



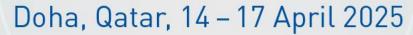








# ICAO Facilitation Conference













#### **ICAO Facilitation Conference**

Doha, Qatar, 14 – 17 April 2025









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ETIAS Central Unit Division Frontex





# Challenges with European border management

- No reliable information on who comes to the Schengen area
- ... and when they leave
- No reliable way to identify overstayers
- Result: security gap







# Interoperability architecture

#### **Existing systems**

- Schengen Information System (SIS)
- Visa Information System (VIS)
- New Eurodac (Q2 2026\*)
- Europol databases

#### **New systems**

- ECRIS-TCN (Q1 2026\*)
- Entry/Exit System (Q4 2025\*)
- European Travel Information and Authorisation System (ETIAS) (Q4 2026\*)

#### **Challenge**

- Making these systems talk to each other
- Ensuring that there is only one profile per individual

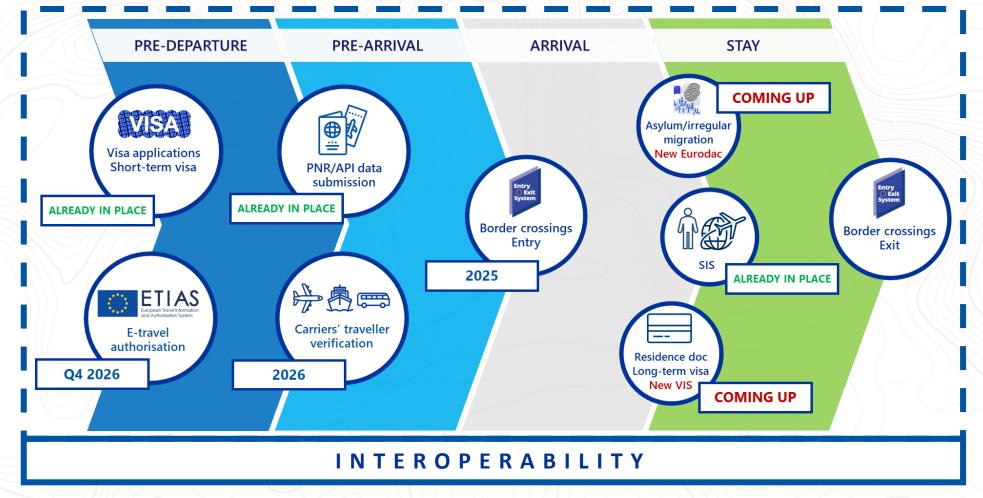






<sup>\*</sup> All dates are indicative to be confirmed by the Commission and/or legislator

# Interoperability architecture







# **European Travel Information** and Authorisation System (ETIAS)

- Established by the Regulation (EU) 2018/1240, hosted by **Frontex**
- Strengthens Europe's internal security while facilitating the movement of bona fide travellers
- 4 EU institutions and 30 European countries involved
- Entry into operation (Q4 2026\*)
  - \* Dates is indicative to be confirmed by the Commission and/or legislator









and Authorisation System











#### ETIAS affects 1.4 billion potential visa-free travellers

- Albania
- Antigua and Barbuda
- Argentina
- **Australia**
- Bahamas
- Barbados
- Bosnia and Herzegovina
- Brazil
- **Brunei**
- Canada
- Chile
- Colombia
- Costa Rica
- **Dominica**
- El Salvador
- ## Georgia
- Grenada
- Guatemala
- Honduras
- Hong Kong

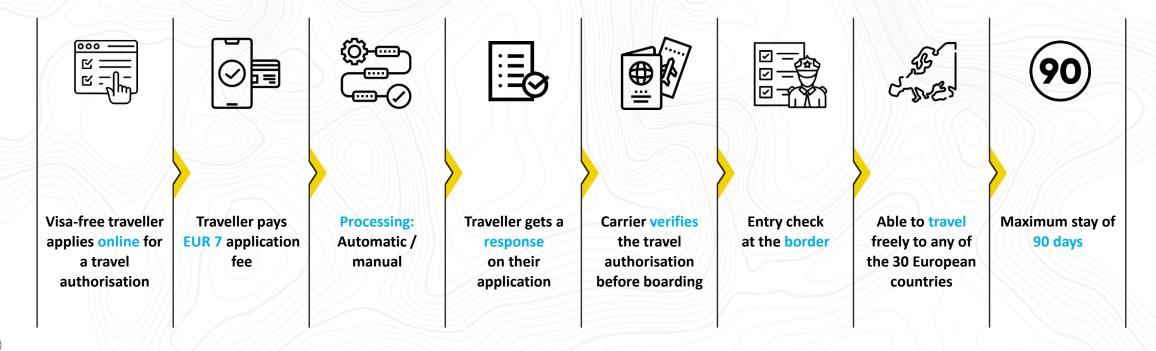
- Israel
- Japan Kiribati
- Kosovo
- Macao
- Malaysia
- Marshall Islands
- Mauritius
- Mexico
- Micronesia
- Moldova Moldova
- Montenegro
- New Zealand
- Nicaragua
- 💥 North Macedonia
- Palau
- **Panama**
- Paraguay
- Peru
- Saint Kitts and Nevis

- Saint Lucia
- Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
- Samoa
- Serbia Serbia
- SeychellesSingapore
- Solomon Islands
- South Korea
- Taiwan
- Timor-Leste
  - Tonga
- Trinidad and Tobago
- **Tuvalu**
- Ukraine
- United Kingdom
- United States of America
- Uruguay
- Venezuela





#### How it will work

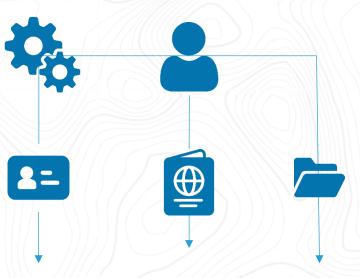






#### **Processing applications**

In most cases (about 95%), applications will be processed within minutes, but it could take up to 30 days



Checks against databases
(SIS/VIS/EUROPOL/EURODAC/ etc.)
+ ETIAS including screening rules
and watchlist





If there is a hit during the automated processing, the application will be manually handled by an operator of the ETIAS Central Unit and the ETIAS National Unit





# Risk screening

- Applicants screened against security, public health, and illegal immigration risks
- ETIAS Central Unit identifies and maintains risks,
   risk indicators and screening rules on European
   level will be extended to VIS as well
- Consultation with the ETIAS Screening Board and the ETIAS Fundamental Rights Guidance Board







## Data protection and management

- Applicants provide sensitive personal data
- Applicants can submit data subject requests via the ETIAS website
- ETIAS Central Unit:
  - o handles data subject requests
  - o ensures the data is accurate and up to date
  - o acts as data controller







#### **Carriers**

- New obligations for air, sea and coach carriers
- Electronic verification of travellers
  - New tool: carrier interface
- ETIAS Central Unit provides 24/7 support to carriers on the Entry/Exit System and ETIAS in English
- Management of FAQ for carriers









#### Travel to Europe mobile app

- A mobile app for EES pre-registration
  - Collects passport data, facial image, answers to the entry questionnaire
- Voluntary for Member States and travellers
- The ETIAS Central Unit:
  - Developed and manages the app
  - Provides support to Member States and travellers





