



Airport Environmental Management – An Overview

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Airport Environmental Management

- 1. Noise
- 2. Local Air Quality
- 3. Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- 4. Water
- 5. Solid Waste
- 6. Other Issues







1 Noise - Overview

Aircraft Noise Management

 Reducing actual noise levels using aircraft modernization and flight track management

Land Use Planning

 Reducing the number of people subject to high noise levels

Community and Communications

Improving community understanding, attitudes and acceptance of airport activity

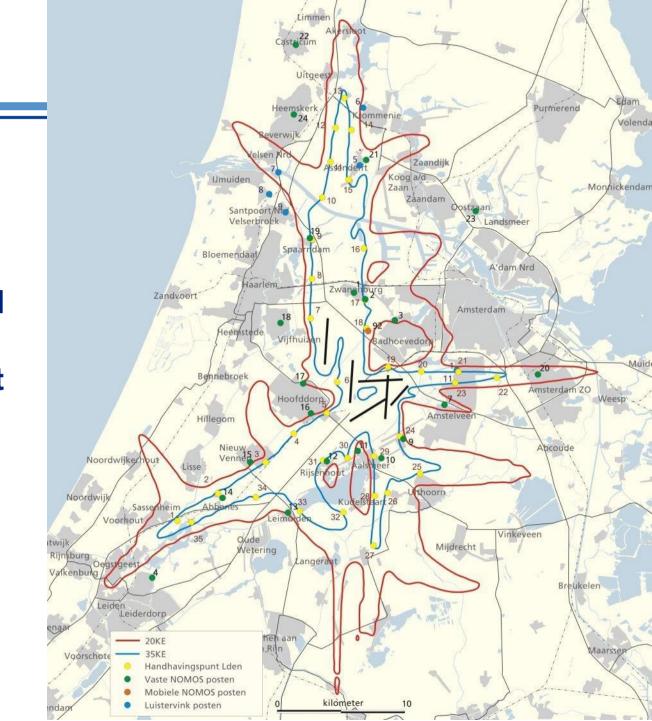


1 Noise

Managing noise

- Runway use
- Tracks to avoid urban areas
- Modern aircraft fleet

(Schiphol AMS)

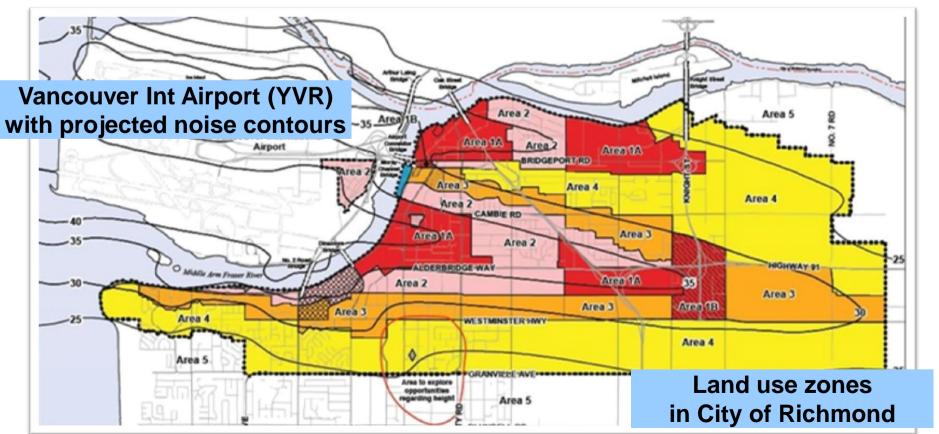






1 Noise - Land Use Planning

- Local government authorities zone the land.
- Need to avoid residences, schools and hospitals in noise affected areas.

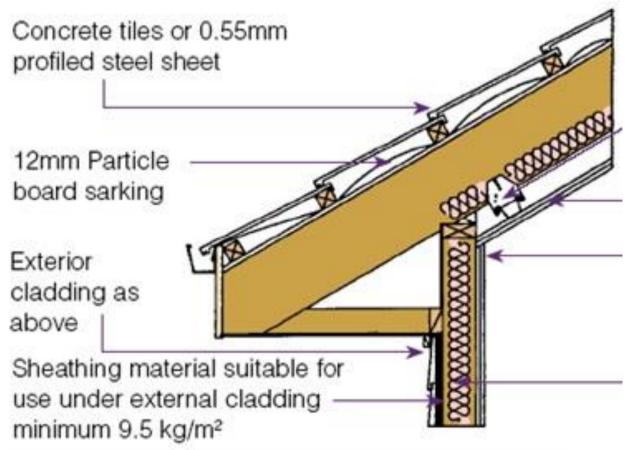






1 Noise - Land Use Planning

Sound insulation and ventilation of existing and new housing (only a partial solution)







1 Noise - Community and Communications

- Informing and interacting with communities
- Airport website
- Managing complaints and noise forums
- Focus on Sustainability elements Impacts and Benefits on Environment, Society and Economics
- Noise-tracking web sites
- Clear, transparent and up to date information





1 Noise Tracking Websites

WebTrak

Airports are increasingly realizing that community engagement is more and more important to the operations of the airport. The growing challenge is how to manage this continuous engagement to realize the best results for both the general public and the airport.

Lochard has launched the first in a series of low-risk subscription services aimed at improving and maintaining valuable dialogue with the airport's external stakeholders. This takes the pressure off your operations team and eases the pressure for your management team.

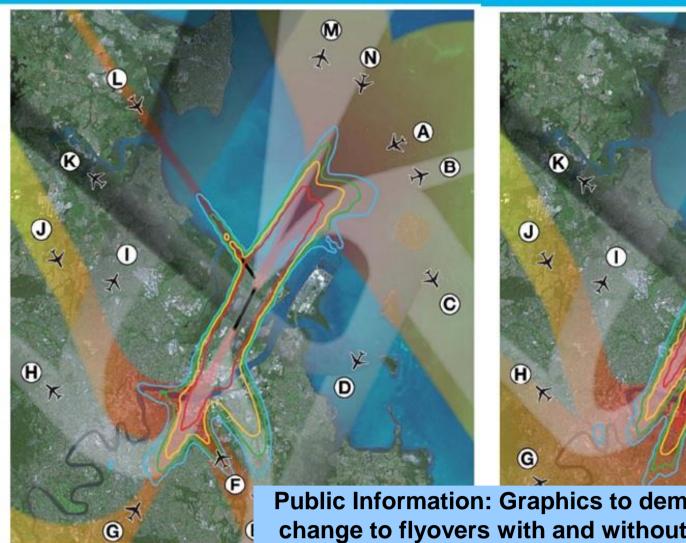
WebTrak provides live aircraft movements. It gives the community access to flight and noise data and reduces the need and time for airport employees to explain where aircraft actually fly, how often, who they are and where they go.

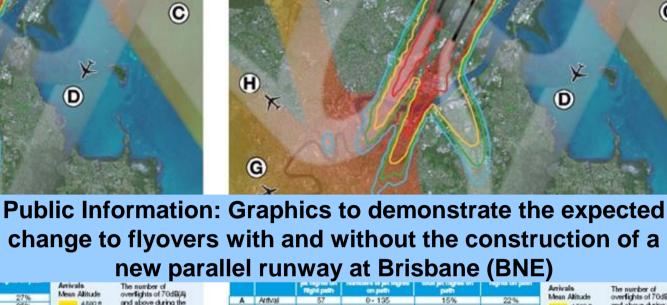
Read more ...



PRINT







Arrivals The number of overlights of 70dB(A) Meun Altitude overlights of 70dB(A) 0 - 133 and above during the and above during the 0 - 22 indicated time period indicated time period Departure Departure 0 - 110 5 to 9 overfights 0 - 125 0 - 108 10 to 19 overflights Departures Departures 20 to 49 overflight Mean Alitude 60 or more Mean Altitude 0 - 1750 от тике Departure 12,000 ft Departure Departure





2 Local Air Quality (LAQ) - Overview

Regulations/Guidance

- Permitted air quality pollutant levels
 Inventory
- Identify sources and quantities of emissions
 LAQ Assessment
 - Monitoring pollutant concentrations
- Modelling dispersion source to receptor
 Mitigation of Sources
 - Actions to reduce emissions





2 LAQ - Regional Regulation

Example limits on local pollutant concentrations – µg/m3

	SO ₂		NO ₂		CO		PM10	
	1 hr	1 yr	1 hr	1yr	1 hr	8 hr	1 d	1 yr
WHO	125	-	200	40	30	10	-	-
EU	350	20	200	40	-	10	50	40
Australia	520	50	220	50	-	10	50	-
Brazil	-	90	320	100	40	10	150	-
Canada	900	60	400	100	35	15	-	-

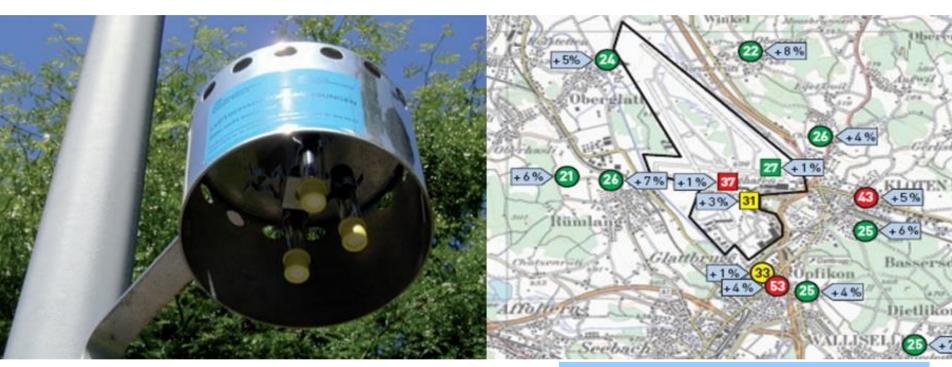




2 LAQ - Assessment - Measurement for Compliance

Monitoring (measuring) pollutant concentrations

Compliance with regulated limits



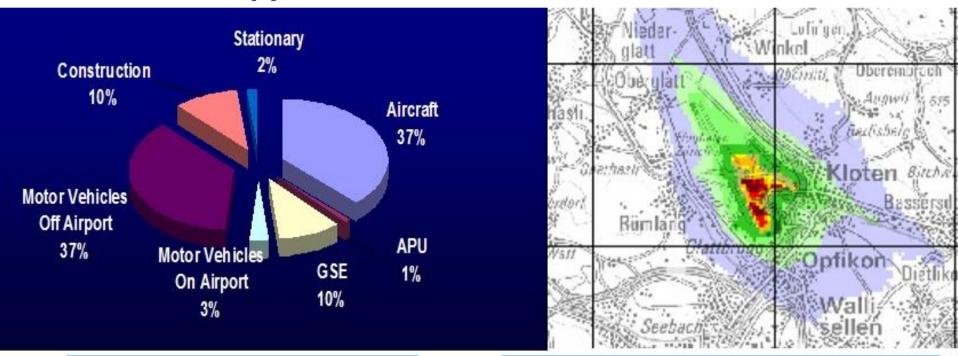
Red = points of non-compliance





2 LAQ – Modelling and Source Apportionment Modelling (calculating) pollutant concentrations

- Inventory of emissions sources
- Calculating physical and chemical dispersion
- Source apportionment







2 LAQ Mitigation – Reducing Emissions

Providing fixed electrical power (400Hz) and preconditioned air to aircraft at terminal gates replaces APU usage and allows engine switch-off.





2 LAQ Mitigation - Reducing Emissions

Automated metro line between terminals and train station replaces shuttle buses for 140 000 PAX per day.
Reduction of 2500 t CO2 and 15 t NOx per year.

(Paris CDG)







2 LAQ Mitigation – Reducing Emissions

Ground vehicle fleet replacement – CNG, SULEV, Hybrid and Electric vehicles.

Rapid recharge station for Electric Vehicles (DFW Dallas Fort Worth)







3 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Management

ACI Guidance Manual

ACERT Inventory Tool

Airport Carbon Accreditation

- Certification of achievements

More detail will be provided in the ICAO State Action Plan Workshop tomorrow.





3 GHG Guidance Manual

- Emissions Categories
 Scopes 1, 2, and 3
- Inventory
- Goal Setting
- Reducing emissions
- Carbon Neutrality
- Reporting and Certification

Also ES and FR www.aci.aero



Guidance Manual: Airport Greenhouse Gas Emissions Management







3 GHG Inventory



ACERT v2.0

Do-It-Yourself Airport Emissions Inventory Tool Developed by ACI and

Transport Canada

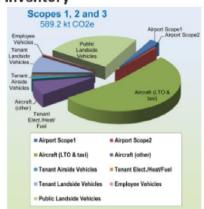
Free, no expertise required

Email: acert@aci.aero

Airport Carbon and Emissions Reporting Tool 2011 ACERT Seattle-Tacoma International Airport Country: United States 314 947 31.3 g CO2/kWh Report Date: Eme Eactor Passengers: 32 819 798 Greenhouse Gases (t CH. 0.2% Airport Airside Vehicles Airport Buildings (gas/oil/coal) 0.0% Airport Emergency Generator 4 537 Airport Electricity Purchase 20.238 307 489 Tenant Aircraft (LTO & taxi) 316.316 Tenant Aircraft APU 43.359 Tenants Tenant Aircraft Engine Run-ups 456 0.04 (including Tenant Aircraft De-icing airlines Tenant Airside Vehicles novernment Tenant Buildings (gas/oil/coal) 2.827 0.03 0.03 2,837 shops etc.) and enant Electricity Purchase Employees Tenant Fire Training Tenant Landside Vehicles 50.024 3.142 1.14 0.26 Airport Employee Vehicles 425,634 Cars, taxi (including Bus, shuttles 12.181 1.05 12.510 Acces Passengers) Vehicles. TOTAL 589 180 73.47 t CO. CO., % Total CO_{3e} Emissions (t) Summary Airport Scope 2.66% The aircraft emissions calculations were based on generic aircraft data 4 537 0.77% Airport Scope 2 (* Data for illustration only)

Airport GHG Inventory





THANKS

ACERT was initially developed by Transport Canada and its consultant EBA with the Canadian Airports Council. A global version was developed with the further assistance of Zurich Airport and Toronto Pearson Airport.



Transport Canada













3 GHG - Airport Carbon Accreditation

Carbon management standard designed for the airport industry.

Level 1: Mapping



Inventory of airport emissions

Level 2: Reduction



Mitigation of airport-owned emissions

Level 3: Optimisation



Involving stakeholders in emissions reduction

Level 3+: Neutrality



Offsetting residual airport emissions

www.airportcarbonaccreditation.org





3 Airport Carbon Accreditation

- Launched by ACI Europe in 2009
- Also available in Asia-Pacific and Africa regions
- ACERT v2.0 approved for Airport Carbon
 Accreditation Level 1 (Mapping) and Level 2
 (Reduction)
- Independently administered

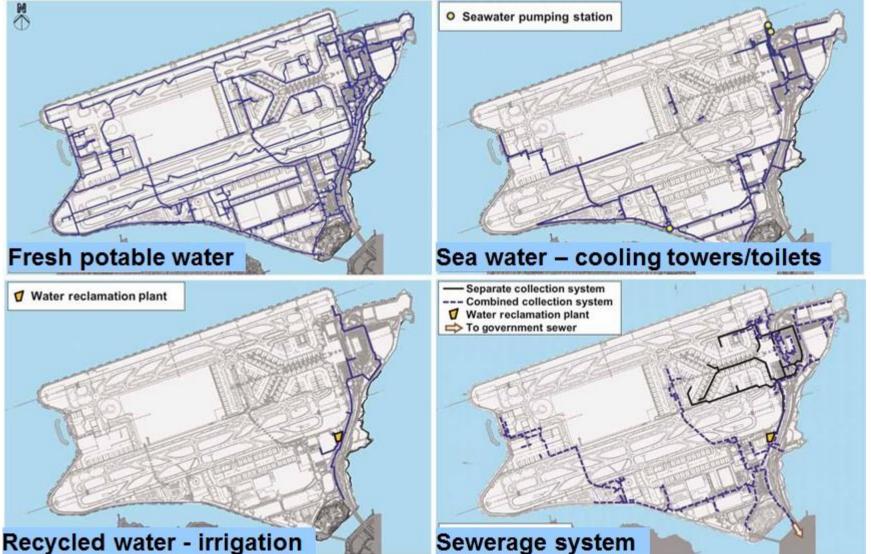








4 Water - Use - Triple supply system at Hong Kong (HKG)



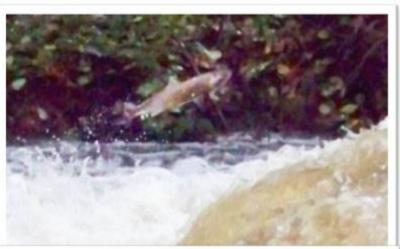




4 Water - Storm Water Management - SeaTac (SEA)

- Capture
- Storage
- Treatment
- Outflow control











5 Waste Management

Identifying waste streams

- Terminal, deplaned, office, maintenance
- Hazardous materials

Reducing waste production

Awareness











5 Waste Management

Waste Hierarchy Reuse Recycling

 Paper, cardboard, aluminium, composting









6 Other Environmental Matters

Planning and Development

- Wildlife and habitat
- Historical and archeological issues

Emergency Planning and Response

- Hazardous Materials
- Spill Management
- Soil and water contamination

Proactive Environmental Initiatives

- Operating and life-cycle costs
- Occupational Health and Safety





Gracias Thanks

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