

# Gender equality in aviation The EU perspective











# ONLY 22% OF EU TRANSPORT WORKERS ARE WOMEN!

#### SHARE BY GENDER AND TRANSPORT MODE:



LAND TRANSPORT

**AIR TRANSPORT** 

**WATERBONE TRANSPORT** 



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Mobility and Transport CONNECTING



## Differences between occupations

40 % of female workers in aviation

But the proportion of female workers is extremely low in more technical professions such as pilots (world average for pilots 4-5%).



## Gender balance, a common goal

- One of the few topics on which Unions, employers and policy makers all agree even if their focus may be different
- If we improve gender balance, this will benefit all workers, including male workers.
- Studies show that organizations with inclusive cultures have greater innovation, creativity and results as well as a lower turnover.
- We need to use all talents for the future of the sector



## What are the obstacles to a more balanced workforce (1)?

#### Culture/image/stereotypes

- Outcome of a survey and group sessions with students (aged 16-18) and young workers (aged 19-25).
- Overall conclusion: young people do not know transport jobs well lack of knowledge about the requirements and selection procedure
- Aviation got the most positive associations overall: "glamorous", "excitement", "travel". Also associated with "well paid", "highly qualified" and "great responsibilities" (except for ground staff).
- However, persistence of gender stereotypical jobs (this explains why there are more female cabin attendants than female pilots even though the family constraints are similar for both professions)



## What are the obstacles to a more balanced workforce (2)?

#### **Working conditions**

- -Work-life balance: mobile workers, night and week-end shifts.
- -Violence both from colleagues (incl. managers) and from customers. Also in aviation!
- -Recruitment, pay and career opportunities

3 key stages Interest before entering the profession (including the cost of studies to become a pilot), entering and working, remaining during one's career



## What are the tools provided by the EU to tackle the issue? (1) Horizontal tools

- EU Treaty: Equality between women and men is one of the European Union's founding values.
- EU legislation
- -In force e.g. equal pay (Directive 2006/54/EC on the implementation of the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment of men and women in matters of employment and occupation)
- -Proposed: Work-life balance for working parents and carers (April 2017)
- -See also: FAQ What is the EU doing for women's rights and gender equality? http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release\_MEMO-18-1602\_en.htm
- Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Istanbul Convention). All EU Member States and the EU have signed it but not all EU countries have yet ratified it.



## (2) Transport specific, action oriented, tools for EU stakeholders

• The online **Declaration** to ensure equal opportunities for women and men in the transport sector

Can be signed online

- The online module to share good practices on the Europa Website
- The Women in Transport EU Platform for change

More advanced cooperation tool to increase the employment of women in the sector





#### **Specific objectives of the Platform**

- Raising awareness
- Collecting gender disaggregated data
- Improving the opportunities for female employees, for women-owned companies and for women in managerial positions; increasing the number of women in decision-making positions.
- Improving working conditions to attract and retain women in the sector by providing better work-life balance, zero tolerance to violence, equal recruitment, pay, training and career opportunities, quality of the working environment and facilities
- Changing Culture to eliminate gender stereotypes and make the sector appealing to women (within the company and in the society).





## An action oriented tool

- Platform members commit to taking specific actions: 19 (EU only!) members from EU transport organisations representing employers and workers (e.g. CANSO, ECA and ETF), 4 EU Member States (AT, HR, ES including the Spanish Aviation Safety Agency, SE) and an EU Agency (ERA) until now
- Actions have to be SMART Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic and Time-bound
- Examples of actions: gender neutral vacancies, developing a gender equality plan, improving sanitary facilities, setting targets for the employment of women, launching a campaign, organising open days, implementing a "zero tolerance to violence" policy, etc



## What can stakeholders get from participating?

- Peer advice
- -Consultation phase before an action starts: applications are circulated to other Platform members. Suggestions can be made by the Platform members/secretariat during a period of two months after receipt of the application.
- During and at the end of an action: exchange of feedback and results (lessons learnt, transferable elements)
- Enhanced visibility (including the use of the Platform label)



#### The Logo of the Platform:









## For further information

• Platform Website:

https://ec.europa.eu/transport/themes/social/women-transport-eu-platform-change



Contact: MOVE-more-women-in-transport@ec.europa.eu





## Thank you!