Scarce resources in the region
- Capacity to retain competent staff
- Minimum level of activity to maintain competency
- Tapping in CAA resources is not sustainable, neither for CAA nor for RSOO
- Limited capacity of States to contribute
- Donations is not a sustainable solution
- Volatility of some institutional contributions



Work on alternative solutions





Technical Personnel







Where can RSOO experts come from?



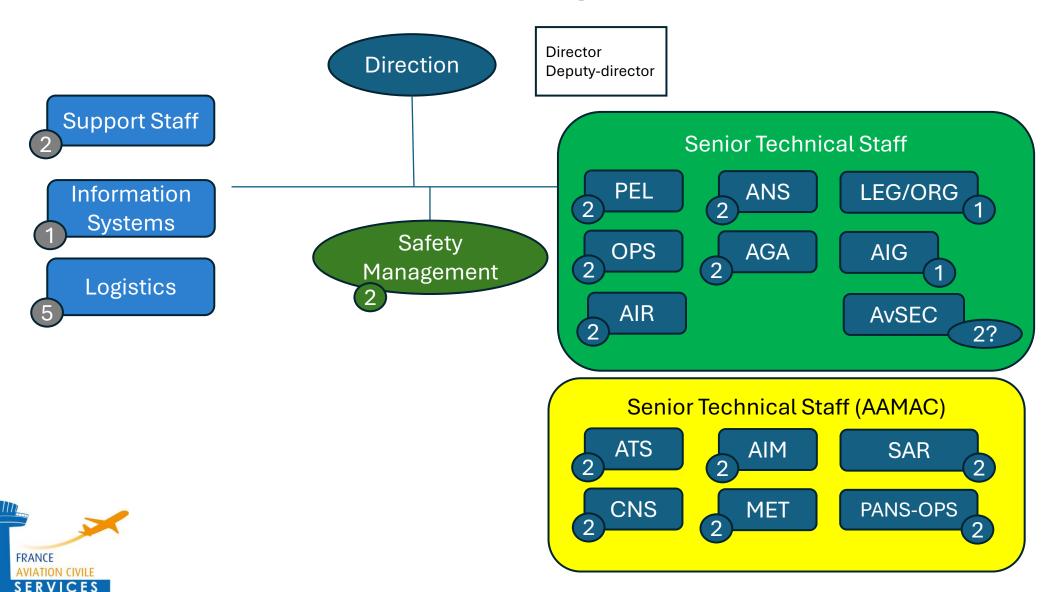
- > Target a minimum level of technical staff per discipline: 2
- Keep a regional scope for secondment
 - Awareness of the regulatory framework
 - Regional experience
- ► Envisage complementary pooling of Resources with Member State CAAs













Basic RSOO staffing



Indicative staff per RSOO

	mulcative start per 1000												
	URSAC/ACSAC	ASSA-AC	BAGASOO	CASSOA	SASO	AAMAC							
Direction	2	2	2	2	2	2							
Support Staff	2	2	2	2	2	2							
Information Systems	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Logistics	5	5	5	5	5	5							
	Senior experts												
Safety Management	2	2	2	2	2								
PEL	2	2	2	2	2								
OPS	2	2	2	2	2								
AIR	2	2	2	2	2								
ANS			2	2	2	12							
AGA	2	2	2	2	2								
LEG/ORG	1	1	1	1	1	1							
AIG	1	1	1	1	1	1							
AvSEC	2			2									
Technical experts	14	12	14	16	14	14							
Total	24	22	24	26	24	24							







Make the RSOO contribute actively to the development of Aviation Safety expertise in its sub-region

- > Develop with Member States a recruitment and training plan for the Sub Region
- Identify common potential recruitment pool
- Organise Internship and continuation training as well as sharing of experience
- Liaise with the regional aviation industry
- **>**







Financial Resources







Identify different potential financial sources





Collection of Contributions and Charges to secure





Financial sources

- States and Regional Economic Community contribution = Institutional contribution
 - According to GDP/capita
 - Member State contribution: Keep a minimum level
 - REC Contribution
- ➤ Air Safety charges
 - ❖ According to number of PAX
- Airport and ATC charges
 - According to number of movements
- Service fees
 - Need first to define a catalogue of services
- Security tax
 - ❖ On PAX
 - If security is part of the scope of the RSOO

Resources from fees and charges

- Strengthen the autonomy of the RSOO
 - * Are linked to the level of air transport activity and the delegation of tasks from States to the RSOO
 - Shift the financial burden or part of the financial burden from States to users and travel costs





Need for a transparent and trusty collecting system

- ➤ Independent from States to avoid cumbersome administrative management,
- With the capacity to gather traffic data,
- Managed at the RSOO sub-regional level,
- With a solid experience in collecting charges to support aviation development,







Need for a transparent and trusty collecting system (Cont'd)

➤ Should follow certain principle/rules:

- The charge is included in the price of the air transport ticket and therefore collected from air carriers;
- The charge is collected for the exclusive benefit of the RSOO and the funds collected are transferred immediately to an account of the RSOO;
- Billing charges on a regional basis allows to denominate and pay charges in a single convertible currency (some RECs have a common currency);
- Be supported by a global entity:
 - capable of counting passengers and aircraft movements;
 - providing assurance of transparency (particularly for the costs of collecting charges);
 - running an effective and centralized system which ensures that the charges are recovered;
- The administrative fee for the collection could be included in the charges.
- Be simple: for example, a single bill per month, in a single currency,
- The amounts collected and the use of the budget should be transparent to airlines. A regular balance sheet should be prepared;
- The right of air carriers and air passengers to be informed of the charge, its rate, the collection scheme and any changes to this system







Budgetary Model





A simple Budgetary Model

Different source of expense

- Human resources and Payroll: salaries and associated charges
- Staff training
- Safety tools
- Surveillance activities
- Workshops, Safety promotion and communication
- International coordination (outside subregion)
- Support to States for ICAO duties
- > Real estate
- ➤ Analytic and prospective studies
- Miscellaneous

Different funding sources

- ➤ Institutional Contribution:
 - State contribution
 - ➤ Community Contribution
- ➤ Air Safety charges
- Airport and Air Navigation services charges
- >RSOO Service fees
 - User fees and charges
 - Revenue from technical support services
- ► Grants and loans



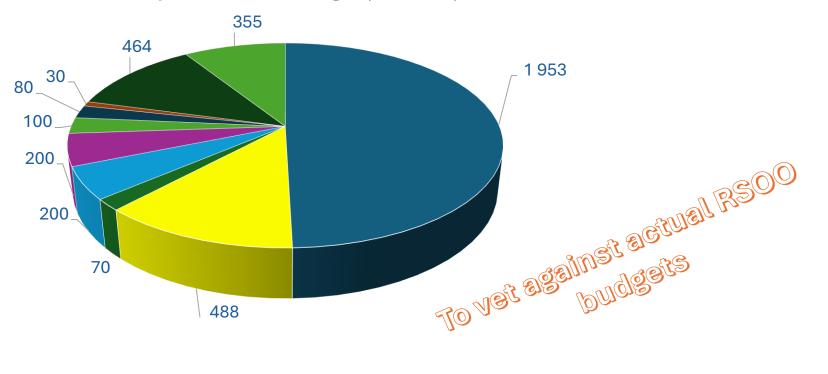






Establishing a budget on the basis of a standard organisational chart

Yearly basic RSOO budget (3 940 K\$)





- Human Resources
- Surveillance activities (add to HR)
- Support to ICAO duties (add to HR)
- Miscellaneous (10%)

- Staff Training
- Safety promotion (add to HR)
- Real Estate

- Safety Tools
- International coordination (extra RSOO)
- Analytic and prospective studies





Revenue Simulation







Assumptions for the simulation

To be consolidated

- ➤ Institutional Contribution: 100 \$ by unit of GDP/capita
 - Minimum level for Member States:
- ➤ Aviation Safety Charge: 0.42 \$ per PAX
- ➤ Airport and ATC Charges: 5 \$ per Movt
- Service fees: 10% of the Regional Safety Oversight activity
- ➤ AIG Cooperative Network: 0.08 \$ per PAX
- Security Tax: not quoted
- ➤ Grants and Loans: not quoted, not sustainable



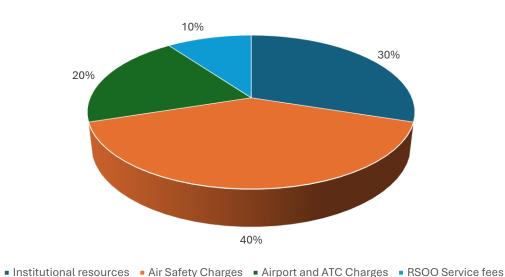


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Minimum RSOO budget income proportions



Financial RSOO Income Simulation



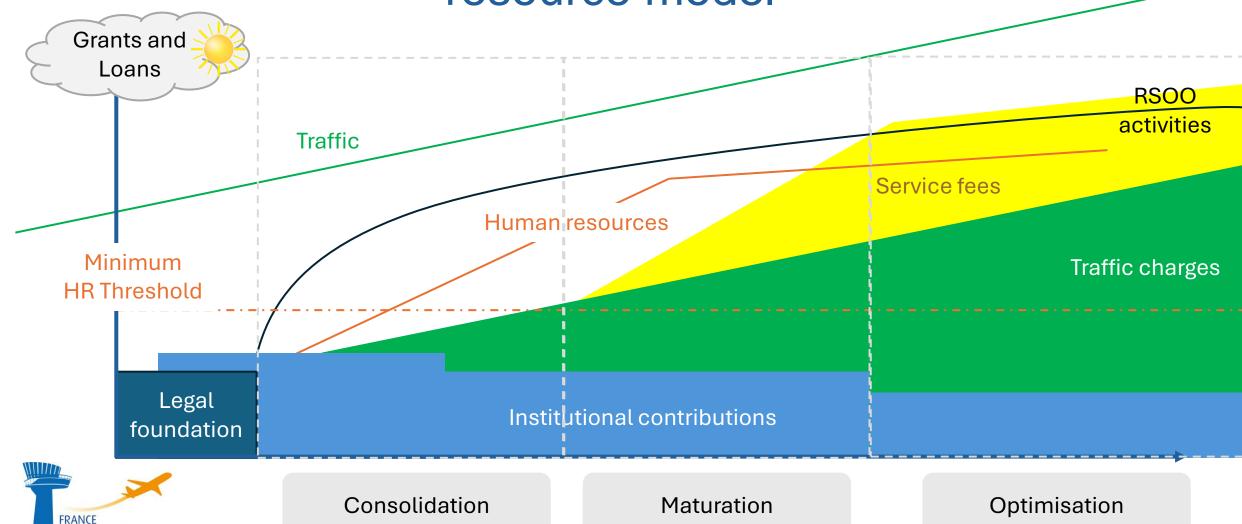
	Budget resources Simulation Results																
		Institutional		Air Safety		Airport and		RSOO Service fees					•	REC	^	State	
	_	Contribution		Charges		C Charges								ontribution	C	contribution	
Rate	\$	100.00	\$	0.42	\$	5.00		10 %	1		1			20 %		10 %	
Unit		GDP/Capita		Pax		Mvts		SO activities		Total		Actual		of Institutiona	l Co	ontribution	Comment
URSAC/ACSAC	\$	935 521	\$	3 145 291	\$	-	\$	155 981	\$	4 236 793	\$	1 304 000	\$	623 680.52	\$	311 840.26	
ASSA-AC	\$	2 135 919	\$	849 862	\$	-	\$	80 074	\$	3 065 855			\$	1 423 945.94	\$	711 972.97	No actual budget
BAGASOO	\$	1 167 427	\$	3 419 114	\$	417 620	\$	446 334	\$	5 450 495	\$	1 200 000	\$	778 284.82	\$	389 142.41	
CASSOA	\$	655 272	\$	3 955 851	\$	22 200	\$	1 571 980	\$	6 205 303	\$	2 479 593	\$	436 848.09	\$	218 424.05	Lack of Mvt data
SASO	\$	5 488 426.51	\$	7 012 769.82	\$	165 550.00	\$	7 812 442.20	\$	20 479 188.53	\$	3 789 000	\$	3 658 951.00	\$	1 829 475.50	
AAMAC		0		0	\$3	3 070 920.00		0	\$	3 070 920.00	\$	2 892 600					

Strengthen independent collecting mechanism













Resources Roadmap







A possible Roadmap for ensuring RSOO Sustainable resources

Consolidation Maturation Optimisation Review and revise RSOO Sustainable Consolidate Financial **Ensure Financial** Financial system including resources resources autonomy charging for services Competent Ensure Minimum level Increase Staff in relation **Adapt Staffing** & sufficient of competent Staff with RSOO activities Staff







Thank you for your attention

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