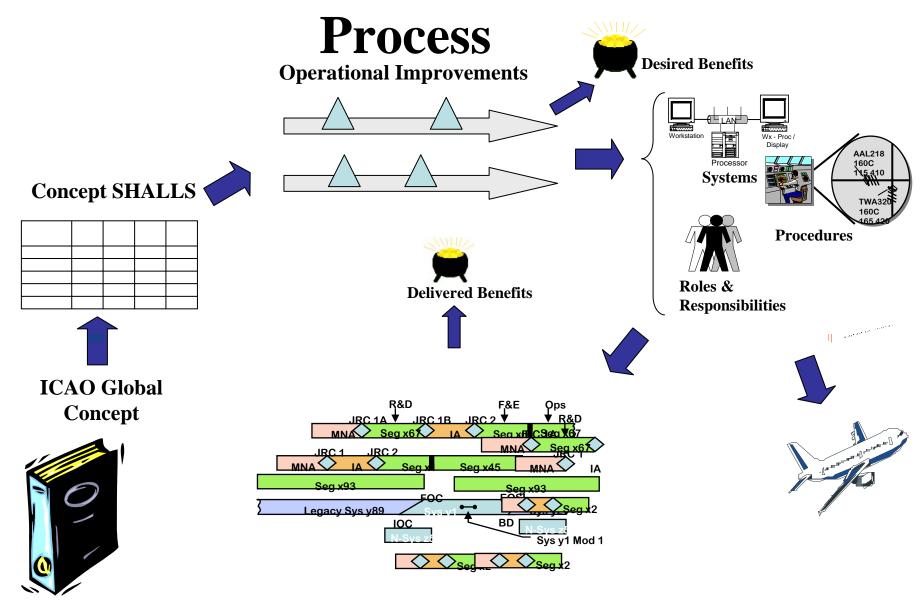
ATM System Requirements Process

Steve Bradford 28 November 2005

ATM System Requirements

- An ATM system requirement is a statement of functionality and/or operating characteristics necessary to fulfil the expectations and deliver the benefits envisioned in the application of the OCD.:
 - Each requirement uses the words shall or will for "base" elements of the OCD.
 - Each requirement uses the word **should** for "desirable" elements of the OCD.

The End-to-End Development



The Relationship

The Global ATM Operational Concept

Presents a vision for an integrated, harmonized, and globally interoperable ATM system planned up to 2025 and beyond.

The Performance-based Transition Guidelines

Address the evolutionary nature of the operational concept.

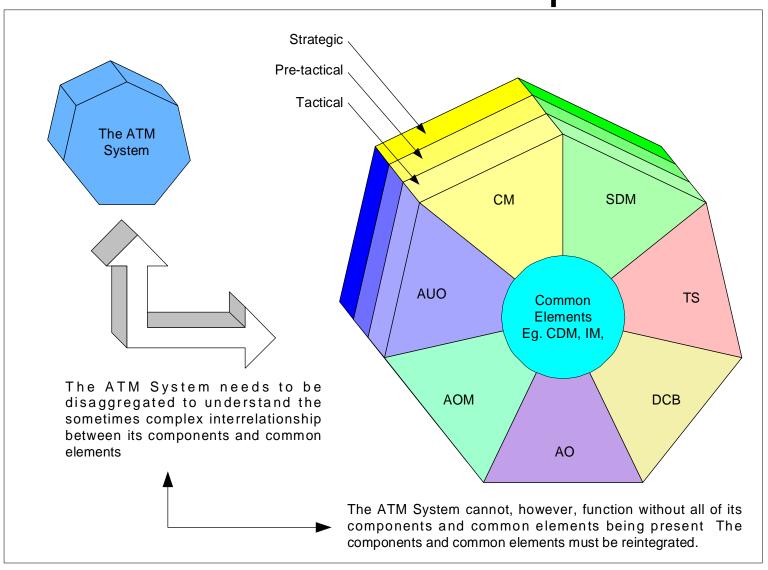
The ATM Performance Manual

 Describes a process for developing performance objectives, metrics, and indicators in the context of overall ATM system behaviour responding to ATM community expectations.

The ATM System Requirements

 Identifies requirements where a significant change to operating practices will be required. The requirement set is not intended to be exhaustive.

Framework for the Requirements



Format of the Requirements Document

- To meet the expectations of the ATM community regarding access and equity, the ATM system shall:
 - Be designed to accommodate all types of airspace user missions and all types of vehicles and associated characteristics [R45, R46]; and
 - Explanatory Text: Any type of user mission will be accommodated, and an appropriate type/level of service will be provided. Different types of mission will- or may have-different planning horizons. The ATM system will accommodate and be able to handle different planning horizons.

Links to the OCD – Appendix 1

| ATM Require- ment Number | Requirement | OCD Reference |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| R01 | Recognize that operation of the ATM system will not compromise the sovereignty of any State | 2.2.2, Appendix A (States) |
| R02 | Establish agreements to ensure that sovereignty of airspace is respected without imposing inefficiencies on ATM airspace management | 2.2.2, Appendix A (States) |
| R03 | Allocate airspace volumes that enable safe and efficient trajectory allocation and modification, from strategic to tactical | 2.2.2 |

Contents

- ATM SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS
 - PERFORMANCE AND EXPECTATIONS
 - INFORMATION MANAGEMENT AND SERVICES
 - SYSTEM DESIGN AND ENGINEERING
 - ATM SYSTEM COMPONENTS

Performance and Expectations

- Safety
- Security
- Cost-Effectiveness
- Access and Equity
- Capacity
- Environment
- Predictability
- Community Participation
- Flexibility
- Efficiency
- Global Interoperability

INFORMATION MANAGEMENT AND SERVICES

- Information Services
- Collaboration

SYSTEM DESIGN AND ENGINEERING

- Interoperability, Seamlessness, and Infrastructure
- Human Design and Automation
- Spectrum
- Aircraft Design

ATM SYSTEM COMPONENTS

- Airspace Organization and Management
- Aerodrome Operations
- Demand and Capacity Balancing
- Traffic Synchronization
- Airspace User Operations
- Conflict Management
- ATM Service Delivery Management

Key Cross Cutting Themes

- Information Management
- Collaborative Decision Making
- Cost-Benefit And Business Case
 - Allocated versus Unallocated Requirements
 - Cost-benefit analysis (CBA)
 - Cost-effectiveness analysis (CEA)
 - Business case evaluation

Information Management

- Managing information and providing information services ensures cohesion and linkages between the ATM components
 - Implement system wide information management
 - Provide a global, common aviation data standard and reference system
 - Provide to the ATM community accredited, qualityassured, and timely information
 - Be capable of collecting and integrating information from diverse sources to produce a complete and accurate view of the ATM system state
 - Make available to the ATM system flight parameters and aircraft performance characteristics

Collaboration

Collaborative Decision Making (CDM)

- Ensure that ATM system design, development, implementation, and operation are determined by CDM, system safety, and system wide business cases
- Ensure that decisions on the evolution of the ATM system are made through CDM with affected ATM community members
- Ensure that the airspace user community participates in CDM
- Ensure mutual exchange of relevant and timely data:
 - to allow CDM on the consequences of airspace user system design changes
- Employ CDM to reconcile information needs and the availability of, or access to, information

Cost-Benefit And Business Case

- Cost-benefit analysis (CBA) gives an indication of the total economic welfare effects of a project by comparing all costs and benefits
- Cost-effectiveness analysis (CEA) differs from a CBA in that it asks a different question; namely, given a particular objective, which is the least costly way of achieving it
- Business case evaluation takes the financial cost-benefit analysis a step further - includes the implementation cost and operating cost savings, which are included in the cost-benefit analysis, but also consequent changes in revenues

Thank You