

Flight Plan

- A vision
- Challenges
- GANP
- Update Performance Improvement Area 2 and ICAO Work Programme



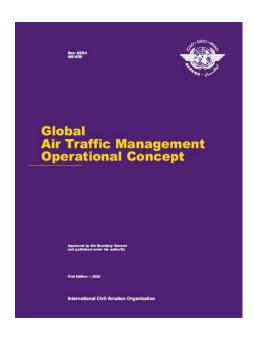
"Do we know where to go?"



9 October 2017

3

"Yes"



To achieve an interoperable global air traffic management system, for all users during all phases of flight, that meets agreed levels of safety, provides for optimum economic operations, is environmentally sustainable and meets national security requirements

Guiding principles

- Safety
- Human
- Technology
- Collaboration
- Continuity
- Information

The ATM community will depend extensively on the provision of timely, relevant, accurate, accredited and quality-assured information to collaborate and make informed decisions. Sharing information on a systemwide basis will allow the ATM community to conduct its business and operations in a safe and efficient manner.



GAP





DRIVERS FOR CHANGE

- Expectations of the ATM community
 - Expected benefits
 - Airspace users
 - Service providers
 - Regulators
 - Total system performance framework
 - Competing expectations to be balanced



Concept components

AOM — Airspace organization and management

DCB — Demand/capacity balancing

AO — Aerodrome operations

TS — Traffic synchronization

CM — Conflict management

AUO — Airspace user operations

ATM SDM — ATM service delivery management

9 October 2017 9



Information: Key for evolution

 Global information utilization, management and interchange enabling...

... the future of the air navigation system

Information Management

- Functions:
 - Provide accredited, quality-assured timely information
 - Monitor and control quality of shared information
 - Provide information-sharing mechanisms
- Meeting expectations ATM community



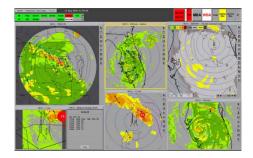
Aeronautical Information

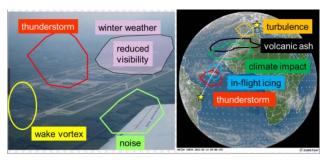
- Temporality and issuance concepts
 - Overload
 - Intelligent IM
- Media
 - Fully electronic
 - Networked environment

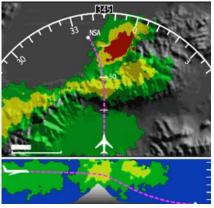


Meteorological information

- Integrated function
- Tailored
 - Meet ATM requirement
- Main benefits
- Performance management
 - Quality Assurance





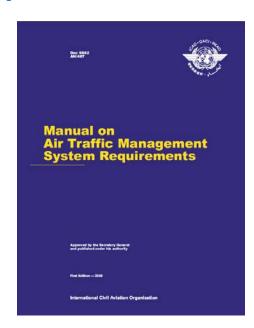


Other services

- Air Defense
- Search and Rescue
- Aviation accident/incident investigation
- Law enforcement
- Regulatory authorities

Information Service Requirements

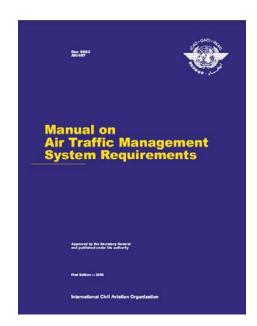
- System-wide information management
- Accredited, quality-assured and timely information
- Nature of information
- Validity period
- Integrated picture
- Aviation data standard and reference system
- Information exchange protocols and procedures
- Collection and integration
- Reduction in transactional friction





Information Service Requirements

- Relevant operational information available
- Optimize flight operations management
- Optimize 4-D trajectory planning and operation
- Status of ATM system resources
- Flight parameters and aircraft performance characteristics
- Access to MET information
- Standards for meteorological model
- Environmental performance targets







Global Air Navigation Planning





GANP 2013

"Increase the capacity and improve the efficiency of the global civil aviation system"

- Through the GANP, offer a long-term vision to assist all aviation stakeholders, and ensure continuity and harmonization among modernization programmes
- Through the **Aviation System Block Upgrades** (**ASBU**), provide a consensus-driven modernization framework for integrated planning based on performance











	MODULE CAPABILITY	REALIZED OPERATIONAL CONCEPT	TARGET PERFORMANCE BENEFIT
APTA	Airport accessibility		
WAKE	Wake turbulence separation		
RSEQ	Runway sequencing	FULL	AIRPORT OPERATIONS
SURF	Surface operations	AMAN/DMAN/SMAN	AIRPURT UPERATIONS
ACDM	Airport collaborative decision-making		
RATS	Remote ATS		
FICE	FF-ICE FF-ICE		
DATM	Digital ATM information		INTEROPERABIE
SWIM	System-wide information management	FULL FF-ICE	INTEROPERABLE SYSTEMS & DATA
AMET	Advanced MET information		
FRTO NO PS	Free-route operations		
ASUR	Network operations After native surveil is not		
ASEP	Airborne separation	COMPLEXITY	CLOPALLY
OPFL	Optimum flight Levels	MANAGEMENT	GLOBALLY COLLABORATIVE ATM
ACAS	Airborne collision avoidance systems		
SNET	Safety nets		
CDO	Continuous descent operations		
TBO	Trajectory-based operations	FULL	EEEICIENT
000	Continuous climb operations	TRAJECTORY-BASED OPERATIONS	EFFICIENT FLIGHT PATHS
RPAS	Remotely piloted aircraft systems		



GLOBALLY INTEROPERABLE SYSTEMS AND DATA (SWIM)

GLOBALLY INTEROPERABLE SYSTEMS AND DATA (SWIM)



BLOCK 0

B0-FICE B0-DATM B0-AMET

BLOCK 1

B1-FICE B1-DATM B1-AMET B1-SWIM

BLOCK 2

B2-FICE

B2-SWIM

BLOCK 3

B3-FICE

B3-AMET



FICE Block 0 and Block 1

BO-FICE

Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through Ground-Ground Integration

Supports the coordination of ground-ground data communication between

Desired
Trajectory

Agreed
Trajectory

ADEP
Actual flown trajectory
State / FIR Boundary

ATSUs, based on ATS Inter-facility Data Communication (AIDC).

B1-FICE

Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity though FF-ICE, Step 1 application before Departure

Introduction of FF-ICE step 1, to implement

ground-ground exchanges before departure using common flight information reference model, FIXM, XML and the flight object used.

New Flight Information Mechanism



DATM Block 0 and Block 1

BO-DATM

Service Improvement through Digital Aeronautical Information Management Initial introduction of digital processing and management of information, by the

implementation of AIS/AIM making use of AIXM, moving to electronic AIP and better quality and availability of data.

B1-DATM

all Digital ATM Information Increase in information integration and support on a new concept of ATM information convergence, re-use, and collaborative exchange fostering access via

Service Improvement through Integration of internet-protocol-based tools Exchange models such as AIXM, FIXM, WXXM and others relate their concepts to the AIRM fostering alignment.



AMET Block 0 and Block 1

BO-AMET

Meteorological information supporting enhanced operational efficiency and safety

Meteorological information provided in support of flexible airspace management.

- Element 1: WAFS
- Element 2: IAVW
- Element 3: Tropical cyclone watch
- Element 4: Aerodrome warnings
- Element 5: Wind shear warnings and alerts
- Element 6: SIGMET and other operational meteorological (OPMET) information

B1-AMET

Enhanced Operational Decisions through Integrated Meteorological Information (Planning and Near-term Service)

Meteorological information supporting automated decision process or aids, involving.

- Element 1: Meteorological information
- Element 2: Meteorological information translation
- Element 3: ATM impact conversion
- Element 4: Meteorological information integrated decision support



SWIM Block 1



B1-SWIM

Performance Improvement through the application of System-Wide Information Management (SWIM)

Implementation of SWIM services (applications and infrastructure) creating the aviation intranet based on standard data

models, and internet-based protocols to maximize interoperability.

- Applications of SWIM on the ground
- Air ground data exchanges will remain based on point-to-point communication



GANP 2016

Objectives

- International and overarching framework of a global investment plan: make it more usable towards implementation
- Keep it **stable** while making the necessary updates/additions
- Adjust the **periodicity** to the Assembly and ICAO editing cycles

A Planning Document for Implementation

 GANP should serve as a comprehensive planning tool to support the development and implementation of a harmonized global air navigation system



CAPACITY & EFFICIENCY

2016–2030 Global Air Navigation Plan

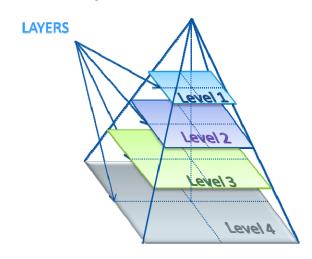


9 October 2017 26



2019 Update of the GANP

Multilayer Structure







STRATEGIC APPROACH

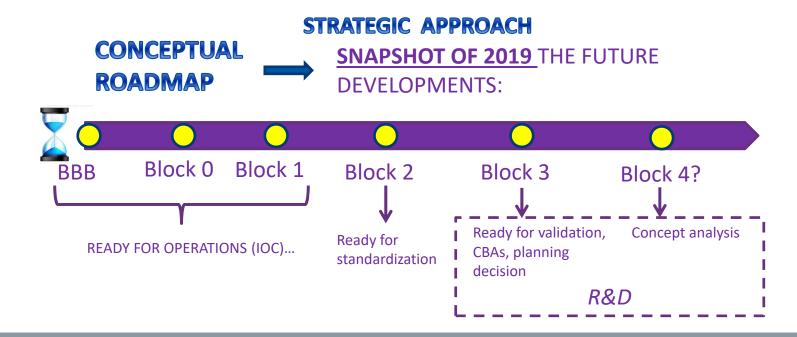




STRATEGIC APPROACH



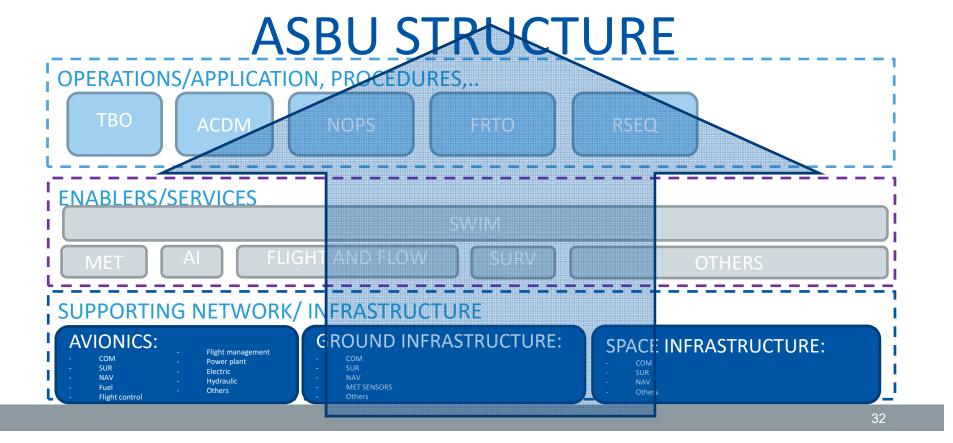






STRATEGIC APPROACH CONCEPTUAL ROADMAP





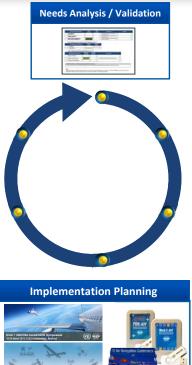
Key concepts

- **ASBU Block**: a six year timeframe whose starting date defines a deadline for an element to be available for implementation.
- **ASBU Thread**: key feature area of the air navigation system that needs improvement in order to achieve the vision outlined in the Global ATM Operational Concept.
- **ASBU Module**: a group of elements from a thread that, according to the enablers' roadmap, will be available for implementation within the defined deadline established by the ASBU Block.
- **ASBU Element**: a specific change in operations designed to improve the performance of the air navigation system under specified operational conditions.
- **ASBU Enabler**: component (standards, procedures, training, technology, etc) required to implement an element.













9 October 2017 34

Training & Guidance



AMET: MET INFORMATION

- Enabler
 - For operational threads and also the Network/Infrastructure threads
- Challenge
 - To ensure that all the ASBU threads and related elements are able to fully articulate the MET information requirements in the future
- MET information vs. existing products
 - Information = phenomenon/parameter and data characteristics such as severity, accumulation, intensity, probability of occurrence, confidence/ uncertainty of forecasts and reliability, etc.

AMET: Evolution & ICAO provisions

- Evolution driven by the transition to the SWIM environment and by the need for more interoperability allowing integration of MET information in ATM systems
- Basic Building Block (BBB): baseline
- Block 0: 2013
 - Existing information products
 - → Annex 3 (Amdt 77 incl.) + Amdt 78
- Block 1: 2019
 - → Transition towards an information-centric environment »»» MET information
 - → Amdts 79+ and PANS-MET



DATM: Aeronautical Information

- Enabler
 - For operational threads and also the Network/Infrastructure threads
- Challenge
 - To ensure that all the ASBU threads and related elements are able to fully articulate the AI requirements in the future
- Digital vs. Paper documentation & telex-based text messages. Quality management
 - Through aeronautical information service (AIS) to aeronautical information management (AIM) implementation, use of aeronautical information exchange model (AIXM), migration to electronic aeronautical information publication (eAIP) and better quality and availability of aeronautical data.
- Cross-domain information exchange
- Access via internet-protocol-based tools

DATM: Evolution & ICAO provisions

- Evolution driven by the transition to the SWIM environment and by the need for for system interoperability allowing for the integration of aeronautical information into ATM systems
- Basic Building Block (BBB): baseline
- Block 0: 2013
 - → Existing information products
- Block 1: 2019
 - → Information data sets
 - → Amdt 40 to Annex 15 and new! PANS-AIM



FICE: FLIGHT & FLOW INFORMATION

- Enabler
 - For operational threads and also the Network/Infrastructure threads
- Challenge
 - To clarify the evolution of flight information exchange, the new capabilities as well as to ensure that all the ASBU threads and related elements articulate the F&F information requirements in the future
- Manual vs. digital transfer of flight data. TBO foundation.
 - Implement pre-flight collaborative coordination and maintenance of advanced flight information: improved response to operators flight preferences.

FICE: Evolution & ICAO provisions

- Evolution driven by the need to establish the foundation for TBO and codependent on the transition to SWIM environment
- Basic Building Block (BBB): baseline
- Block 0: 2013
 - → Digital transfer of flight information
 - → Annex 10 Volume II
 - → Doc 4444 PANS ATM
 - → Doc 9694 Manual on Air Traffic Services Data Link Applications
- Block 1: 2019
 - → Advanced exchange of flight information
 - → FF-ICE/1 SARPs and PANS
 - → Updated Doc 9965 Manual on Flight and Flow- Information for a Collaborative Environment (FF-ICAE)



SWIM: INFORMATION MANGEMENT

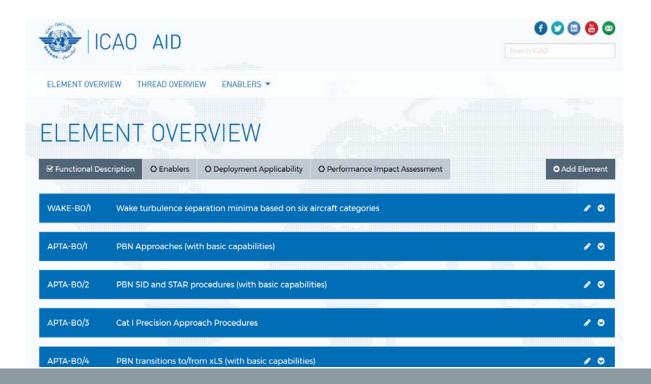
- Enabler
 - For operational threads and also the Network/Infrastructure threads
- Challenge
 - To ensure that all the ASBU threads and related elements are able to fully articulate the SWIM requirements in the future and reflect the envisaged system requirements
- ATS messages vs. SWIM.
 - Enabler for all envisioned ATM information exchange in support of ATM operations

SWIM: Evolution & ICAO provisions

- Evolution driven by the need to provide a flexible platform for information services to meet operational needs
- Basic Building Block (BBB)
 - → Point-to-point connectivity and protocols using pre-defined messages
- Block 0: 2013
- Block 1: 2019
 - → Advanced exchange of ATM information via a secure aviation intranet
 - → Initial SWIM SARPs and PANS
 - → Updated Doc 10039 SWIM Manual, Vol. 1 and 2
 - → Including operational scenarios and use cases
 - → Air Traffic Management Information Reference Model (AIRM).
 - → Including guidance material

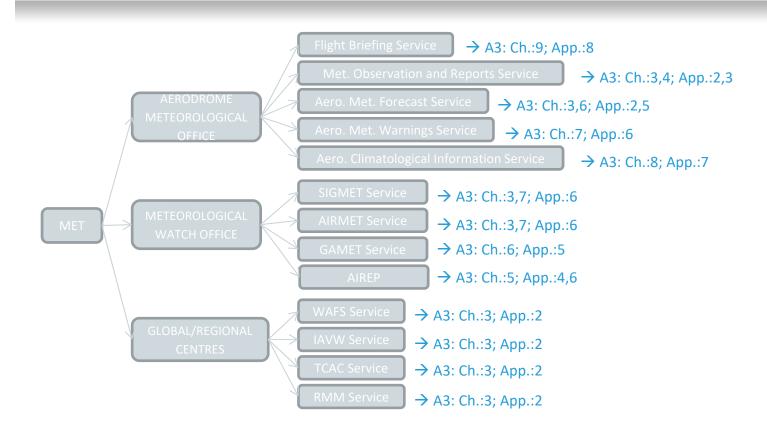


iAID

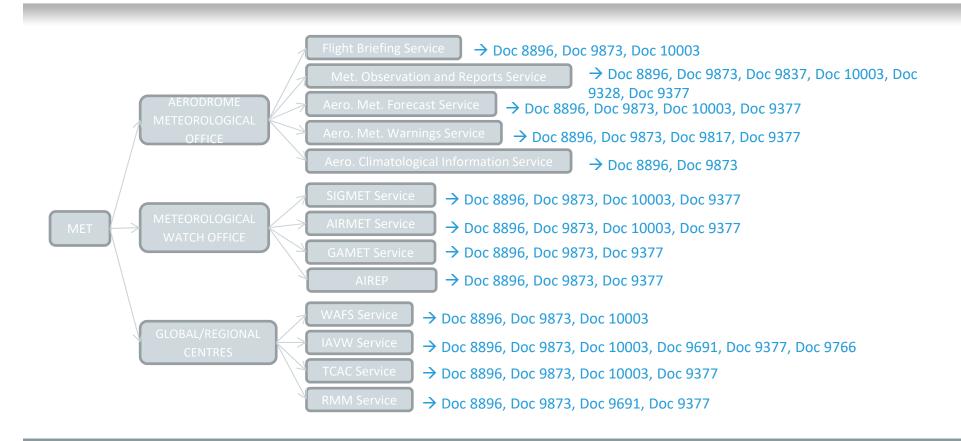








ICAO UNITING AVIATION



- Concept of operations
 - Global, regional and local meteorological information to support flexible airspace management, improved situational awareness, collaborative decision-making and dynamically optimized flight trajectory planning.

Elements

- AMET-B0/1 Meteorological observation products
- AMET-B0/2 Meteorological forecast products
- AMET-B0/3 Meteorological advisory and warning products
- AMET-B0/4 Climatological and historical meteorological products
- AMET-B0/5 Dissemination of meteorological products

- New capabilities
 - Provision of additional observations. More automated.
 - Higher temporal and spatial resolution for lightning, radar and satellite information
 - Greater resolution (spatial and temporal) of gridded WAFS information. ICE, TURB, CB WAFS
 - Improved visualization of meteorological forecast products and advisory and warning products
 - VAA extended period forecasts. Increased VAAC domain
 - Commencement of the exchange of meteorological information using the ICAO Meteorological Information Exchange Model (IWXXM), being the conversion of Traditional Alphanumeric Code (TAC), using an IWXXM schema, into XML/GML.

- Concept of operations
 - Meteorological information supporting automated decision process or aids, involving meteorological information, meteorological information translation, ATM impact conversion and ATM decision support.
- Elements

AMET-B1/1 Meteorological observation information

AMET-B1/2 Meteorological forecast information

AMET-B1/3 Climatological and historical meteorological information

AMET-B1/4 Meteorological information in SWIM



New capabilities

- Commencement of change from product-centric to data-centric information (parameters and phenomena, and their associated characteristics).
- Space weather information. Sulphur dioxide (SO2) services. Enhanced hazardous weather services.
- Climatological data. Climate change information.
- Meteorological information in ICAO Meteorological Information Exchange Model (IWXXM) form starts to replace traditional alphanumeric code (TAC) products.
 Human-readable products will start to be derived from the IWXXM information (rather than the other way around). The introduction of web services allows for progressive replacement of fixed line dissemination systems.



DATM Block 0

Concept of operations

Aeronautical information which encompass improved data quality (accuracy, resolution, integrity, timeliness, traceability, completeness, format), timely distribution of information, digital exchange and processing of information, and more efficient management of aeronautical information to avoid reliance on manual processing and manipulation. Quality-assured aeronautical information is essential.

Elements

- DATM-B0/1 Provision of quality-assured aeronautical data and information
- DATM-B0/2 Provision of digital AIP data sets
- DATM-B0/3 Provision of digital terrain data sets
- DATM-B0/4 Provision of digital obstacle data sets
- DATM-B0/5 Provision of digital instrument flight procedure data sets
- DATM-B0/6 Provision of digital aerodrome mapping data sets
- DATM-B0/7 NOTAMs improvement

DATM Block 0

- New capabilities
 - Ensure that aeronautical data and information comply with the required standards.
 - Use of common reference systems
 - Automated data-centric environment
 - High quality
 - Provision of digital data sets:
 - AIP
 - Terrain data
 - Obstacle data
 - · Aerodrome mapping data
 - · Instrument flight procedure data
 - NOTAM digital version

DATM Block 1

- Concept of operations
 - This module addresses the need for increased aeronautical information integration and will support a new concept of ATM information exchange fostering access via internet-protocolbased tools based on service orientation in accordance with the SWIM concept.
 Additional aeronautical information may be required.
- Elements
 - DATM-B1/1 AIM requirements to support NOPS-B1/5
- New capabilities
 - Airspace usage plan (AUP) and User usage plan (UUP) are exchanged using SWIM.

FICE Block 1

Concept of operations

 Establish foundation for TBO by enabling exchange of advanced flight information between operators and ATM and unique identification of the flight. Implement pre-flight collaborative coordination and maintenance of advanced flight information: improved response to operators flight preferences. Capacity and demand balancing improvement (better capacity utilization) due to timely and accurate flight information.

Elements

- FICE-B1/1 Flight Information Exchange Model (FIXM)
- FICE-B1/2 eFPL processing
- FICE-B1/3 Planning Service
- FICE-B1/4 Flight Plan Information Requests

FICE Block 0

- Concept of operations
 - To improve coordination between air traffic service units (ATSUs) by using ATS basic interfacility flight data communication. The benefit is the improved efficiency through digital transfer of flight data.
- Elements
 - FICE-B0/1 Automated basic Inter facility data exchange
- New capabilities
 - Replacement of coordination via voice by automatic message exchange

FICE Block 1

New capabilities

- Globally Unique Flight Identifier (GUFI). ATS messages. New content envisioned. I.e. 4D
 Trajectories
- Messaging, such as addresses, versioning, message numbers which supports FIXM in the FFICE and SWIM environment
- Acceptance of any valid Filed Flight Plan by any ATM Service Provider (ASP) implementing FF-ICE
- Determine relevant constraints applicable to a flight and feed them back to the operator.
 Support Preliminary Flight Plans.
- Support flight plan information requests that replicate the function of the RQP and RQS messages. Allow to request and FF-ICE flight plan

SWIM Block 1

Concept of operations

System Wide Information Management replaces the current point-to-point technologies by a secure aviation intranet relying on internet technologies for providing information (exchange) services to the entire ATM community. In order to facilitate information exchange through standardised SWIM information services via, for example, request/reply or publish/subscribe exchange patterns, common data models and service descriptions are defined and appropriate governance rules are established. This thread is not in itself an operational improvement but rather a fundamental enabler to support all ATM improvements that require information to be made available.



SWIM Block 1

Elements

SWIM-B1/1
 SWIM information service provider

SWIM-B1/2
 SWIM information service consumer

SWIM-B1/3SWIM registry

New Capability

- Exposure of services
- Discovery of services
- User access control