

# Integration of Safety & Training Data

TRAINING IS #1 SAFETY INITIATIVE AT ANY ORGANIZATION

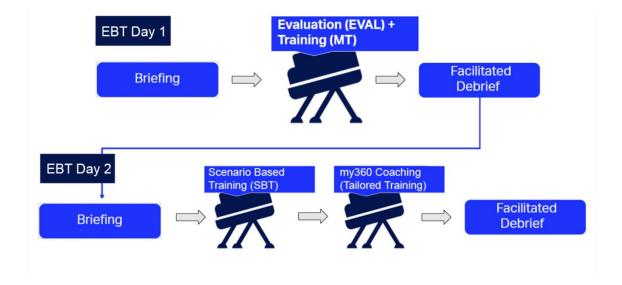
Data is essential to safely manage large, complex and/or dynamic organizations

#### **EBT** at Etihad Airways



#### **Quick Facts**

- Mixed EBT model along with a fully electronic grading system was first implemented in November 2015;
- 54,000+ EBT FFS sessions conducted throughout 13 EBT Semesters on 6 different fleets;
- In partnership with GCAA, Etihad received Baseline EBT approval in 2022;
- All TRE's fully standardized for the conduct of EBT Days 1 &2;
- All Safety Investigators are fully trained on the use of the EBT Competency Matrix and Observable Behaviors for Safety Investigations.



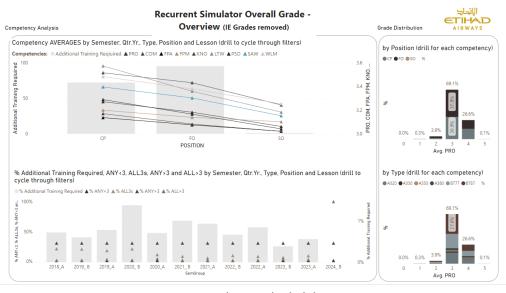
#### **EBT** at Etihad Airways

#### **EBT Principles**

- 1. Competency-Based Training framework to train the Crew:
  - Anticipate 'Threats'
  - To handle 'unforeseeable events' by focusing on the underlying competencies and performance indicators, rather than on specific events;
  - For 'Resilience'
- 2. Focused on specific training needs through data-driven insights and targeted interventions:
  - a. Industry data;
  - b. Airline data;
  - c. Individual data.



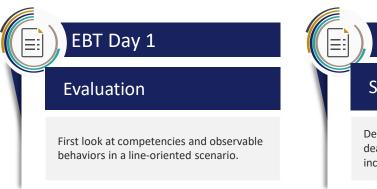
#### Data Driven Approach – Inner Loop



Requires accurate route cause analysis and reliability.



#### Training Performance Data Sources – Inner Loop







- Scores utilized for failures, development programs and grading
- Previous EBT module records to see gaps in graded competencies

PRO	COM	FPA	FPM	KNO	LTW	PSD	SAW	WLM	AVE in session	OVERALL ASSESSMENT
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3.0	COMPETENT
2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2.8	COMPETENT
3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2.7	COMPETENT
3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2.8	COMPETENT
1	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2.6	Additional Training Required

#### Safety Events Data Source – Inner Loop

#### Competencies Wordmap





#### Flight Safety Events

#### FS Investigations

- All Flight Safety Investigators trained to assess observable behaviors that formed the causal factor for the event using Root Cause Analysis
- · Scores assigned for minor, moderate or significant safety events
- This recorded data is fed back to training for tailored coaching and future program development



Adheres to standard radiotelephone phraseology and procedures sites the accuracy of information and checks for gross errors

Demonstrates the required knowledge of published operating instruc Demonstrates the required knowledge of published operating instructions = a 67 a · · · de transitions Controls the aircraft manually with accuracy and smoothness as appropriate to the situation

Conveys message clearly, accurately, timely and concisely

Manages time efficiently when carrying out tasks

Monitors and assesses the state of the aeroplane and its systems

Persevers in working through problems whilst prioritising safety Monitors and detects deviations from the intended flight path and takes appropriate action Engages others in planning 

Exercises self-control in all situations 

Demonstrates practical and applicable knowledge of limitations and sy Operates aircraft systems and associated equipment correctly selects appropriately what, when, how and with whom to Applies relevant operating instructions, procedures and techniques in a timely manner Applies appropriate and timely decision-making techniques Monitors, reviews and cross-checks actions conscientiously

Listens actively and demonstrates understanding when receiving informatic

Manages and recovers from interruptions, distractions, variations and failures effectively while performing tasks

Demonstrates initiative and models disections. Seeks and accepts assistance, when appropriate Effectively monitors flight guidance systems including engagement and automatic mode transitions Seeds and such passages assumes, men upon grant and such passages and passag Develops effective contingency plans for threats, associated risks, and potential errors

⊟ (	CM1										
	Monitors, and assesses the aeroplane's energy state, and its anticipated flight path	34	1.97%	5	0.29%			18	1.04%	47	2.72%
	Follows SOPs unless a higher degree of safety dictates an appropriate deviation	36	2.09%	8	0.46%			9	0.52%	43	2.49%
	Operates aircraft systems and associated equipment correctly	11	0.64%	4	0.23%			10	0.58%	33	1.91%
	Applies relevant operating instructions, procedures and techniques in a timely manner	18	1.04%					2	0.12%	33	1.91%
	Confidently says and does what is important for safety, resolving deviations identified while monitoring using appropriate escalation of communication	19	1.10%	1	0.06%			2	0.12%	11	0.64%
	Controls the aircraft manually with accuracy and smoothness as appropriate to the situation	6	0.35%					4	0.23%	23	1.33%
	Monitors and detects deviations from the intended flight path and takes appropriate action	18	1.04%	2	0.12%			3	0.17%	7	0.41%
	Exercises self-control in all situations	8	0.46%	2	0.12%			9	0.52%	9	0.52%
	Monitors and assesses the state of the aeroplane and its systems	11	0.64%					8	0.46%	9	0.52%
	Engages others in planning	6	0.35%					1	0.06%	16	0.93%
	Responds to indications of reduced situation awareness	2	0.12%	1	0.06%			1	0.06%	19	1.10%
	Monitors aircraft systems status	7	0.41%	1	0.06%			3	0.17%	11	0.64%
	Monitors, and accorde the general environment as it may affect the eneration	6	0.25%	2	0.179	2	0.129	1	0.069	Q	0.529

### Line Operations Data Sources – Inner Loop

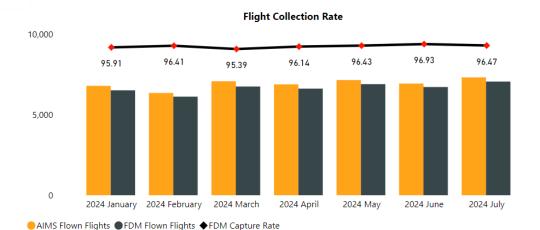




#### **FDM Monitoring**

FDM data is fed back to training for tailored coaching and development of future programs. E.g.

- Landing Performance Monitoring
- Unstable Approaches
- Altitude Busts
- Deviations from cleared flight path









## Training Performance

- ☑ Previous EBT modules
- ☑ Day 1 EVAL
- ☑ Day 2 SBT
- ☑ Monitoring program



# Safety Events Analysis

- ✓ Incident Data
- ☑ Root Cause Analysis
- ✓ Observed deficiencies (OBs)



#### **Line Operations**

- ✓ FDM analysis for outliers
- ✓ Landing Performance Monitoring



my COACHING MODULES: Individualized Tailored Training 360
Coaching



الإتحاك

ETIHAD AIRWAYS

We don't just utilize a single program to train all our pilots, we have dedicated coaching modules to further enhance the quality and effectiveness of our training – just like a personal coach would do.



Coaching

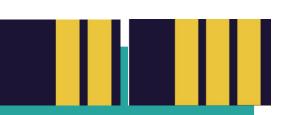
**CM1** Coaching

- Training / Safety / Line
- New Command Upgrades
- New Joiners
- Experienced



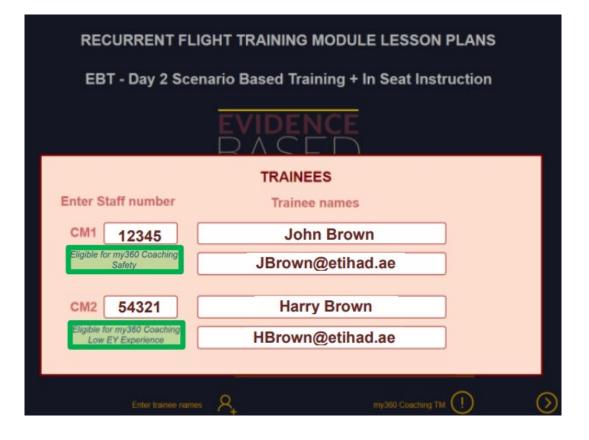
CM2 Coaching

- Training / Safety / Line
- Low Experience (Cadets)
- New Joiners
- Experienced (Command development)



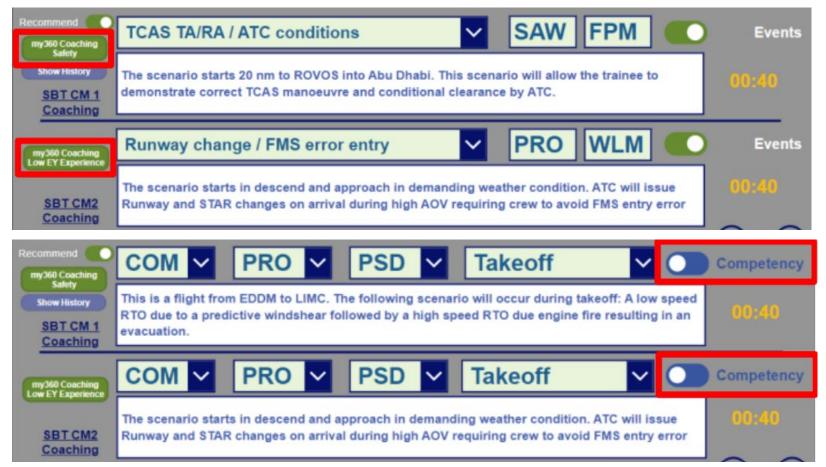
















243 my360 Coaching Listed my360 Coaching Conducted

Satisfactory

Recommended to remain

Not conducted due lack of time

Staff#	Route	Incident Summary	Recommendations for Training	my360 Coaching Status
	TRV-AUH	Safety Event: CRM Issues	Event requiring escalation of communication to resolve a discrepancy in individual pilot station cues.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	AUH-HKG	Safety Event: Mismanaged Approach	Increased workload and distraction during approach with focus on task management and execution.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	AUH-BLR	Safety Event: Mismanaged Approach & Go Around	Glideslope intercept from above with late go-around involving revised missed approach altitude.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	RKT-OBB	Safety Event: Mismanaged Approach & Go Around	Late change of approach type from instrument to visual followed by go around to visual circuit.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	NBO-AMS	Safety Event: Runway Incursion	Increased workload and distraction during taxi out/approach with no clearance for Lineup/T/O/Landing issued.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	AUH-HYD	Safety Event: TCAS RA (Incorrect SOP)	Event incorporating strong startle factor and requiring continued flightpath e.g. TCAS with same trajectory, temporary engine stall, engine fire on approach at 400ft AAL, temporary underspeed/overspeed in cruise.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	AUH-IAD	Safety Event: Unstable Approach Continue to Land (Flap)	High workload on approach with required speed control and changing environmental conditions.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	HKT-BKK	Safety Event: Unstable Approach Continue to Land (Flap)	High workload on approach with required speed control and changing environmental conditions.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme
	AUH-IAD	Safety Event: Unstable Approach Continue to Land (Flap)	Reduced flap approach involving high workload with increasing (reported) tailwind at 1500ft AAL.	Recommended to remain in my360 Coaching programme

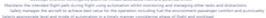
Observable Behaviours (Recommended to remain in program)

Manages the flight path to achieve optimum operational performance
Applies relevant operating instructions procedures and techniques in a timely manner
Applies relevant procedural knowledge
Monitors and detects deviations from the intended flight path and takes appropriate action



Monitors and assesses the seroplane's energy state and its anticipated flight path

Develops effective contingency plans for threats associated risks and potential errors









Staff#	Route	Incident Summary	Recommendations for Training	my360 Coaching Status
—	AUH-IST	Safety Event: TCAS RA (Incorrect SOP)	ATC-requested high ROC/ROD prior to multiple traffic threats with subsequent RA requiring order reversal.	Coaching satisfactory
_	AUH-CMB	Safety Event: TCAS RA (Incorrect SOP)	ATC-requested high ROC/ROD prior to multiple traffic threats with subsequent RA requiring order reversal.	Coaching satisfactory
_	AMD-AUH	Safety Event: Unstable Approach & Mismanaged G/A	Glideslope intercept from above with late go-around involving revised missed approach altitude.	Coaching satisfactory
_	DEL-AUH	Safety Event: Unstable Approach & Mismanaged G/A	Glideslope intercept from above with late go-around involving revised missed approach altitude.	Coaching satisfactory
	AUH-MLE	Safety Event: Unstable Approach & Mismanaged G/A	Glideslope intercept from above with late go-around involving revised missed approach altitude.	Coaching satisfactory
_	GVA-AUH	Safety Event: Unstable Approach & Mismanaged G/A	Glideslope intercept from above with late go-around involving revised missed approach altitude.	Coaching satisfactory
	AUH-DAC	Safety Event: Unstable Approach & Mismanaged GA	Glideslope intercept from above with late go-around involving revised missed approach altitude.	Coaching satisfactory
	HYD-AUH	Safety Event: Unstable Approach and G/A	Increased workload and distraction during approach with focus on task management and execution.	Coaching satisfactory
		Safety Event: Unstable Approach Continue to Land (AOB)	Offset non-precision approach with focus on permissible bank angles.	Coaching satisfactory

Observable Behaviours (Recommended to remain in program)

Manages the flight path to achieve optimum operational performance
Applies relevant operating instructions procedures and techniques in a timely manner
Applies relevant procedural knowledge
Monitors and detects deviations from the intended flight path and takes appropriate action

Controls the aircraft manually with accuracy and smoothness as appropriate to the situation Demonstrates the required knowledge of published operating instructions.

Manages and recovers from interruptions distractions variations and failures effectively while performing tasks Monitors and assesses the aeroplane's energy state and its anticipated flight path

Develops effective contingency plans for threats associated risks and potential errors.

Mentains the intended flight path during flight using automation whilst monitoring and managing other tasks and distractions Safely manages the aircraft to achieve best value for the operation including fuel the environment passenger comfort and punctuality

Selects appropriate level and mode of automation in a timely manner considering phase of flight and workload



# Thank You