



*International Civil Aviation Organization*

**Middle East Air Navigation Planning and  
Implementation Regional Group (MIDANPIRG)**

**Fourteenth Meeting**  
*(Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, 15-19 December 2013)*

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**Agenda Item 4: Performance Framework for Regional Air Navigation Planning and  
Implementation:**  
**4.5 CNS**

**GROUND-GROUND INTEGRATION (AIDC/OLDI)**

*(Presented by the Secretariat)*

**SUMMARY**

This paper presents the outcome of the ATN/IPS WG/5 and CNS SG/5 meetings regarding the Ground-Ground integration using ATS Interfacility Data Communication/On-Line Data Interchange. (AIDC/OLDI) and the draft plans developed.

Action by the meeting is at paragraph 3.

**REFERENCES**

- ASBU Working Document
- ATN/IPS WG/4 and 5 Report
- CNS SG/5 Report

**1. INTRODUCTION**

1.1 The ATN/IPS WG/4 meeting was held at the ICAO MID Regional Office, Cairo, Egypt, 21-23 May 2012.

1.2 The Fifth Meeting of the CNS Sub Group (CNS SG/5) was held at the ICAO MID Regional Office, Cairo, Egypt, 11 – 13 December 2012. The meeting was attended by a total of twenty-seven (27) participants, which included delegates from seven (7) States and one (1) Organization.

1.3 The Fifth Meeting of Aeronautical Telecommunication Network/Internet Protocol Suite Working Group (ATN/IPS WG/5) was held at the ICAO MID Regional Office, Cairo, Egypt, 11-13 March 2013. The meeting was attended by a total of twenty-three (23) participants, which included delegates from six (6) States.

## 2. DISCUSSION

2.1 The meeting may wish to recall that MIDANPIG/13 reviewed the operational improvements contained in the Aviation System Block Upgrades (ASBU) Working Document and agreed to the need of identification of those operational improvements which are of relevance to the MID Region. MIDANPIRG/13 meeting supported a list of identified operational improvements among them is the “increased interoperability, efficiency and capacity through Ground-Ground integration (AIDC)” and agreed that the MIDANPIRG subsidiary bodies, further review them taking into consideration the outcome of the AN-Conf/12, where the whole concept of ASBU would be finalized.

2.2 The ATN/IPS WG/5 meeting consulted the ASBU document which provides the details for the implementation of module B0-FICE (B0-25) AIDC as defined by the ICAO Manual of Air Traffic Services Data Link Applications (Doc 9694).

2.3 Based on the operational requirements, the meeting considered availability and capacity of the existing regional telecommunication network for the suitability of implementing the Ground-Ground Integration (AIDC/OLDI), and updated the MID ATN TABLE CNS 1C of the MID FASID Doc 9708.

2.4 The ATN/IPS WG/5 meeting concurred with CNS SG/5 recommendation that a review of the AIDC messages defined in the PANS-ATM and the ICD document should be conducted, in order to identify and agree on initial set of messages which would be required in the MID Region. This will progress the AIDC/OLDI implementation activities. The meetings also recommended carrying out interface and technical interconnection analysis for the ACCs required to implement AIDC/OLDI.

2.5 The meeting may wish to note that ATN/IPS WG/5 meeting carried basic analysis on AIDC/OLDI implementation and it was noted that the majority of States in the MID Region have either implemented OLDI or are planning to implement OLDI and have no intention of using only AIDC. Therefore, the meeting agreed that OLDI implementation should be considered and accepted as Regional variation of AIDC implementation as was the case in the other regions. This was presented by UAE to the 38<sup>th</sup> ICAO Assembly.

2.6 The CNS SG/5 meeting agreed that if both AIDC and OLDI are supported, then it will be a bilateral agreement between States. However, it was highlighted that some States that are interfacing with other regions may require supporting and implementing dual capabilities (AIDC and OLDI), in order to integrate within the Region and with other Regions.

2.7 The ATN/IPS WG/5 meeting was informed about harmonization efforts between NAT and ASIA-PAC. Both regions are working on a consolidated AIDC guidance material, where ICAO Inter-Regional AIDC Task Force (IRAIDC TF) was established and held its First Meeting in January 2013 with the objective to review the consolidated draft version 0.4 of the Pan Regional ICD for AIDC. It was also highlighted that in the Eastern part of the EUR Region AIDC may be selected and this would ease communications along cross-polar and trans-Siberian routes in particular, while the western part of EUROPE will continue to use OLDI.

2.8 The ATN/IPS WG/5 meeting developed the ATS unit capabilities and States readiness and the Draft MID AIDC/OLDI implementation plan as at **Appendices A and B** to this working paper. Furthermore, the meeting noted that AIDC/OLDI implementation was not only about systems, as it has impact on operational and technical subjects. The meeting was of the view that all these issues/subjects need to be thoroughly discussed at the AIDC/OLDI Seminar with the presence of both operational and technical experts from States and industry.

2.9 The meeting may recall that a Seminar on implementation of AIDC (ASBU module B0 FICE)) was planned to be held in Cairo, in September 2013. However, the Seminar was postponed to March 2014. Accordingly, the meeting may wish to endorse the following Draft Conclusion emanating from CNS SG/5:

<b>Why</b>	Develop MID AIDC/OLDI Implementation Plan
<b>What</b>	AIDC/OLDI SEMINAR
<b>Who</b>	ICAO / STATES / INDUSTRY
<b>When</b>	March 2014

***DRAFT CONCLUSION 5/1: MID AIDC/OLDI IMPLEMENTATION SEMINAR***

*That States,*

- a) support ICAO in organizing a Seminar on implementation of AIDC/OLDI;*
- b) participate actively in the Seminar; and*
- c) with the support of ICAO develop the MID AIDC/OLDI Implementation Plan.*

2.10 The meeting may recall that MIDANPIRG/13 agreed that the MID ATN implementation and MID IP Network should take place on the basis of regionally agreed requirements, taking into consideration, the System Wide Information Management (SWIM) concept and any other new developments, mainly the Aviation System Block Upgrade (ASBU).

2.11 Based on the above MIDANPIRG/13 agreed on Conclusion 13/23 for the conduct of IP Network surveys. The ATN/IPS WG/5 analyzed the replies to the survey as at **Appendix C** to this working paper, also developed a proposal for an IP address plans for the MID Region as at **Appendix D** to this working paper, which will be further discussed during the AIDC/OLDI Seminar.

2.12 The meeting noted that SWIM is listed in Block 1 (target timeline for implementation starting from 2018), in the ASBU concept introduced by ICAO. The meeting agreed on the principle of the regional approach in planning for the implementation of any network supporting SWIM, and identified the need for a study on an appropriate network to support SWIM including possibility of using public internet and/or using a common network service provider. It was also highlighted that SWIM concept is vast as it incorporates multidiscipline (ATM, AIM, AGA, COM, MET etc.).

**3. ACTION BY THE MEETING**

3.1 The meeting is invited to endorse the Draft Conclusion in para 2.11.

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MID AIDC/OLDI Readiness

State	Capability		Current use		Planned Use		Intention of using AIDC only	Reasons and Remarks
	AIDC	OLDI	AIDC	OLDI	AIDC	OLDI		
Bahrain	✓	✓				✓	No	OLDI to connect to neighbouring ATSUs
Egypt		✓		✓			No	OLDI in use to connect to EUR (Athens)
Iran								
Iraq								
Jordan	✓	✓				✓	No	OLDI to connect to neighbouring ATSUs
Kuwait	✓	✓				✓	No	OLDI to connect to Bahrain and Riyadh
Lebanon		✓				✓	No	OLDI will be in use to connect to EUR
Libya								
Oman								
Qatar		✓		✓		✓		OLDI in use with UAE and planned for use with Bahrain
Saudi Arabia	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	No	Both AIDC and OLDI to cater to neighbouring ATSUs request
Sudan	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	No	Both AIDC and OLDI to cater to neighbouring units requests
Syria								
UAE		✓		✓		✓	No	OLDI already in use with 6 partners and AIDC is not required as all neighbouring ATSUs are OLDI capable.
Yemen								

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**ATS INTER-FACILITY DATA COMMUNICATION (AIDC)/  
On-Line Data Interchange (OLDI) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN**

EXPLANATION OF THE TABLE

*Column*

- 1 State/Administration – the name of the State/Administration;
- 2 Location of AIDC end system – the location of the AIDC end system under the supervision of State/Administration identified in column 1;
- 3 AIDC Pair – the correspondent AIDC end system;  
Location – location of the correspondent AIDC end system  
State/Administration – the name of the State/Administration responsible for management of the correspondent AIDC end system
- 4 AIDC standard used – the AIDC standard adopted for the AIDC connection between the corresponding AIDC pair, AFTN, AFTN/AMHS or ATN;
- 5 Target Date of Implementation – date of implementation of the AIDC end system;
- 6 Remarks – any additional information describing the AIDC end system or the AIDC service between the corresponding AIDC pair.

State/Administration	Location of AIDC end system	AIDC/OLDI Pair		AIDC standard used	Target date of Implementation	Remarks
		Correspondent location	Correspondent State/Administration			
1	2	3		4	5	6
Egypt	CANC Cairo	Athens	Athens	OLDI	Implemented	
	Cairo Air Navigation Center	Jeddah ACC	Saudi Arabia	OLDI	TBD	
Bahrain	Bahrain ACC	Kuwait ACC	Kuwait	OLDI	TBD	
		Sheikh Zayed Air Navigation Centre	U.A.E.	OLDI	Q4 2013	OLDI V4.2 FMTP 2.0
Iran						
Iraq						
Jordan	Amman ACC	Jeddah ACC	Saudi Arabia	AIDC/OLDI	TBD	
Kuwait	Kuwait ACC	Bahrain ACC	Bahrain	OLDI	TBD	
		Riyadh ACC	Saudi Arabia	OLDI	TBD	

State/Administration	Location of AIDC end system	AIDC Pair		AIDC standard used	Target date of Implementation	Remarks
		Correspondent location	Correspondent State/Administration			
1	2	3		4	5	6
Lebanon	Rafic Hariri Int'l Airport - Beirut	Cyprus	Cyprus	OLDI	TBD	Awaiting LOA
		Damascus	Syria	OLDI	TBD	Awaiting LOA
Libya						
Oman	Muscat International Airport					
Qatar	Doha	Sheikh Zayed Air Navigation Centre	U.A.E.	OLDI V4.2	Implemented Jan 2010	FMTP 2.0
Saudi Arabia	Riyadh ACC	Jeddah ACC	Saudi Arabia	AIDC	Implemented	
	Riyadh ACC	Dammam ACC	Saudi Arabia	AIDC	Implemented	

		Cairo CANC	Egypt	OLDI	TBD	
	Jeddah ACC	Amman ACC	Jordan	OLDI	TBD	OLDI V4.1
		Khartoum ACC	Sudan	OLDI	TBD	OLDI V4.1
		Riyadh ACC	Saudi Arabia	AIDC	implemented	
	Dammam ACC	Riyadh ACC	Saudi Arabia	AIDC	implemented	
<b>Sudan</b>	Khartoum ACC	Cairo CANC	Egypt	OLDI	Q1 2014	
	Khartoum ACC	Jeddah ACC	Saudi Arabia	OLDI	Q4 2013	
	Khartoum ACC	Chad	Chad	AIDC	Implemented 2012	
	Khartoum ACC	Congo	Congo	AIDC	Implemented 2012	
<b>Syria</b>						
<b>UAE</b>	SZC Abu Dhabi	Abu Dhabi Int'l Airport	ADAC	OLDI V4.2	Implemented Apr2009	FMTP 2.0
	SZC Abu Dhabi	Dubai Int'l Airport	DANS	OLDI V4.2	Implemented Jun 2012	FMTP 2.0
	SZC Abu Dhabi	Sharjah Int'l Airport	Sharjah DCA	OLDI V4.2	Implemented Feb 2011	FMTP 2.0
	SZC Abu Dhabi	Ras al Khaimah Int'l Airport	Ras al Khaimah DCA	OLDI V4.2	Implemented Mar 2011	FMTP 2.0
	SZC Abu Dhabi	Al Ain Int'l Airport	ADAC	OLDI V4.2	Implemented Oct 2010	FMTP 2.0
	SZC Abu Dhabi	Doha ATC	Qatar CAA	OLDI V4.2	Implemented Jan 2010	FMTP 2.0
<b>Yemen</b>						

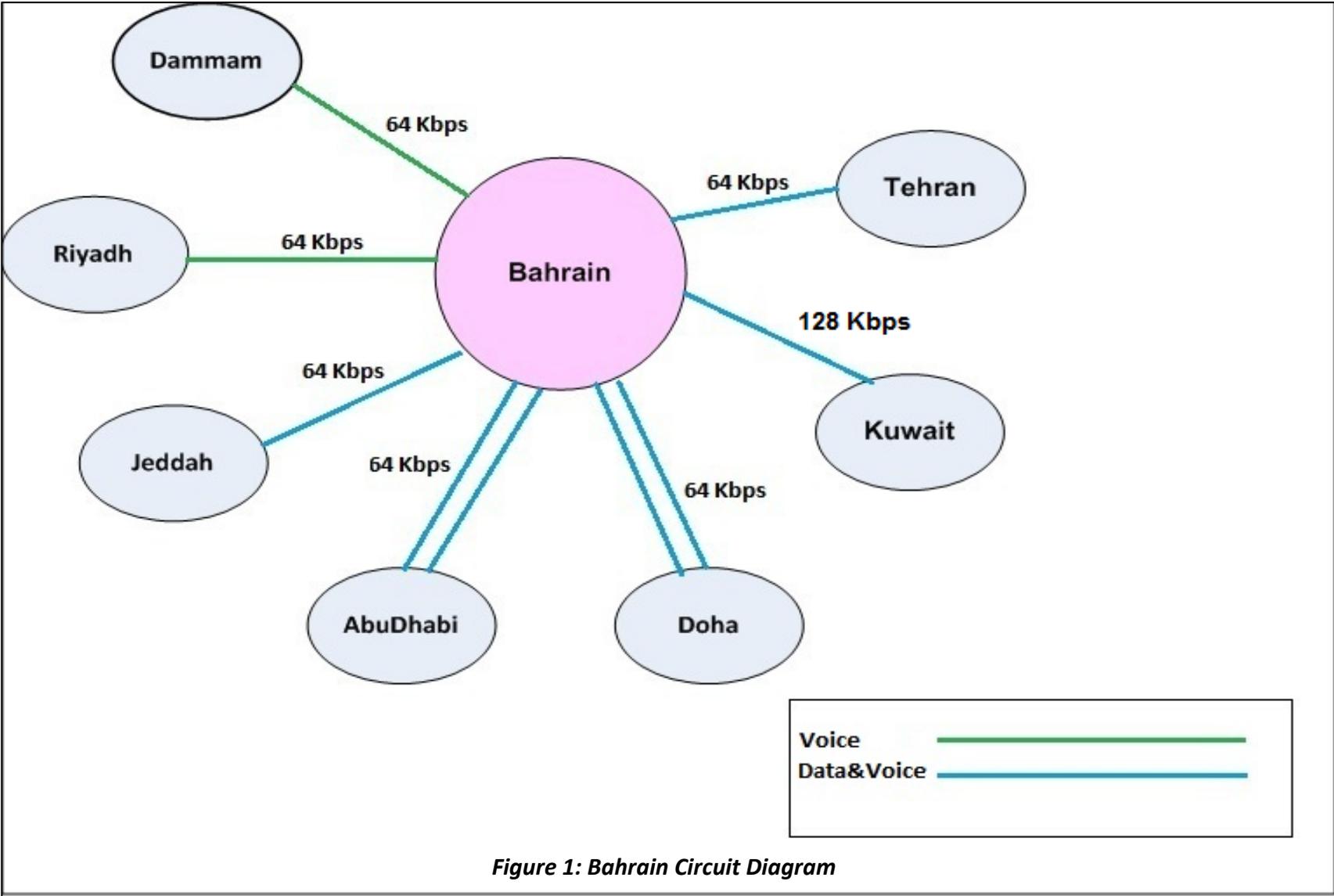
Attachment A – Details on ATM systems to support implementation plan												
State	ATM System	Protocol and Version used	Number of neighboring ATSUs	Number of neighboring ATSUs connected by AIDC/OLDI and type of connection	ATM System Capability		Current use		Planned Use		Intention of using AIDC only	Reasons and Remarks
					AIDC	OLDI	AIDC	OLDI	AIDC	OLDI		
Bahrain					✓	✓				✓	No	OLDI to connect to neighboring ATSUs
Egypt						✓		✓			No	OLDI in use to connect to EUR (Athens)
Iran												
Iraq												
Jordan					✓	✓				✓	No	OLDI allows for more message types
Kuwait					✓	✓				✓	No	OLDI to connect to Bahrain and Riyadh
Lebanon						✓				✓	No	OLDI in use to connect to EUR
Libya												
Oman												
Qatar								✓		✓		OLDI in use with UAE and planned for use with Bahrain
Saudi Arabia					✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	No	Both AIDC and OLDI to cater to neighboring units requests
Sudan					✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	No	Both AIDC and OLDI to cater to neighboring units

												requests
<b>Syria</b>												
<b>UAE</b>	PRISMA from COMSOFT	OLDI V4.2 FMTP 2.0	10	3 two-way integrated OLDI connections  2 two-way standalone OLDI  1 one-way Standalone OLDI connection  Total 6 OLDI connections		✓		✓		✓	No	OLDI already in use with 6 partners and all neighboring ATSUs are OLDI capable
<b>Yemen</b>												

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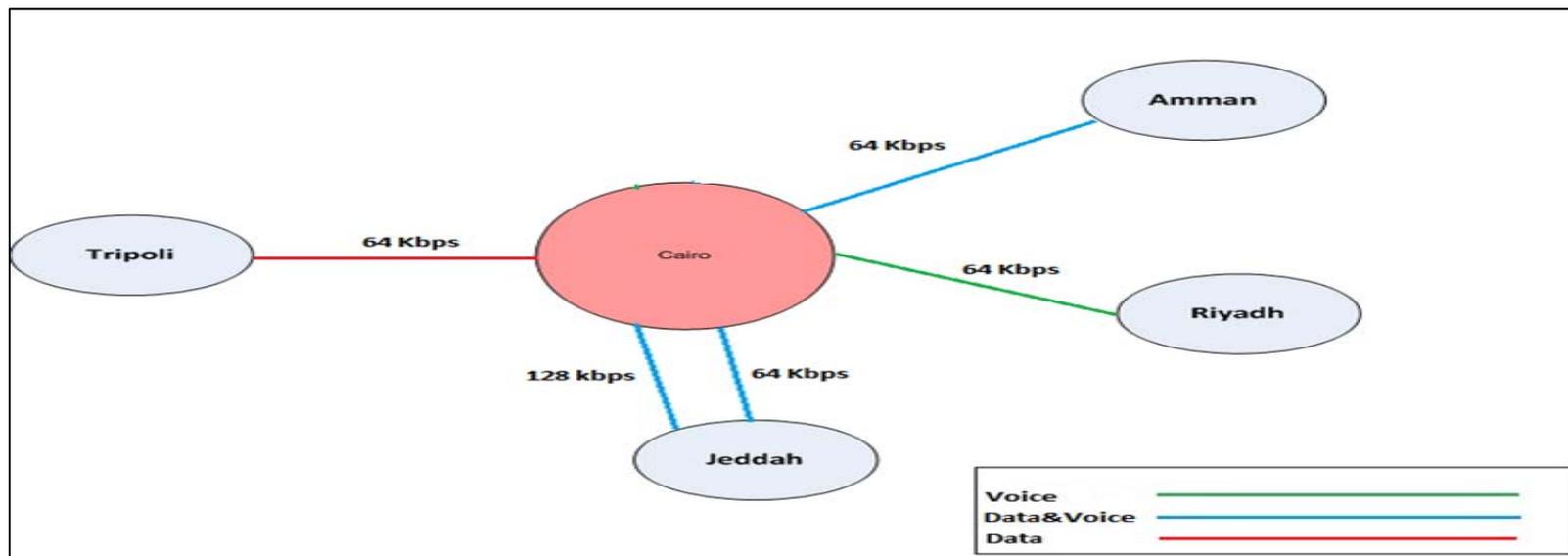
State Bahrain (Manama)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Riyadh	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.12	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	FXO/FXS	Voice
Dammam	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.44	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	FXO/FXS	Voice
Tehran	64k	Batelco	172.16.10.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2800	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Kuwait	128k	Batelco	10.61.11.8	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	AFTN-Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Jeddah	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.48	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	CIDIN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Doha-1	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.32	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Doha-2	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.56	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
AbuDhabi-1	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.12	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
AbuDhabi-2	64k	Batelco	10.61.11.16	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	CIDIN
						FXO/FXS	Voice



State Egypt (Cairo)

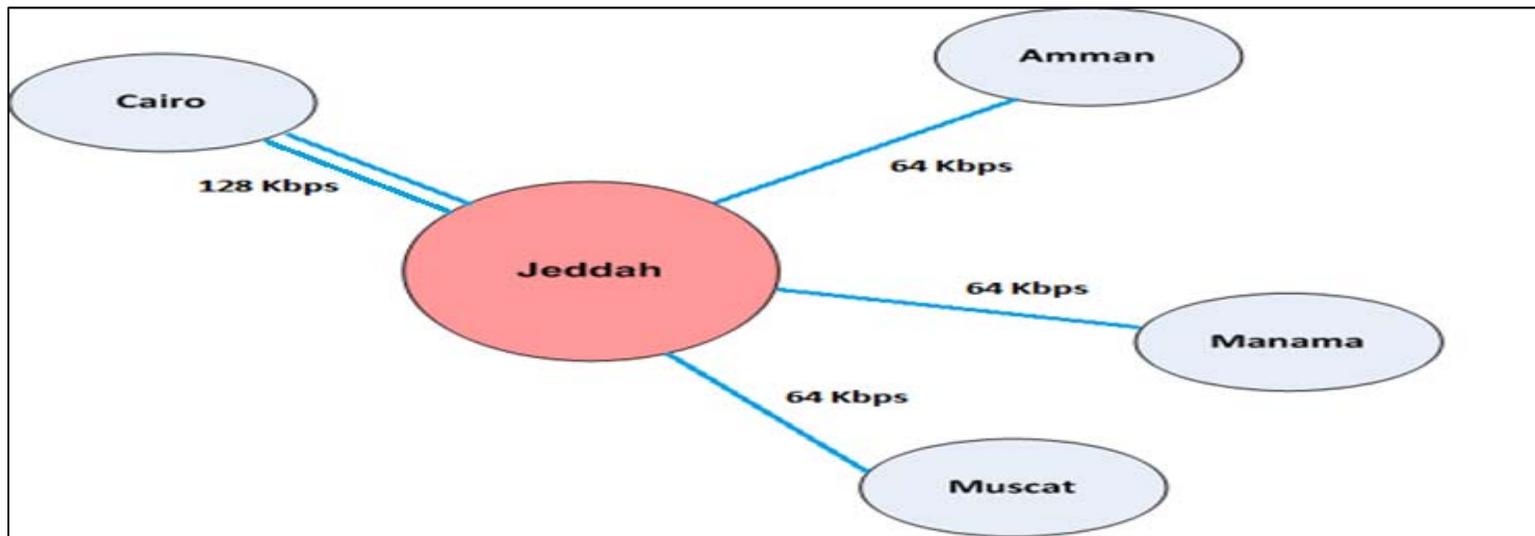
State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Amman	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	10.10.10.2	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6800	IP	AMHS
			192.168.12.7	255.255.255.0		FXO/FXS	Voice
Jeddah1	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	192.168.80.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2800	FXO/FXS	Voice
						IP	OLDI, Radar
Jeddah2	128k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6455	IP	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Riyadh	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	192.168.80.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2800	FXO/FXS	Voice
Tripoli	64k	Telecom Egypt (ATM)	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Cisco1700	Serial	AFTN



**Figure 2: Cairo Circuit Diagram**

**State Saudi Arabia (Jeddah)**

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Cairo1	128k	N/A	192.168.12.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6455	IP	AHHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Cairo2	64k	N/A	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vangurd 6455	IP	AMHS
					Motorola Vangurd 6455	FXO/FXS	Voice
Amman	64k	N/A	192.168.12.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6455	IP	AHHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Muscat	64k	N/A	192.168.12.0	255.255.255.0	Cisco 2811	IP	AHHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Manama	64k	N/A	TBD	TBD	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Serial	CIDIN
						FXO/FXS	Voice



*Figure 3: Jeddah Circuit Diagram*

State IRAN(Tehran)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Manama	64k	Iran PPT	172.16.10.2	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Baghdad	32k	Iran PPT	192.168.191.14	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	FXO/FXS	Voice
Kuwait	64k	Iran PPT	172.16.12.0	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Bahrain	64k	Iran PPT	172.16.12.0	255.255.255.0	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Abu Dhabi *	64k	Iran PPT	To be determined	To be determined	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Muscat *	64k	Iran PPT	To be determined	To be determined	Cisco2811	Serial	AFTN
						FXO/FXS	Voice

**Remarks:** \* The lines will be established by end of July, 2012

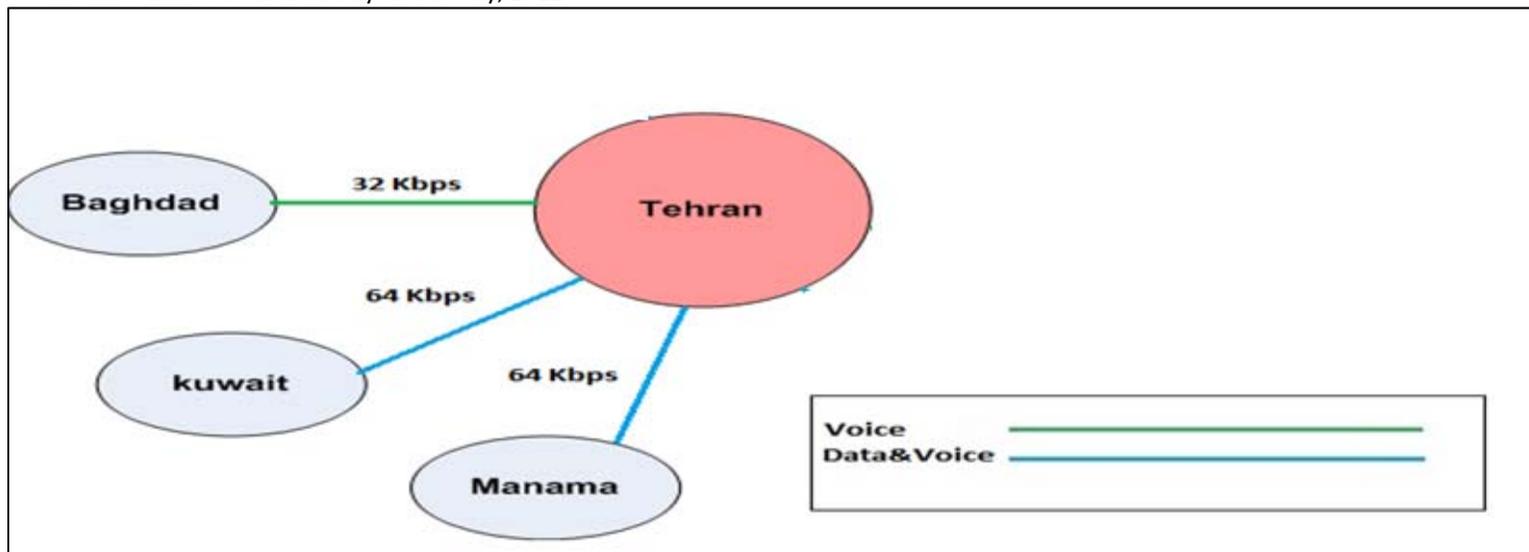


Figure 4: Tehran Circuit diagram

State UAE (Abu Dhabi)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Bahrain1	64K	Etisalat	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Bahrain2	64K	Etisalat	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Serial	AFTN/CIDIN
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Oman	64K	Etisalat	192.168.130.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6455	Ethernet	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Qatar	128K	Etisalat	192.168.131.0	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vangurd 6435	Ethernet	AMHS/OLDI
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Amman**	N/A	Etisalat	94.56.192.202	255.255.255.0	Fortigate 110C firewall	Ethernet	AMHS

**Remarks:** \* The IP addresses for Bahrain links is configured by ISP and not identified on UAE side.

\*\* The link type between Jordan and Abu Dhabi is over public internet (VPN)

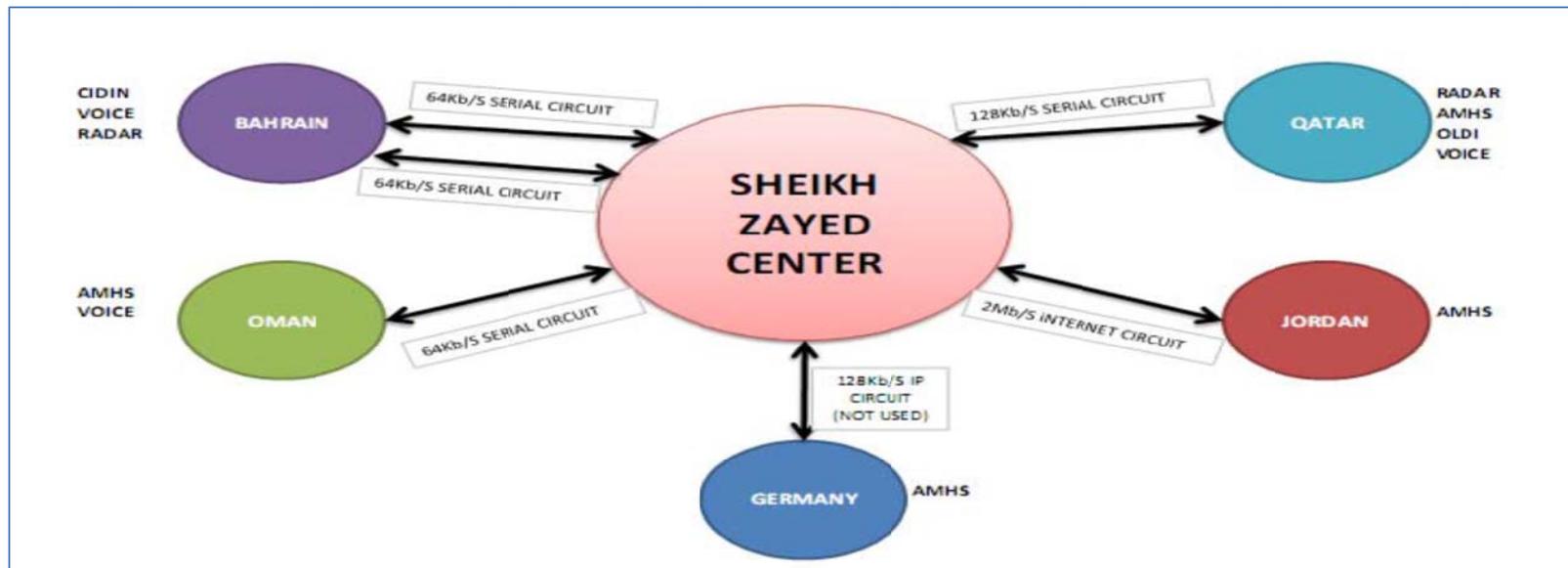


Figure 5: Abu Dhabi Circuit Diagram

State Kuwait (Kuwait)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Beirut	64K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN
Doha	64K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN
Tehran	64K	Qualitynet	172.16.12.2	255.255.255.252	Cisco 2800	N/A	AFTN-Voice
Damascus	64K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN
Bahrain	128K	Qualitynet	--	--	Motorola Vanguard 6455	N/A	AFTN, Radar Voice
Baghdad	64K	Qualitynet	192.168..0.160	255.255.255.0	Motorola Modem 3460	N/A	AFTN-Voice

**Remarks:**

- The connectivity for circuits (Beirut, Doha, Damascus, Karachi and Bahrain) is pure layer 2 there is no IP configuration on these circuits.
- For Tehran circuit there is IP configuration on the WAN side 172.16.12.2/30 (between Qualitynet and Tehran provider), but there is no IP configuration between Qualitynet and DGCA Kuwait.

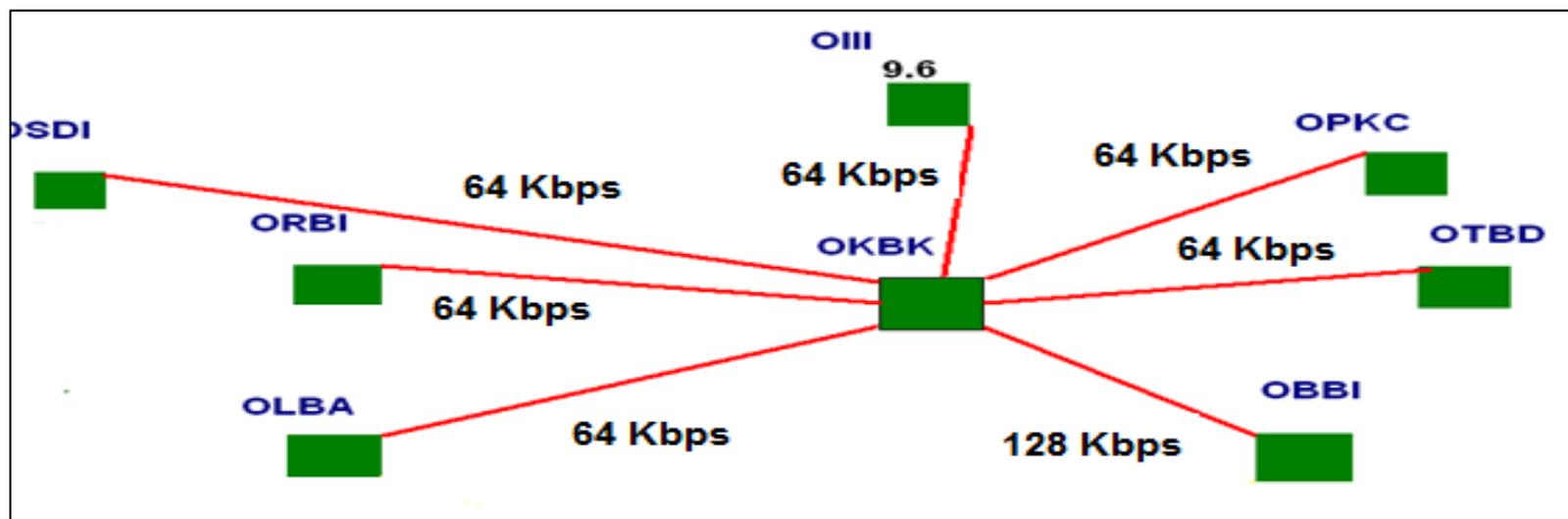


Figure 6: Kuwait Circuit Diagram

## State Jordan (Amman)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Cairo	64k	N/A	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Vanguard	N/A	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Jeddah	64k	N/A	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Vanguard	N/A	AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Abu Dhabi*	2M	NITC	193.188.93.19	255.255.255.0	Cisco 5510	N/A	AMHS

\* *The* link type between Jordan and Abu Dhabi is over public internet (VPN)

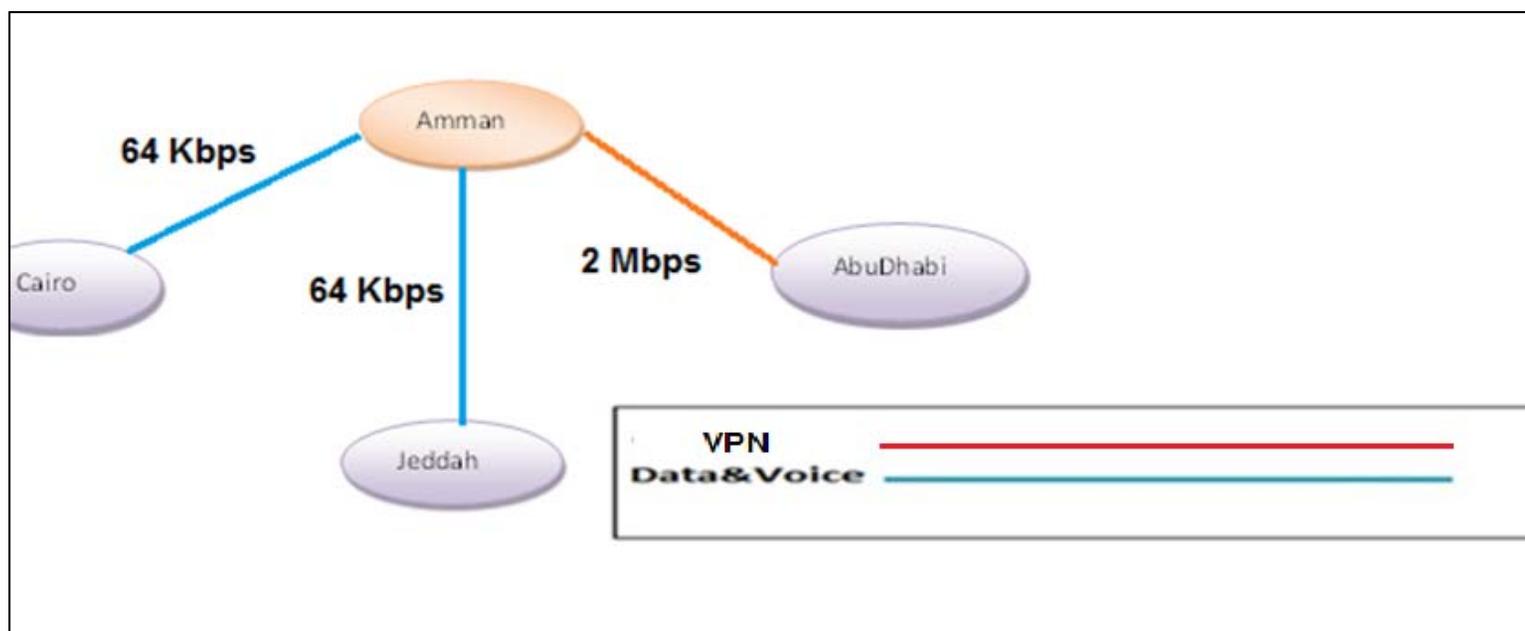


Figure 7: Jordan Circuit Diagram

State Iraq (Baghdad)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Iran	32k	Passcom	192.168.191.10	255.255.255.0	NDsatcom SkyWan 5000	FXS	Voice
Kuwait	64k	Passcom	192.168.191.2	255.255.255.0	NDsatcom SkyWan 5000	FXS	Voice
			192.168.0.60	255.255.255.0		Ethernet	AFTN

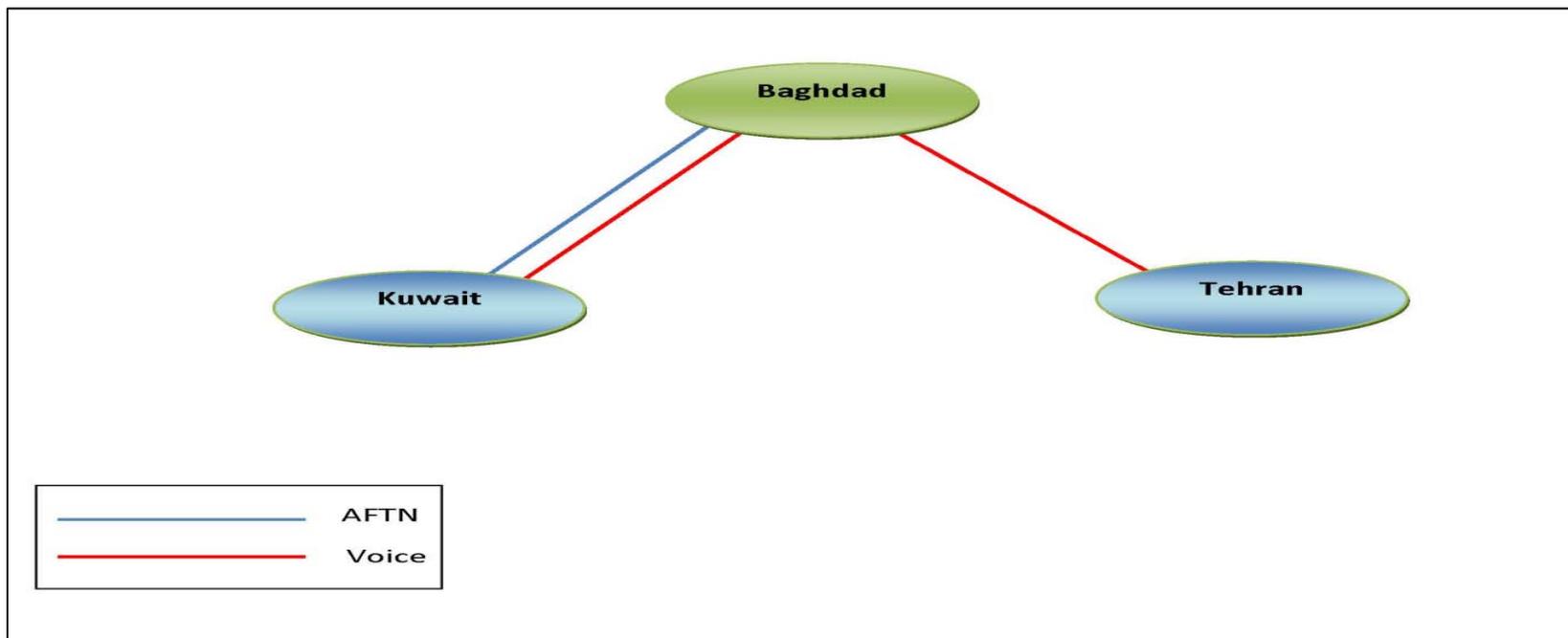


Figure 8: Iraq Circuit Diagram

State QATAR (Doha)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Abu Dhabi	128k	QTEL	200.200.200.x	255.255.255.252	Motorola Vanguard 6455	serial	AFTN, Radar
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Kuwait	64 k	QTEL	N/A	N/A	New Bridge Modem 2602	Serial	AFTN
Bahrain	64 k	QTEL	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vanguard 6840	serial	AFTN, Radar
						FXO/FXS	AFTN, Radar
Bahrain	64 k	QTEL	N/A	N/A	Motorola Vanguard 6840	FXO/FXS	Voice

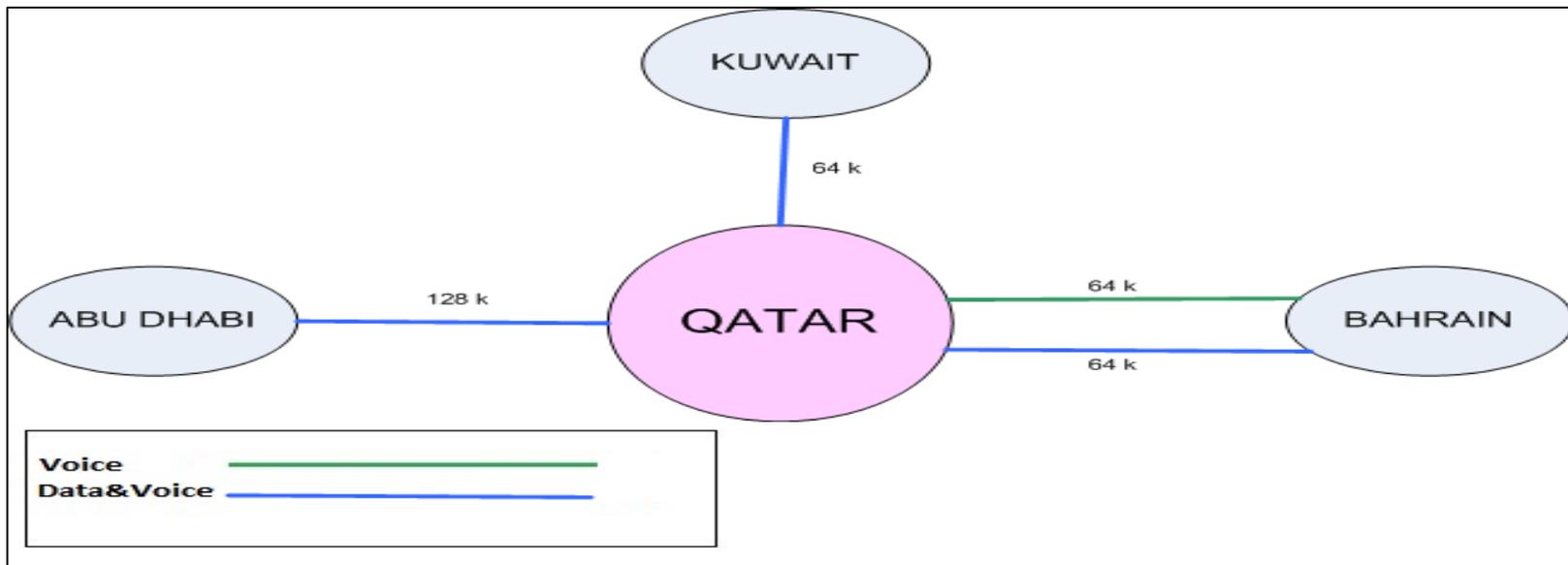


Figure 9: Qatar Circuit Diagram

## State OMAN (Muscat)

State	Speed	ISP	IP Address	Net Mask	Router Type	Data end user interface	Applications in use
Abu Dhabi	64 k	OMANTEL	192.168.12.142	255.255.255.0	Motorola Vanguard 6455	serial	AFTN, AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
JEDDAH	64 k	OMANTEL	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.0	Cisco 2800	serial	AFTN, AMHS
						FXO/FXS	Voice
Bahrain	64 k	OMANTEL	192.168.30.1	255.255.255.0	Cisco 2800	serial	AFTN, Radar
						FXO/FXS	AFTN, Radar
Iran	64 k	OMANTEL	172.16.14.0	255.255.255.252	Cisco 2800	FXO/FXS	Voice

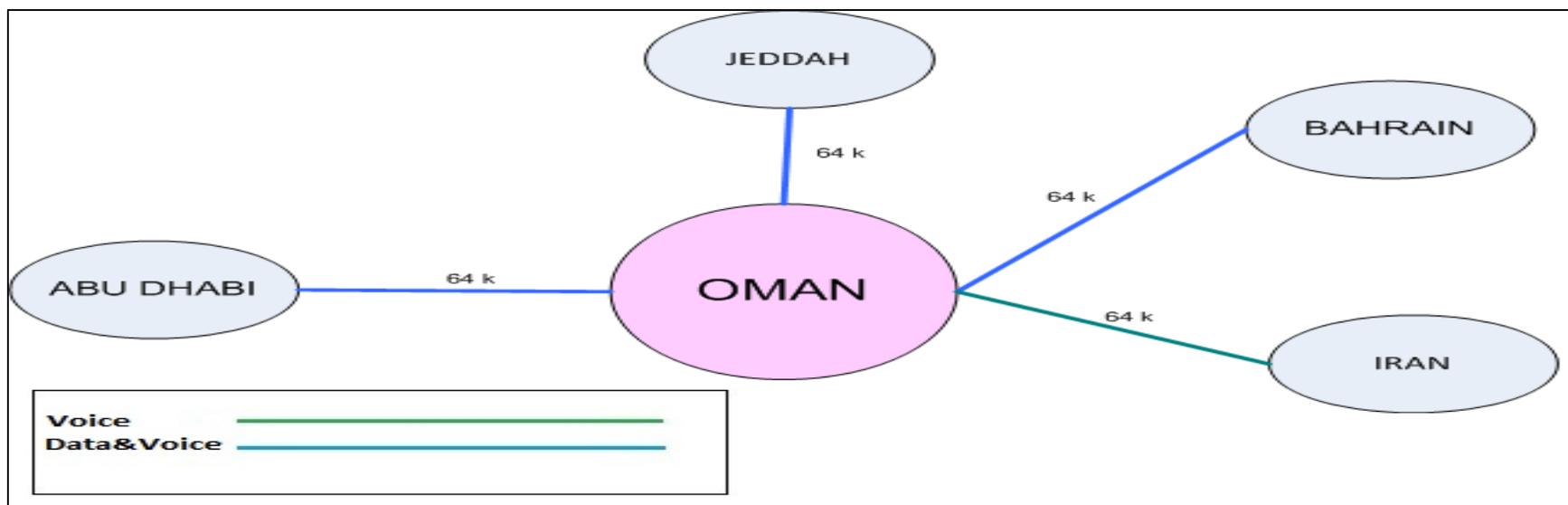


Figure 10: Oman Circuit Diagram

Remark:

After conducting the IP network Survey, *Common infrastructure characteristics in all states have been found as follows:*

- *Lebanon is in process of migration three circuits to IP networks (Kuwait, Bahrain, and Jeddah).*
- *Libya, Sudan, Syria and Yemen do not have IP circuits implemented*
- *Security Measure: Not implemented\**
- *Voice interfaces: FXO/FXS*
- *Voice Protocol Supported: SIP,H.323*
- *All IP circuits is using IPv4*
- *Link Type: Leased Line.*
- *Router interfaces: Async Serial, Sync Serial ,Ethernet*
- \* *Jordan has a firewall device CISCO ASA5510 for Abu Dhabi link (VPN)*

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## THE PROPOSED IPv4 ADDRESS PLAN for MID REGION

### Introduction

The IPv4 address scheme is proposed by the Caribbean and South American Regional for its ATN/IPS Network. The MID Region's plan was also part of their global IPv4 addressing assignment. The MID Region is requested to review this proposed IP addressing assignment for consideration and adoption.

### Objectives

This document is meant to describe the addressing plan for IPv4 addresses throughout the MID Region. This document defines the recommended address format for IPv4 addresses. The document lists the addresses allocated to States in the MID Region and the interstate connections IP's. The implementation of the proposed plan will go into stages and should be carefully coordinated between States.

### Acronyms

ICAO	-	International Civil Aviation Organization
AMHS	-	ATN Message Handling System
ARP	-	Address Resolution Protocol
ATN	-	Aeronautical Telecommunications Network
CNS		Communication Navigation Surveillance
BGP	-	Border Gateway Protocol
DNS	-	Domain Name Service
IANA	-	Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
ICS	-	ATN Internet Communication Service
IP	-	ATN Internet Communication Service
IPV4	-	Internet Protocol Version 4
IPV6	-	Internet Protocol Version 6
IPS	-	Internet Protocol suite

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LACNIC	-	Latin American and Caribbean Internet Address Registry
LIR	-	Local Internet Registry
OSPF	-	Open Shortest Path First
RIR	-	Regional Internet Registry
ANSP	-	Air Navigation Service Provider
ISP	-	Internet Service Provider
APAC	-	Asia and Pacific
CAR	-	Caribbean
SAM	-	South America
MID	-	Middle east
WACAF	-	West And Central Africa
ESAF	-	East And South Africa
PDU	-	Packet Data Unit
MTA	-	Message Transfer Agent
UA	-	User Agent
ACP	-	Aeronautical Communication Panel
SWIM	-	System Wide Information Management
PENS	-	PAN European Network Service
IMS	-	Information Management Service

## Global IPv4 assignments

IPv4 Address																																
10		Region	State / Territory				Host's																									
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1st. Byte				2nd. Byte				3rd. Byte				4th. Byte																				

- 0000 => SAM: South American Office.
- 0001 => NACC: North American, American Power station and Caribbean Office.
- 0010 => APAC: Asia and Pacific Office.
- **0011** => **MID: Middle East Office.**
- 0100 => WACAF: Western and Central African Office.
- 0101 => ESAF: Eastern and Southern African Office.
- 0110 => EUR/NAT: European and North Atlantic Office.

### IP address Scheme Characteristics:

The proposed IPv4 address allocation scheme will be able to cover:

- 128 States
- 8190 Hosts for each State.
- 2048 Point-to-Point links.

**Network Assignments**

Issue	State	Network	Direction Used	Decimal Notation	Binary Notation			
					1 <sup>st</sup> Byte	Region	State	Host
1	Bahrain	10.48.0.0/19	First	10.48.0.1	00001010.	0011	0000.000	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.31.254	00001010.	0011	0000.000	11111.11111110
2	Egypt	10.48.32.0/19	First	10.48.32.1	00001010.	0011	0000.001	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.63.254	00001010.	0011	0000.001	11111.11111110
3	Iran	10.48.64.0/19	First	10.48.64.1	00001010.	0011	0000.010	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.95.254	00001010.	0011	0000.010	11111.11111110
4	Iraq	10.48.96.0/19	First	10.48.96.1	00001010.	0011	0000.011	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.127.254	00001010.	0011	0000.011	11111.11111110
5	Jordan	10.48.128.0/19	First	10.48.128.1	00001010.	0011	0000.100	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.159.254	00001010.	0011	0000.100	11111.11111110
6	Kuwait	10.48.160.0/19	First	10.48.160.1	00001010.	0011	0000.101	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.191.254	00001010.	0011	0000.101	11111.11111110
7	Lebanon	10.48.192.0/19	First	10.48.192.1	00001010.	0011	0000.110	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.223.254	00001010.	0011	0000.110	11111.11111110
8	Libya	10.48.224.0/19	First	10.48.224.1	00001010.	0011	0000.111	00000.00000001
			Last	10.48.255.254	00001010.	0011	0000.111	11111.11111110
9	Oman	10.49.0.0/19	First	10.49.0.1	00001010.	0011	0001.000	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.31.1	00001010.	0011	0001.000	11111.11111110
10	Qatar	10.49.32.0/19	First	10.49.32.1	00001010.	0011	0001.001	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.63.254	00001010.	0011	0001.001	11111.11111110
11	Saudi Arabia	10.49.64.0/19	First	10.49.64.1	00001010.	0011	0001.010	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.95.254	00001010.	0011	0001.010	11111.11111110
12	Sudan	10.49.96.0/19	First	10.49.96.1	00001010.	0011	0001.011	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.127.254	00001010.	0011	0001.011	11111.11111110
13	Syria	10.49.128.0/19	First	10.49.128.1	00001010.	0011	0001.100	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.159.254	00001010.	0011	0001.100	11111.11111110
14	UAE	10.49.160.0/19	First	10.49.160.1	00001010.	0011	0001.101	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.191.254	00001010.	0011	0001.101	11111.11111110
15	Yemen	10.49.192.0/19	First	10.49.192.1	00001010.	0011	0001.110	00000.00000001
			Last	10.49.223.254	00001010.	0011	0001.110	11111.11111110

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<b>Range 1</b>		<b>Range 2</b>		<b>Range 3</b>		<b>Range 4</b>	
10.48.0.0 - 10.48.31.255	10.49.0.0 - 10.49.31.255	10.50.0.0 - 10.51.31.255	10.51.0.0 - 10.51.31.255				
10.48.32.0 - 10.48.63.255	10.49.32.0 - 10.49.63.255	10.50.32.0 - 10.51.63.255	10.51.32.0 - 10.51.63.255				
10.48.64.0 - 10.48.95.255	10.49.64.0 - 10.49.95.255	10.50.64.0 - 10.51.95.255	10.51.64.0 - 10.51.95.255				
10.48.96.0 - 10.48.127.255	10.49.96.0 - 10.49.127.255	10.50.96.0 - 10.51.127.255	10.51.96.0 - 10.51.127.255				
10.48.128.0 - 10.48.159.255	10.49.128.0 - 10.49.159.255	10.50.128.0 - 10.51.159.255	10.51.128.0 - 10.51.159.255				
10.48.160.0 - 10.48.191.255	10.49.160.0 - 10.49.191.255	10.50.160.0 - 10.51.191.255	10.51.160.0 - 10.51.191.255				
10.48.192.0 - 10.48.223.255	10.49.192.0 - 10.49.223.255	10.50.192.0 - 10.51.223.255	10.51.192.0 - 10.51.223.255				
10.48.224.0 - 10.48.225.255	10.49.224.0 - 10.49.225.255	10.50.224.0 - 10.51.225.255	10.51.224.0 - 10.51.225.255				
<b>Range 5</b>		<b>Range 6</b>		<b>Range 7</b>		<b>Range 8</b>	
10.52.0.0 - 10.52.31.255	10.53.0.0 - 10.53.31.255	10.54.0.0 - 10.54.31.255	10.55.0.0 - 10.55.31.255				
10.52.32.0 - 10.52.63.255	10.53.32.0 - 10.53.63.255	10.54.32.0 - 10.54.63.255	10.55.32.0 - 10.55.63.255				
10.52.64.0 - 10.52.95.255	10.53.64.0 - 10.53.95.255	10.54.64.0 - 10.54.95.255	10.55.64.0 - 10.55.95.255				
10.52.96.0 - 10.52.127.255	10.53.96.0 - 10.53.127.255	10.54.96.0 - 10.54.127.255	10.55.96.0 - 10.55.127.255				
10.52.128.0 - 10.52.159.255	10.53.128.0 - 10.53.159.255	10.54.128.0 - 10.54.159.255	10.55.128.0 - 10.55.159.255				
10.52.160.0 - 10.52.191.255	10.53.160.0 - 10.53.191.255	10.54.160.0 - 10.54.191.255	10.55.160.0 - 10.55.191.255				
10.52.192.0 - 10.52.223.255	10.53.192.0 - 10.53.223.255	10.54.192.0 - 10.54.223.255	10.55.192.0 - 10.55.223.255				
10.52.224.0 - 10.52.225.255	10.53.224.0 - 10.53.225.255	10.54.224.0 - 10.54.225.255	10.55.224.0 - 10.55.225.255				
<b>Range 9</b>		<b>Range 10</b>		<b>Range 11</b>		<b>Range 12</b>	
10.56.0.0 - 10.56.31.255	10.57.0.0 - 10.57.31.255	10.58.0.0 - 10.58.31.255	10.59.0.0 - 10.59.31.255				
10.56.32.0 - 10.56.63.255	10.57.32.0 - 10.57.63.255	10.58.32.0 - 10.58.63.255	10.59.32.0 - 10.59.63.255				
10.56.64.0 - 10.56.95.255	10.57.64.0 - 10.57.95.255	10.58.64.0 - 10.58.95.255	10.59.64.0 - 10.59.95.255				
10.56.96.0 - 10.56.127.255	10.57.96.0 - 10.57.127.255	10.58.96.0 - 10.58.127.255	10.59.96.0 - 10.59.127.255				
10.56.128.0 - 10.56.159.255	10.57.128.0 - 10.57.159.255	10.58.128.0 - 10.58.159.255	10.59.128.0 - 10.59.159.255				
10.56.160.0 - 10.56.191.255	10.57.160.0 - 10.57.191.255	10.58.160.0 - 10.58.191.255	10.59.160.0 - 10.59.191.255				
10.56.192.0 - 10.56.223.255	10.57.192.0 - 10.57.223.255	10.58.192.0 - 10.58.223.255	10.59.192.0 - 10.59.223.255				
10.56.224.0 - 10.56.225.255	10.57.224.0 - 10.57.225.255	10.58.224.0 - 10.58.225.255	10.59.224.0 - 10.59.225.255				
<b>Range 13</b>		<b>Range 14</b>		<b>Range 15</b>		<b>Range 16</b>	
10.60.0.0 - 10.60.31.255	10.61.0.0 - 10.61.31.255	10.62.0.0 - 10.62.31.255	10.63.0.0 - 10.63.31.255				
10.60.32.0 - 10.60.63.255	10.61.32.0 - 10.61.63.255	10.62.32.0 - 10.62.63.255	10.63.32.0 - 10.63.63.255				
10.60.64.0 - 10.60.95.255	10.61.64.0 - 10.61.95.255	10.62.64.0 - 10.62.95.255	10.63.64.0 - 10.63.95.255				
10.60.96.0 - 10.60.127.255	10.61.96.0 - 10.61.127.255	10.62.96.0 - 10.62.127.255	10.63.96.0 - 10.63.127.255				
10.60.128.0 - 10.60.159.255	10.61.128.0 - 10.61.159.255	10.62.128.0 - 10.62.159.255	10.63.128.0 - 10.63.159.255				
10.60.160.0 - 10.60.191.255	10.61.160.0 - 10.61.191.255	10.62.160.0 - 10.62.191.255	10.63.160.0 - 10.63.191.255				
10.60.192.0 - 10.60.223.255	10.61.192.0 - 10.61.223.255	10.62.192.0 - 10.62.223.255	10.63.192.0 - 10.63.223.255				
10.60.224.0 - 10.60.225.255	10.61.224.0 - 10.61.225.255	10.62.224.0 - 10.62.225.255	10.63.224.0 - 10.63.225.255				

MID REGION SUB-NETWORKS

(Orange=State Range

Blue=Vacancy

Red=Reserved)

**MID Region intra-Regional Links (Point to Point)**

No.	Sub-Network	Connected Route	Host / State	IP Address
1	10.63.224. 0 /30	<b>Bahrain - Riyadh</b>	--	10.63.224.0
			Bahrain	10.63.224.1
			Riyadh	10.63.224.2
			--	10.63.224.3
			--	10.63.224.4
2	10.63.224. 4 /30	<b>Bahrain - Dammam</b>	Bahrain	10.63.224.5
			Dammam	10.63.224.6
			--	10.63.224.7
			--	10.63.224.8
			Bahrain	10.63.224.9
3	10.63.224. 8 /30	<b>Bahrain - Jeddah</b>	Jeddah	10.63.224.10
			--	10.63.224.11
			--	10.63.224.12
			Bahrain	10.63.224.13
			Kuwait	10.63.224.14
4	10.63.224. 12 /30	<b>Bahrain - Kuwait</b>	--	10.63.224.15
			--	10.63.224.16
			Bahrain	10.63.224.17
			Doha1	10.63.224.18
			--	10.63.224.19
5	10.63.224. 16 /30	<b>Bahrain – Doha1</b>	--	10.63.224.20
			Bahrain	10.63.224.21
			Doha2	10.63.224.22
			--	10.63.224.23
			--	10.63.224.24
6	10.63.224. 20 /30	<b>Bahrain – Doha2</b>	Bahrain	10.63.224.25
			AbuDhabi1	10.63.224.26
			--	10.63.224.27
			--	10.63.224.28
			Bahrain	10.63.224.29
7	10.63.224. 24 /30	<b>Bahrain – AbuDhabi1</b>	AbuDhabi2	10.63.224.30
			--	10.63.224.31
			Bahrain	10.63.224.29
			AbuDhabi2	10.63.224.30
			--	10.63.224.31
8	10.63.224. 28 /30	<b>Bahrain – AbuDhabi2</b>	--	10.63.224.31

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No.	Sub-Network	Connected Route	Host / State	IP Address
9	10.63.224. 32 /30	<b>Bahrain – Tehran</b>	--	10.63.224.32
			Bahrain	10.63.224.33
			Tehran	10.63.224.34
			--	10.63.224.35
<i>7 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.36/30 – 10.63.224.63/30)</i>				
10	10.63.224. 64 /30	<b>Egypt – Amman</b>	--	10.63.224.64
			Egypt	10.63.224.65
			Amman	10.63.224.66
			--	10.63.224.67
11	10.63.224. 68 /30	<b>Egypt – Jeddah1</b>	--	10.63.224.68
			Egypt	10.63.224.69
			Jeddah1	10.63.224.70
			--	10.63.224.71
12	10.63.224. 72 /30	<b>Egypt – Jeddah2</b>	--	10.63.224.72
			Egypt	10.63.224.73
			Jeddah2	10.63.224.74
			--	10.63.224.75
13	10.63.224. 76 /30	<b>Egypt – Riyadh</b>	--	10.63.224.76
			Egypt	10.63.224.77
			Riyadh	10.63.224.78
			--	10.63.224.79
<i>12 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.80/30 – 10.63.224.127/30)</i>				
14	10.63.224. 128 /30	<b>Iran - Iraq</b>	--	10.63.224. 128
			Iran	10.63.224. 129
			Iraq	10.63.224. 130
			--	10.63.224. 131
15	10.63.224. 132 /30	<b>Iran - Kuwait</b>	--	10.63.224. 132
			Iran	10.63.224. 133
			Kuwait	10.63.224. 134
			--	10.63.224. 135
<i>14 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.136/30 – 10.63.224.191/30)</i>				
16	10.63.224. 192 /30	<b>Jordan - Jeddah</b>	--	10.63.224. 192
			Jordan	10.63.224. 193
			Jeddah	10.63.224. 194

No.	Sub-Network	Connected Route	Host / State	IP Address
			--	10.63.224. 195
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.224.196/30 – 10.63.224.255/30)</b>				
17	10.63.225. 0 /30	<b>Kuwait - Iraq</b>	-- Kuwait Iraq	10.63.225.0 10.63.225.1 10.63.225.2
			--	10.63.225.3
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.4/30 – 10.63.225.63/30)</b>				
18	10.63.225. 64 /30	<b>Qatar – Abu Dhabi</b>	-- Qatar Abu Dhabi	10.63.225. 64 10.63.225. 65 10.63.225. 66
			--	10.63.225. 67
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.68/30 – 10.63.225.127/30)</b>				
19	10.63.225. 128 /30	<b>Saudi Arabia (Jeddah) - Muscat</b>	-- Jeddah Muscat	10.63.225.128 10.63.225.129 10.63.225.130
			--	10.63.225.131
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.132/30 – 10.63.225.191/30)</b>				
20	10.63.225. 192 /30	<b>UAE (Abu Dhabi) - Muscat</b>	-- Abu Dhabi Muscat	10.63.225. 192 10.63.225. 193 10.63.225. 194
			--	10.63.225. 195
<b>15 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.225.196/30 – 10.63.225.255/30)</b>				
--	10.64.226. 0 /30	<b>Lebanon</b>	--	--
<b>16 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.226.0/30 – 10.63.226.63/30)</b>				
--	10.63.226. 64 /30	<b>Sudan</b>	--	--
<b>16 Sub-Networks are reserved for future links (10.63.226.64/30 – 10.63.226.127/30)</b>				

**Remark:** In case of a new IP link between two states, both States will have to use the next available IP address range as specified in the above table.

## MID Region intra-Regional Links (Per State)

No.	State	Connected Route	Local Interface	Next Hop Interface
1	<b>Bahrain</b>	Bahrain - Riyadh	10.63.224.1	10.63.224.2
		Bahrain - Dammam	10.63.224.5	10.63.224.6
		Bahrain - Jeddah	10.63.224.9	10.63.224.10
		Bahrain - Kuwait	10.63.224.13	10.63.224.14
		Bahrain – Doha1	10.63.224.17	10.63.224.18
		Bahrain – Doha2	10.63.224.21	10.63.224.22
		Bahrain – AbuDhabi1	10.63.224.25	10.63.224.26
		Bahrain – AbuDhabi2	10.63.224.29	10.63.224.30
		Bahrain – Tehran	10.63.224.33	10.63.224.34
2	<b>Egypt</b>	Egypt-Amman	10.63.224.65	10.63.224.66
		Egypt-Jeddah1	10.63.224.69	10.63.224.70
		Egypt-Jeddah2	10.63.224.73	10.63.224.74
		Egypt-Riyadh	10.63.224.77	10.63.224.78
3	<b>Iran</b>	Iran-Iraq	10.63.224. 129	10.63.224. 130
		Iran-Kuwait	10.63.224. 133	10.63.224. 134
		Iran-Bahrain	10.63.224.34	10.63.224.33
4	<b>Iraq</b>	Iraq-iran	10.63.224. 130	10.63.224. 129
5	<b>Jordan</b>	Jordan - Jeddah	10.63.224. 193	10.63.224. 194
		Jordan - Cairo	10.63.224.66	10.63.224.65
6	<b>Kuwait</b>	Kuwait-Bahrain	10.63.224.14	10.63.224.13
		Kuwait-Iraq	10.63.225.1	10.63.225.2
		Kuwait-Iran	10.63.224. 134	10.63.224. 133
7	<b>Lebanon</b>	--	--	--
8	<b>Libya</b>	--	--	--
9	<b>Oman</b>	--	--	--

No.		Connected Route	Local Interface	Next Hop Interface
10	<b>Qatar</b>	Qatar-AbuDhabi	10.63.225. 65	10.63.225. 66
		Qatar-Bahrain1	10.63.224.18	10.63.224.17
		Qatar-Bahrain2	10.63.224.22	10.63.224.21
11	<b>Saudi Arabia</b>	Jeddah - Muscat	10.63.225.129	10.63.225.130
		Jeddah - Cairo1	10.63.224.70	10.63.224.69
		Jeddah - Cairo2	10.63.224.74	10.63.224.73
		Jeddah - Amman	10.63.224. 194	10.63.224. 193
		Jeddah - Bahrain	10.63.224.10	10.63.224.9
12	<b>Sudan</b>	--	--	--
13	<b>Syria</b>	--	--	--
14	<b>UAE</b>	UAE - Muscat	10.63.225. 193	10.63.225. 194
		UAE - Bahrain1	10.63.224.26	10.63.224.25
		UAE - Bahrain2	10.63.224.30	10.63.224.29
		UAE - Qatar	10.63.225. 66	10.63.225. 65
15	<b>Yemen</b>	--	--	--

**Impact of Changing Point-to-Point Ip address**

The corresponding point-to-point IP line will be down during IP replacement process

**Tips to Replace IP address**

- 1- Coordinate with the adjacent State to agree on IPs, Routing, etc.
- 2- Make a backup of current configuration of the network devices (Routers, Firewalls... etc.)

- 3- Simulate new configuration on test network devices if possible
- 4- Advise AFS operators about downtime duration & time (for data line) or the controller(for voice line), the AFS operator should direct TFC to alternative CCT, and controller to use alternative voice means(dialup, Backup voice line,...etc.)
- 5- Configure network device with new setting
- 6- Send test data and decide about its reliability
- 7- Advise about its availability.

### IP Change Schedule

No	State	Old IP	New IP	Net Mask	Router Type	Target date to change	State to connect to	Circuit speed	Circuit number	Type of Circuit	ISP	State Contact
1	<b>Bahrain</b>											
2	<b>Egypt</b>											
3	<b>Iran</b>											
4	<b>Iraq</b>											
5	<b>Jordan</b>											
6	<b>Kuwait</b>											
7	<b>Lebanon</b>											
8	<b>Libya</b>											
9	<b>Oman</b>											
10	<b>Qatar</b>											
11	<b>Saudi Arabia</b>											
12	<b>Sudan</b>											
13	<b>Syria</b>											
14	<b>UAE</b>											
15	<b>Yemen</b>											