Aviation System Block Upgrade (ASBU)

GANP 6th Edition (2019)

Abbas NIKNEJAD

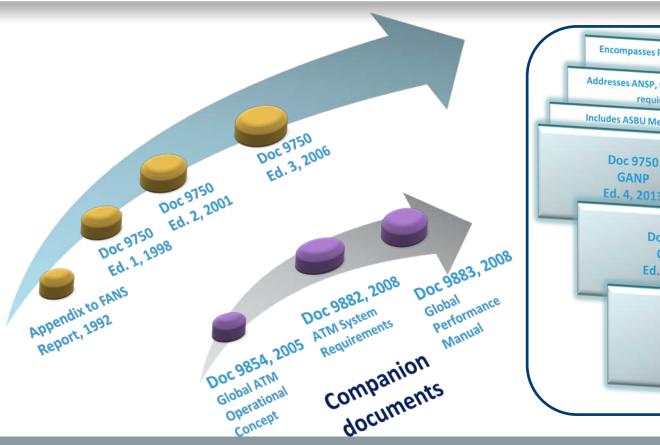
Regional Officer, Air Navigation Systems Implementation ICAO EUR/NAT Office

AIM SG/6
(Cairo, Egypt, 21-23 January 2020)





GANP history







Global Air Navigation Plan

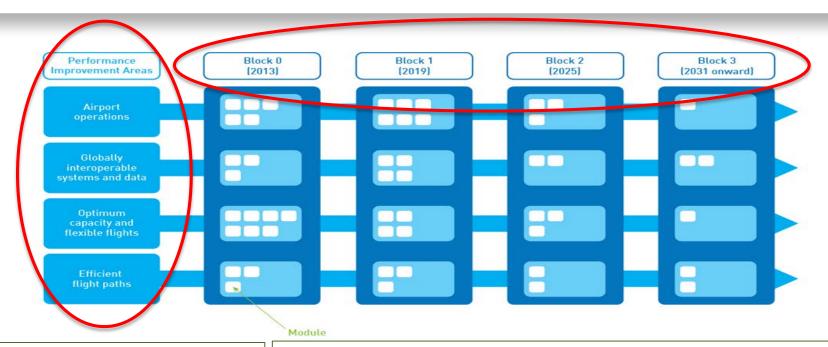


What is the GANP?

- Supports a harmonized global Air Navigation System
- It is an overarching framework
- Addresses key civil aviation policy principles
- Assists ICAO Regions and States to establish air navigation priorities for the next 15 years
- Assists ICAO Regions and States to prepare their navigation plans



ASBU Framework

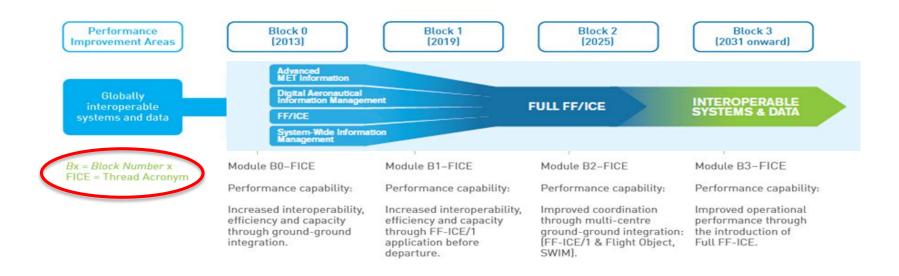


Block — is made up of modules that, when combined, enable significant improvements and benefits (within a defined time frame).

Module — a deployable package based on performance or capability. It offers a clear operational benefit, supported by procedures, technology, regulation/standards as necessary, and a business case. A module will be also characterized by the operating environment within which it may be applied.



ASBU Threads



ASBU Thread: key feature area of the air navigation system that needs to be improved in order to achieve the vision outlined in the Global ATM Operational Concept.

6th Edition of the GANP

Main Goals of GANP 2019

Evolution of the global air navigation system

Promote investment in innovation through research and development activities AND
 Align Regional Research and Development Programmes

Support implementation → GLOBAL TECHNICAL LEVEL

- Ensure the pillars of a robust air navigation system BBBs
- Facilitate a transformational change ASBU framework
- Optimize allocation and use of resources for air navigation Performance-based decision making method



Contribution of the Global Events to GANP 2019



Symposiums: GANIS/SANIS

December 2017



13th Air Navigation Conference

October 2018



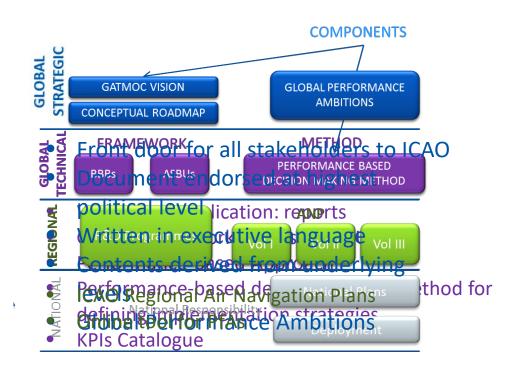
40th Session General Assembly

September 2019

Industry technical input

State technical input

Decisions





UNITING AVIATION

A- Global Strategic Level

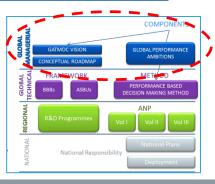
SUMM	IARY OF THE GANP PERFORMANCE AMBITIONS "A high performing system by 2040 and beyond"			
KPA	A mgn performing system by 2040 and beyond Ambition			
ACCESS AND EQUITY	No aviation community member excluded or treated unfairly.			
	Nominal capacity easily scalable with demand.			
CAPACITY	Disruptive events do not interrupt service provision and do not significantly affect the performance of the system.			
COST-EFFECTIVENESS	No increase of total direct ANS cost while maintaining the safety and quality service.			
	Significant increase of ANS productivity, irrespective of demand.			
EFFICIENCY	Reduction of the gap between the flight efficiency achieved and the desired optimum trajectory of airspace users.			
ENVIRONMENT	ANS-induced inefficiencies to be progressively removed to contribute to the global ICAO aspirational goals for CO ₂ emissions.			
	To benefit from achieved flight efficiency gains.			
FLEXIBILITY	To absorb required changes to individual business and operational trajectories.			
INTEROPERABILITY	Essential at an operational and technical level.			
PARTICIPATION BY THE ATM COMMUNITY	The above of the second of the			
PREDICTABILITY	No increase in ANS delivery variability including asset availability.			
SAFETY	Zero ANS-related accidents and a significant (50%) reduction of ANS-related serious incidents.			
SECURITY	Zero significant disruptions due to cyber incidents			

GATMOC Vision (Global ATM Operational Concept – DOC 9854)

To achieve an interoperable global air traffic management system, for all users during all phases of flight, that meets agreed levels of safety, provides for optimum economic operations, is environmentally sustainable and meets national security requirements.

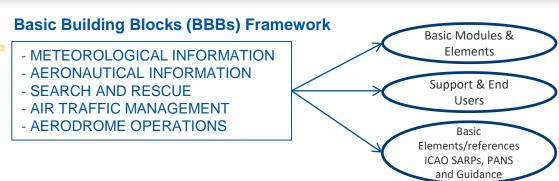
GANP Vision

The GANP vision reflects the ultimate objectives of the air navigation system as well as the emerging challenges and opportunities stemming from aviation and technological trends. The evolution driven by this vision will yield a high-performing global air navigation system that meets the ever-growing expectations of society.



B- Global Technical Level

1



2

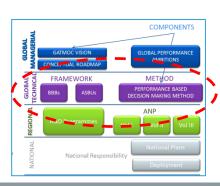
Performance-based Decision Making



Principles:

- Strong focus on desired/required results
- Reliance on facts and data for decision making
- · Collaborative justified decision-making





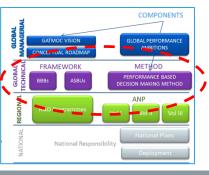
	В0	B1	B2	В3	В4
ACAS		Х	Х		
Airborne Collision avoidance System	Х		Х		
ACDM	Х	X	Х	Х	
Airport Collaborative Decision Making	Х	Х			
AMET	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Advance MET Information	Х	Х		Х	
APTA	Х	Х	Х		
Airport Accessibility	Х	Х			
ASEP					
Airborne Separation	Х	Х	Х		
ASUR	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Alternative Surveillance	Х				
CCO					
Continuous Climb	Х				
Operation	^				
CDO					
Continuous Descent Operation	Х	Х	Х		
сомі	Х	Х	Х	Х	
COM Infrastructure					
COMS	Х	Х	Х	Х	
COM					
Services/systems CSEP		Х	Х	Х	Х
Cooperative		X	X	A	X
Separation					
DAIM		Х	Х		
Digital Aeronautical Information	Х	Х			
Management					
FICE	Х		Х	Х	Х
Flight & Flow in Collaborative	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Environment					

	В0	B1	В2	В3	В4
FRTO	Х	Х	Х		
Free Route Operations	Х	Х			
GADS		Х	Х		
Global Aeronautical Distress and Safety System (GADSS)					
NAVS	Х	Х	Х		
Navigation Systems					
NOPS	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Network Operations	Х	Х	Х	Х	
OPFL	Х	Х			
Optimum Flight Levels	Χ				
RATS		Х			
Remote ATS		Χ			
RPAS					
Remotely Piloted Aircraft System		Х	Х	Х	
RSEQ	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Runway Sequencing	Х	Х	Х	Х	
SNET	Х	Х			
Ground-based Safety Nets	Х	Х			
SURF	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Surface Operations	Χ	Х	Х		
SWIM			Х	Х	
System-Wide Information Management		Х	Х		
ТВО	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Trajectory-based Operations	Х	Х		Х	
WAKE			Х	Х	Х
Wake Turbulence Separations		Х	Х	Х	

B- Global Technical Level



Green: 2019 Blue: 2016



C- Regional Level D- National Level

Regional Level



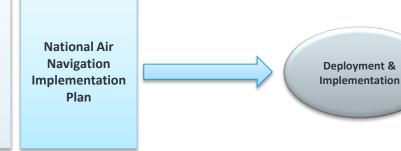


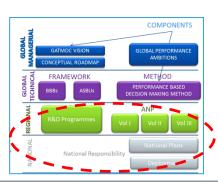




National Level

National ASBU Implementation Plan

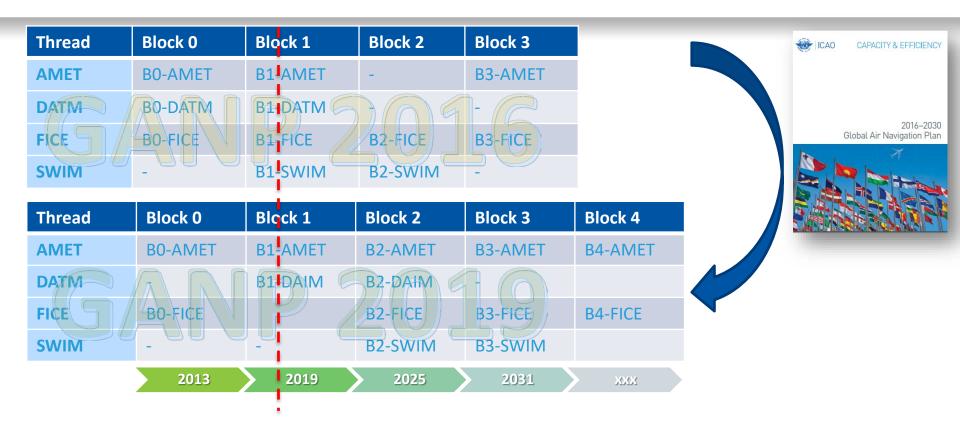




DAIM in the new GANP



PIA2 Schematic Diagram



ICAO UNITING AVIATION

DAIM

B0-DAIM (GANP 2019)

NIL

<u>B0-DATM</u> (GANP 2016)

- 1. WGS-84
- 2. QMS
- 3. AILAC
- 4. AIXIVAIS
 Database
- 5. eA/P
- 6. Terrain & Obstacle Datasets (area 1 & 4)

B1-DAIM (GANP 2019)

- Quality-assured aeronautical information (WGS-84, WGS-84, AIRAC, Automation, SLA)
- 2. Digital Datasets:
 - AIP datasets
 - Terrain datasets
 - Obstacle datasets
 - Aerodrome mapping
 - IFP datasets
- 3. NOTAM improvements

B2-DAIM (GANP 2019)

- 1. Dissemination of AI in SWIM environment
- 2. AIM data requirements to support network operation
- AIM information requirements to support high airspace operation
- 4. AIM information requirements tailored to UTM
- 5. NOTAM replacement

B3-DAIM (GANP 2019)

NIL

B4-DAIM (GANP 2019)

NIL

Exhaustive list of B1-DAIM Elements (GANP 2019)

- QMS
- Formal arrangement with data originators
- WGS-84 (horizontal and vertical)
- AIRAC adherence
- AIS Automation (Full move to automated data-centric environment: management, processing, verification, usage and exchange can be done in a structured, automatic manner and human intervention is reduced)
- AIP Datasets
- Terrain Datasets (area 1, area 2a/TKOF flight path area and area 4 for CAT II/III)
- Obstacle Datasets (area 1, area 2a/TKOF flight path area and area 4 for CAT II/III)
- Aerodrome mapping datasets (for international aerodromes)
- Instrument Flight Procedure Datasets
- NOTAM in digital format (e.g. AIXM) initial implementation

More Information:

(GANP Portal)

https://www4.icao.int/ganpportal



