

GREENING U.S. AVIATION



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Initiative (CAAFL)*

*Presented to: ICAO Colloquium on Aviation and Climate Change
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ICAO: UNITING AVIATION ON CLIMATE CHANGE

**ACT >>>
GLOBAL**

**ICAO Colloquium on
Aviation and Climate Change**

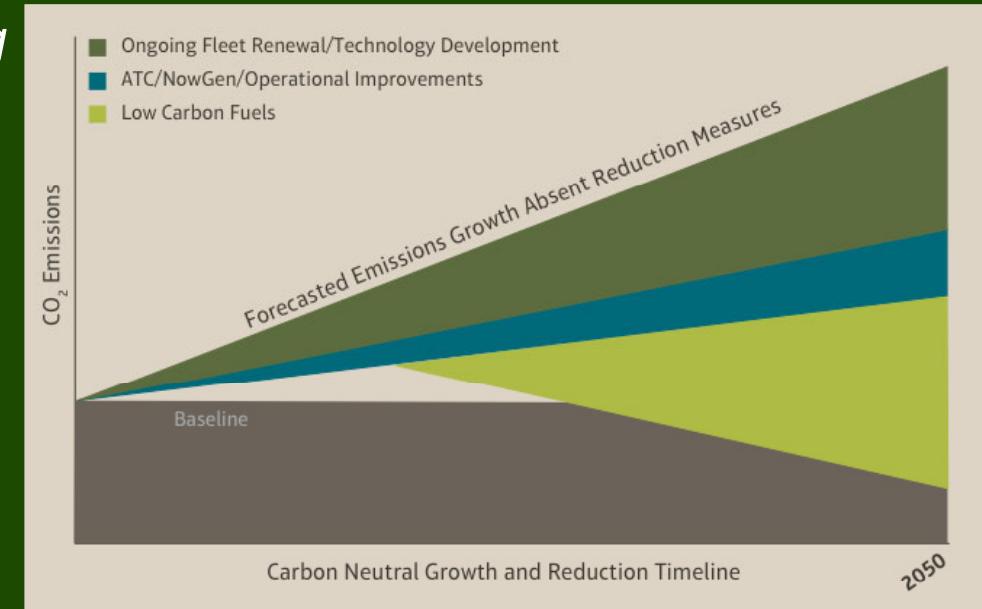
GREENING U.S. AVIATION

The Challenge:

- *Enable increased mobility while reducing environmental impacts in absolute terms*

The Solution - U.S. five-pillar approach

- Mature New Aircraft Technology
- Accelerate Operational Changes
- **Develop Alternative Fuels**
- Examine Policies and Market Based Measures
- Advance Scientific Understanding, Improve Environmental Analysis Capability



Our Plans

- Aggressive efficiency improvements of at least 2% per year
- Carbon neutral growth by 2020, absolute reductions by 2050
- Aircraft and engine CO₂ and other emissions standards

Alternative Fuels



GREENING U.S. AVIATION

*Can alternative fuels provide aviation
with a sustainable source of energy to power both
the fleet of today and that of tomorrow?*

WHY AVIATION ALTERNATIVE FUELS?

- Aviation assured market for hydrocarbon liquid fuels
- Environmental need
- Concentrated airport distribution
- Aviation systems engineering/risk management experience
- Single ICAO regulatory environmental framework to ensure Global standards
- Committed industry and government investments to test and qualify viable alternative fuels candidates
- Strong leadership from the industry

WHAT HAVE WE ACHIEVED RECENTLY?

- Developed advanced biofuels that are safe for aviation and could be grown in a sustainable manner
- Approval of a new synthetic jet fuel specification (ASTM D7566) –
 - Fisher-Tropsch alternatives now approved
 - hydroprocessed renewable jet (HRJ) expected soon
- Multiple flights on these fuels

Commercial Aviation Alternative Fuels Initiative (CAAFI)

- Coalition of airlines, aircraft and engine manufacturers, energy producers, researchers, international participant, and U.S. government agencies
- Leading development and deployment of alternative jet fuels for commercial aviation

CAAFI

Members

Aircraft OEMs

Aircraft Engine OEMs

Aircraft Equip Cos

NRC Canada

ANP Brazil

Bauhaus

UK MoD

NIST

NASA

DESC

USAF

US Army

DARPA

USN

USDA

DOE

DOC

EPA

Energy Companies

Bio-Fuels Companies

Oil Companies

IATA

NetJets

Air Cargo

Airlines

ALPA

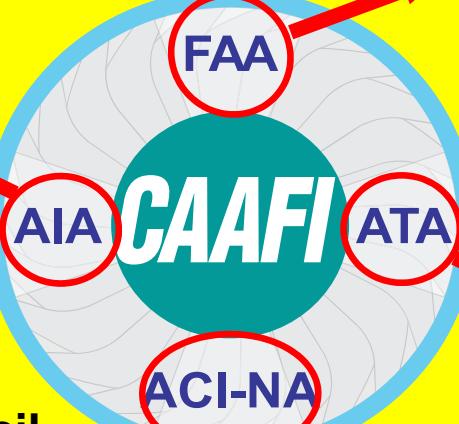
Airport Operators

ASTM

CRC

Aerospace
Industries
Association

Airports Council
International –
North America



Federal Aviation
Administration

Air Transport
Association

Sponsors

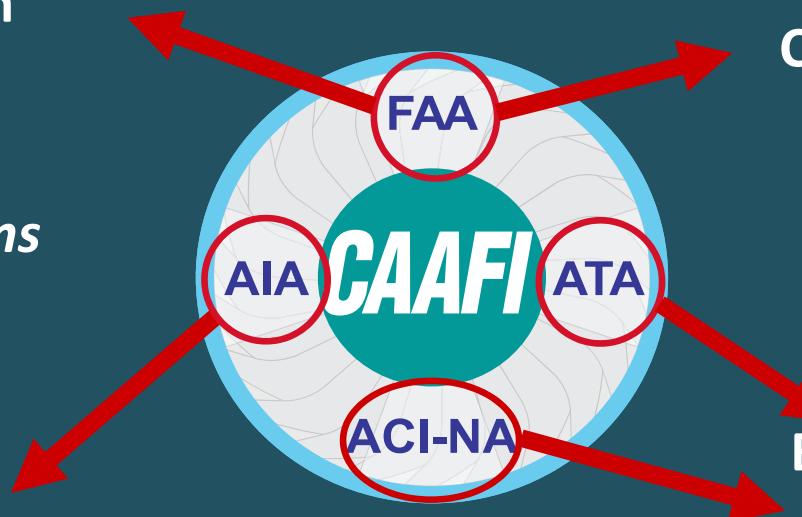
CAAFI COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH

Structure addresses challenges to adoption

Environmental Team



*GHG Life Cycle
Analyses, Emissions
Quantification*



Certification-Qualification Team



ASTM D7566

Business & Economics Team



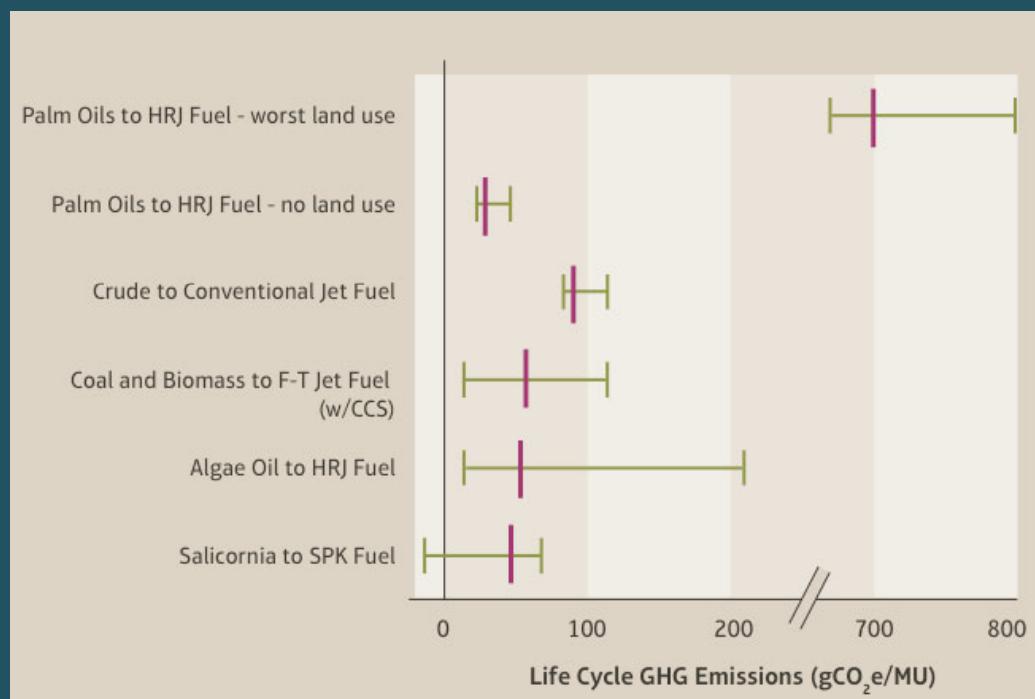
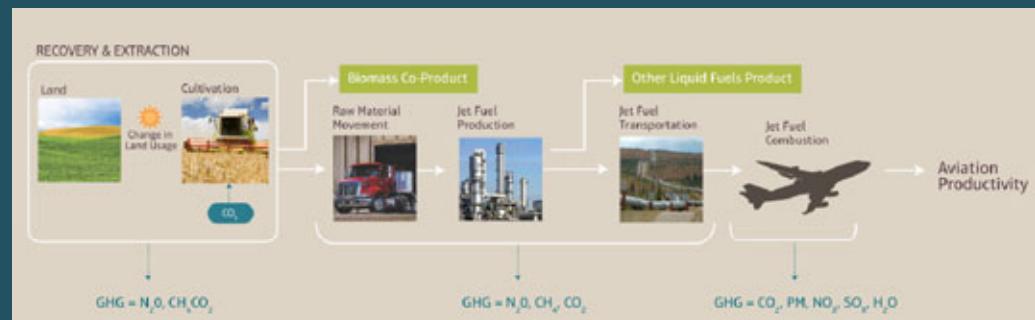
*Facilitating
Deployment,
Investment*

R&D Team

Multiple "Drop-in" Solutions

WHAT ARE WE DOING NOW?

- Researchers measuring “well-to-wake” lifecycle GHG emissions
- Purchasing of fuels from camelina and algae for more extensive testing
- Properties testing for early R&D fuels
- Considerable capital devoted to developing new biofuels
- Airline fuel purchasing agreements for renewable diesel, and alternative jet fuels



LIFE CYCLE ANALYSES RESOLUTION LEVELS

Increasing data quality, effort, and confidence in analysis results

Level 3
Screening

Conducted in support of a preliminary assessment of a technology alternative, to inform policy makers about research funding.

Level 2
Standard

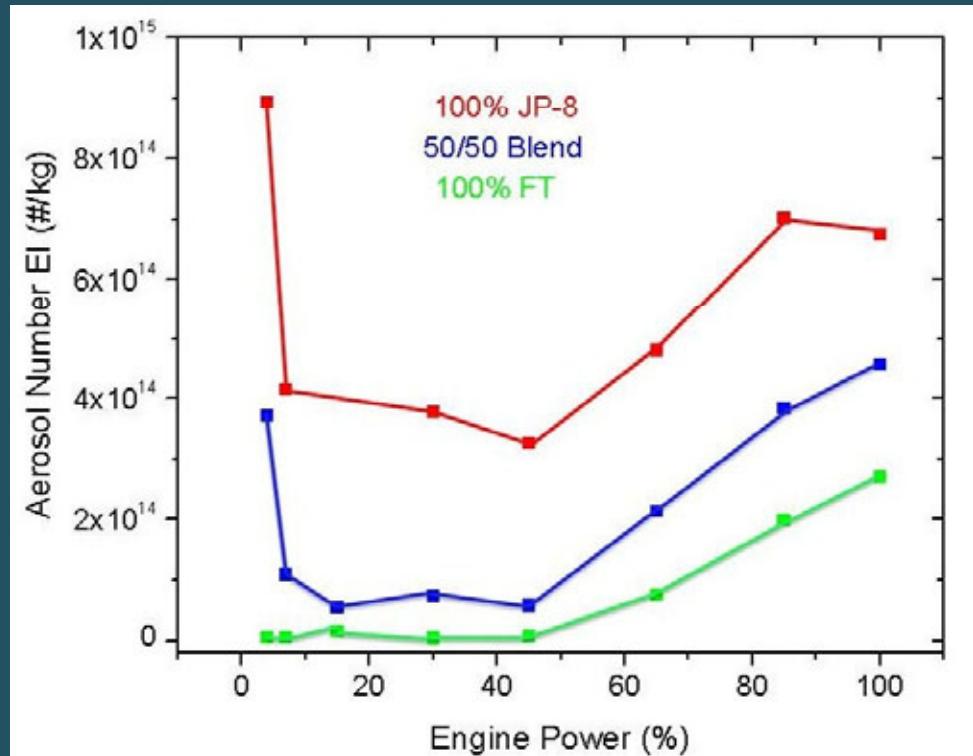
All major operations examined, but with a lower degree of completeness and data quality than comprehensive LCA.

Level 1
Comprehensive

Conducted to meet regulation.

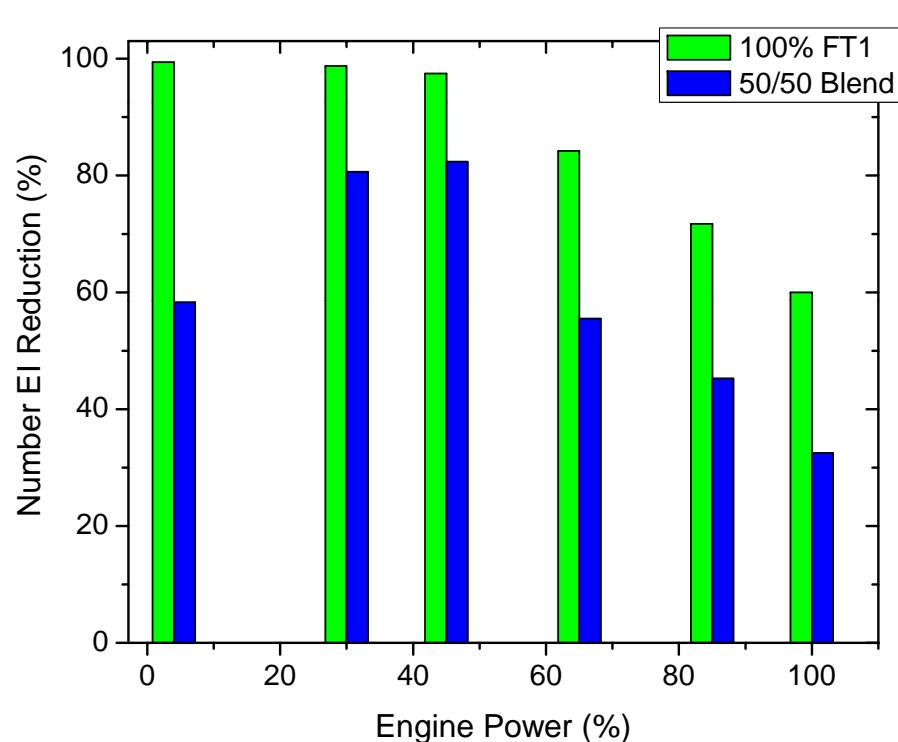


LIFE CYCLE ANALYSES ALSO INCLUDES AIR QUALITY BENEFITS (1)



Number emissions 98% lower
at idle, 40% at takeoff power
Emission reduction

Differences in emissions greatest at idle, less at higher engine powers

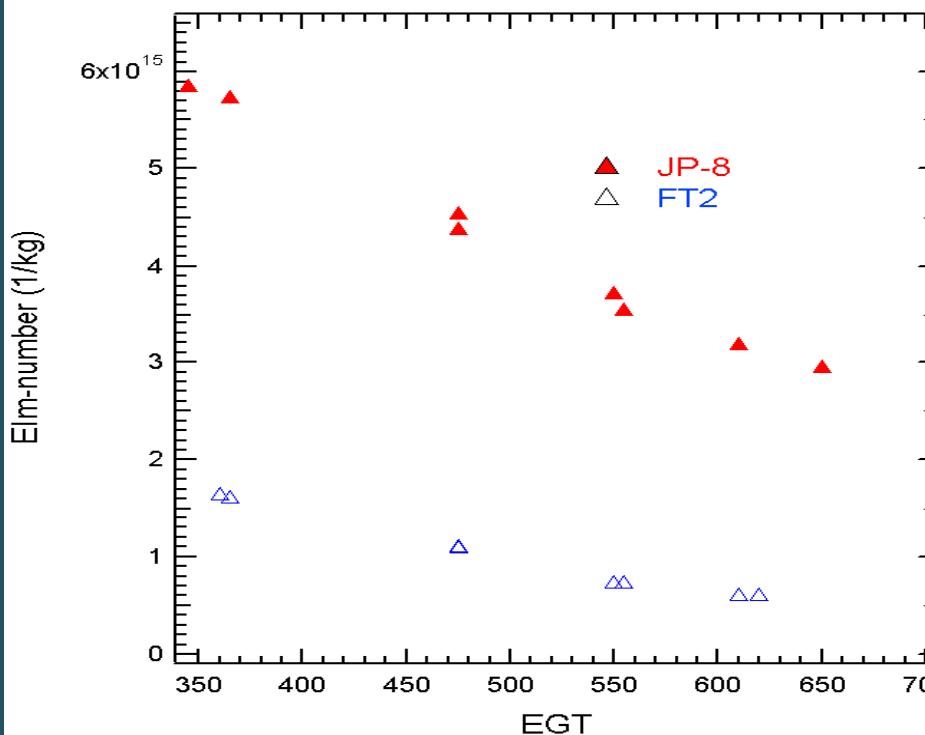


FT (FT1) = Shell (natural gas)

50:50 blend

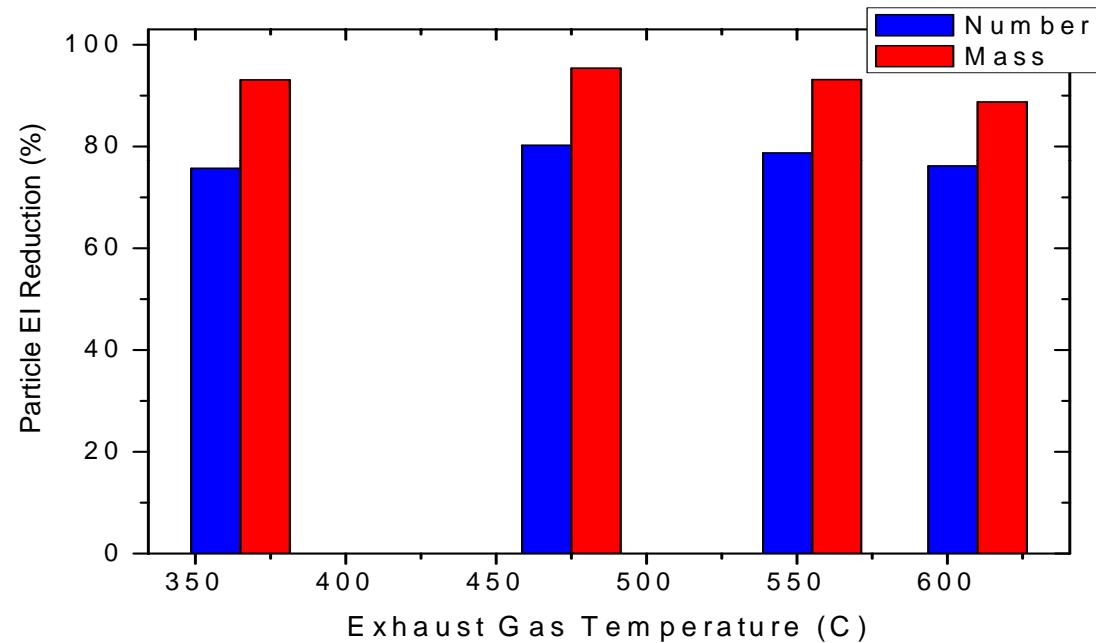
Shell: JP8

LIFE CYCLE ANALYSES ALSO INCLUDES AIR QUALITY BENEFITS (2)



- Mass emissions 90% lower when burning FT fuel
- Number emissions ~70% lower when burning FT fuel

** FT2 = Sasol (coal)

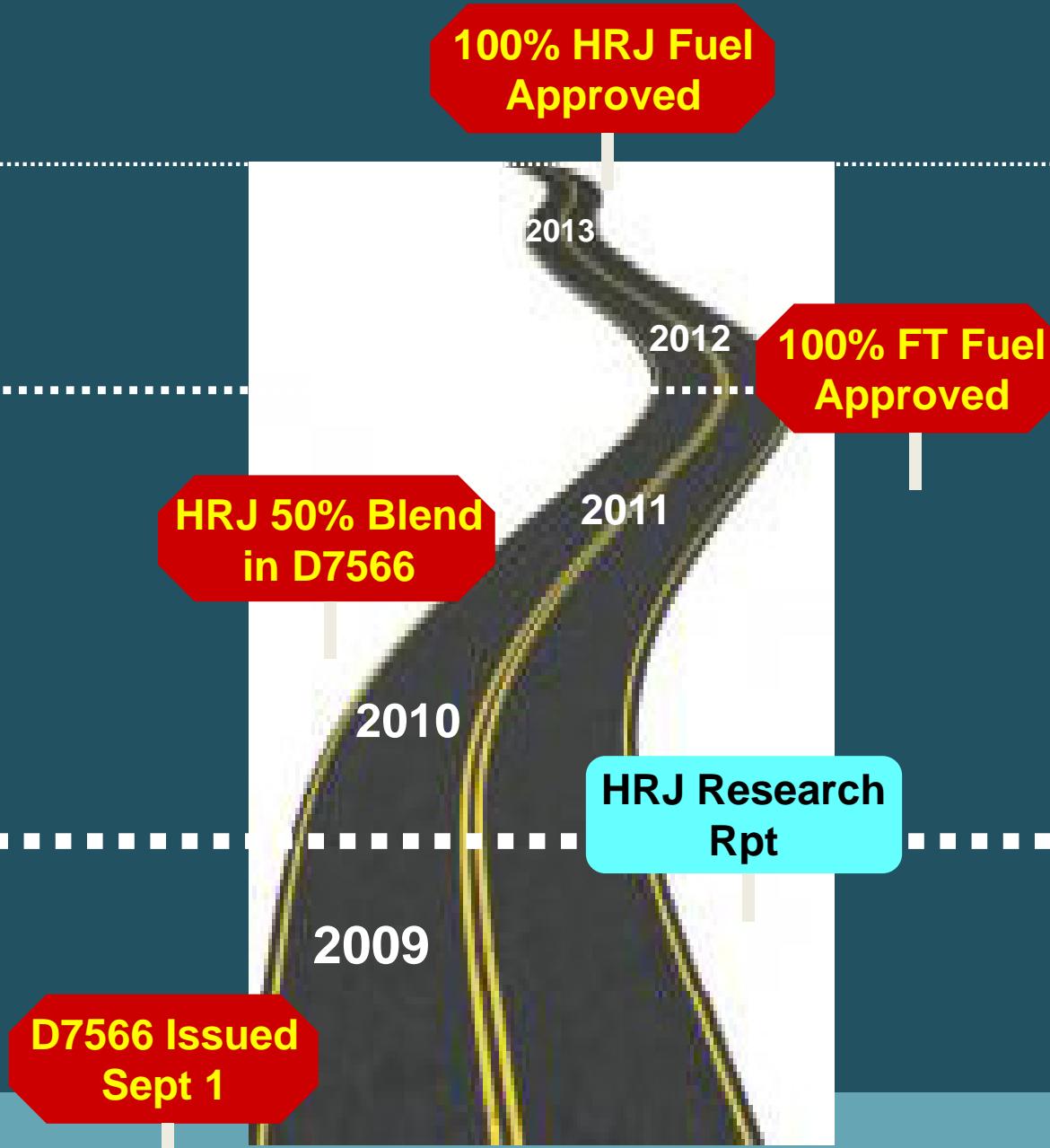


Recent Air Quality Results: APU Emissions

IMPORTANCE OF QUALIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION

- Establishes standardized specifications for control of aviation fuel properties and composition.
- Industry uses specifications for quality control of aviation fuel as it travels through the distribution system.
- Civil Airworthiness Authorities (CAAs) use fuel specifications to ensure the safety of aircraft operations.

TARGETED QUALIFICATION TIMING

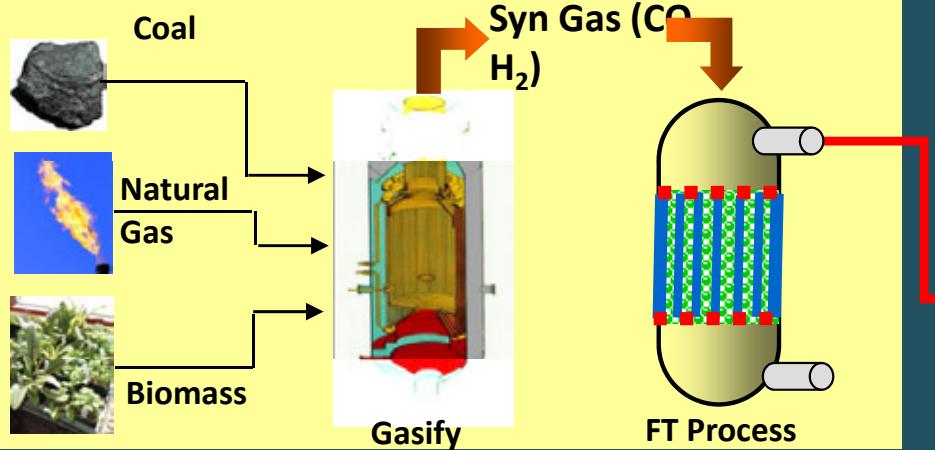


CURRENT ALTERNATIVE JET FUEL PROCESSING

Petroleum



Fischer-Tropsch (FT)



Conventional Refinery Processes



Crude Oil



Syn-Crude



Bio-Crude



Jet Fuel

Hydroprocessed Renewable Jet (HRJ) from Bio-Oils

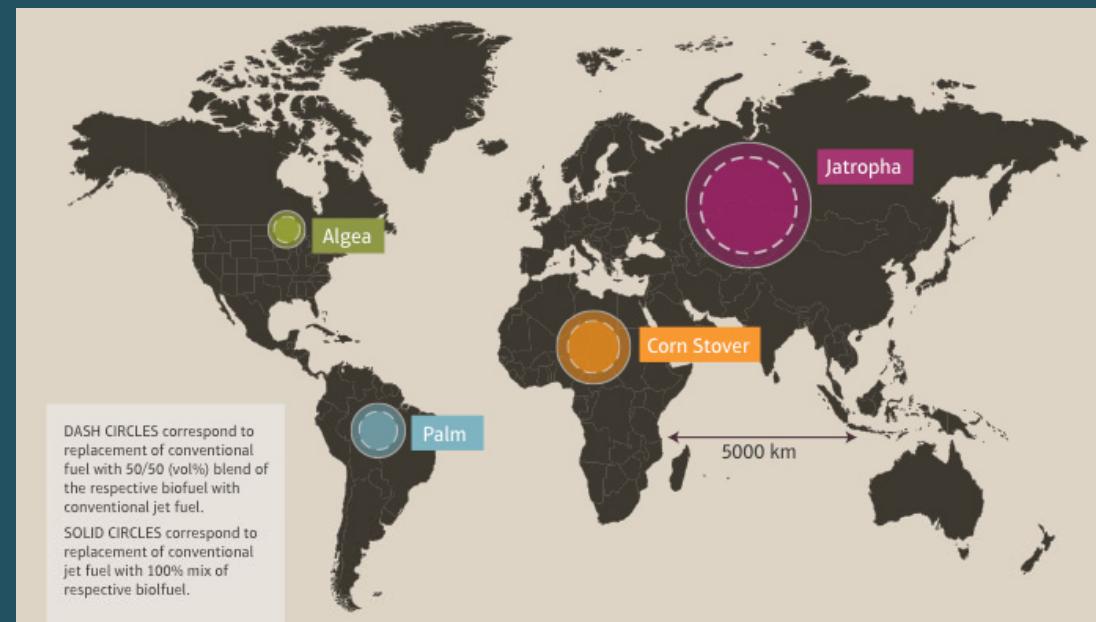


Hydroprocessing

WHAT IS COMING NEXT?

- Sustainable biofuels avoid competition for food and fresh water
- Advanced bio-based jet fuels from camelina, jatropha pave the way
- Bio-based synthetic fuels with coal and carbon capture and sequestration could reduce GHG emissions and be cost-competitive
- Salicornia to synthetic fuel could be grown in the desert with sea water
- Sugars/cellulose to synthetic fuels via advanced fermentation
- Algae holds tremendous potential

*Technology exists to create alternative jet fuels compatible with today's aircraft;
Fuel feedstocks being evaluated to determine their environmental sustainability.*



ALTERNATIVE FUELS GLOBAL POTENTIAL

*For starter in
Latin America via
Inter-American
Development
Bank*



Target +10 projects globally

Alternative Fuels



A NEW SUSTAINABLE FUEL DYNAMIC

...EMERGING, GROWING

