

THE AERODROM SAFEGUARDING WORKSHOP (Cairo, 4-6 December 2017)

ICAO OVERVIEW

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ICAO Overview

- A specialized agency of the United Nations to manage the administration and governance of the Convention on International Civil Aviation (Chicago Convention).
- ICAO was created to promote the safe and orderly development of international civil aviation throughout the world. It sets standards and regulations necessary for aviation safety, security, efficiency, capacity and environmental protection

The Chicago Convention, since 1944



- Government Signatories
- Agreement on certain principles and arrangements
- Safe and orderly development of international civil aviation
- International air transport services based on equal opportunity and operated soundly and economically.

ICAO Overview - cont'd

- Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation (1944, 52 nations).
- Global set of principles/rules governing international civil aviation.
- One of the world's most widely accepted international treaties.
- 192 member States.
- 19 Annexes covering all aviation disciplines, 5 PANS docs, GM.
- Assembly, Council governing bodies.
- Air Navigation Commission technical arm.
- Secretariat development of provisions, training, implementation, and monitoring.

ICAO Overview - cont'd

- ICAO works with the Convention's 192 Member States and industry groups to reach consensus on international civil aviation Standards and Recommended Practices (SARPs) and policies in support of a safe, efficient, secure, economically sustainable and environmentally responsible civil aviation sector.
- These SARPs and policies are used by ICAO Member States to ensure that their local civil aviation operations and regulations conform to global norms, which in turn permits more than 100,000 daily flights in aviation's global network to operate safely and reliably in every region of the world.



ICAO Overview - cont'd

 In addition to its core work resolving consensus-driven international SARPs and policies among its Member States and industry, and among many other priorities and programmes, ICAO also coordinates assistance and capacity building for States in support of numerous aviation development objectives; produces global plans to coordinate multilateral strategic progress for safety and air navigation; monitors and reports on numerous air transport sector performance metrics; and audits States' civil aviation oversight capabilities in the areas of safety and security



ICAO Strategic Objectives

ICAO has established five comprehensive Strategic Objectives:

- Safety
- Air Navigation Capacity and Efficiency
- Security & Facilitation
- Economic Development of Air Transport
- Environmental Protection

ICAO CAIRO UNITING AVIATION



ICAO Partners

- ➤ ICAO works in close cooperation with other members of the United Nations family such as the World Meteorological Organization (WMO), the International Telecommunication Union (ITU), the Universal Postal Union (UPU), the World Health Organization (WHO), the World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) and the International Maritime Organization (IMO).
- Non-governmental organizations which also participate in ICAO's work include the Airports Council International (ACI), the Civil Air Navigation Services Organization (CANSO), the International Air Transport Association (IATA), the International Business Aviation Council (IBAC), International Coordinating Council of Aerospace Industries Associations (ICCAIA), the International Council of Aircraft Owner and Pilot Associations (IAOPA), the International Federation of Air Line Pilots' Associations (IFALPA) and the International Federation of Air Traffic Controllers' Associations (IFATCA).



