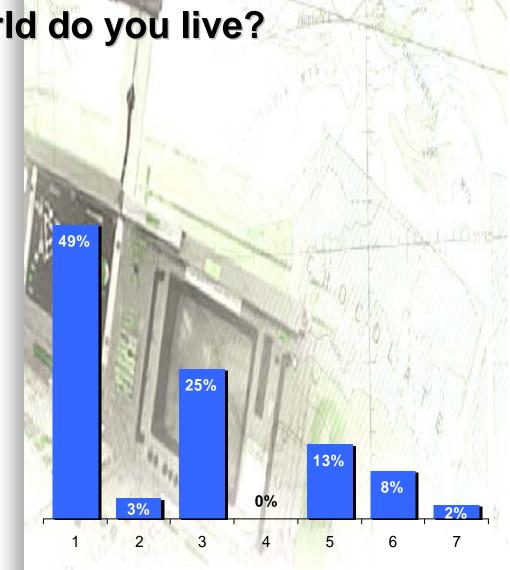


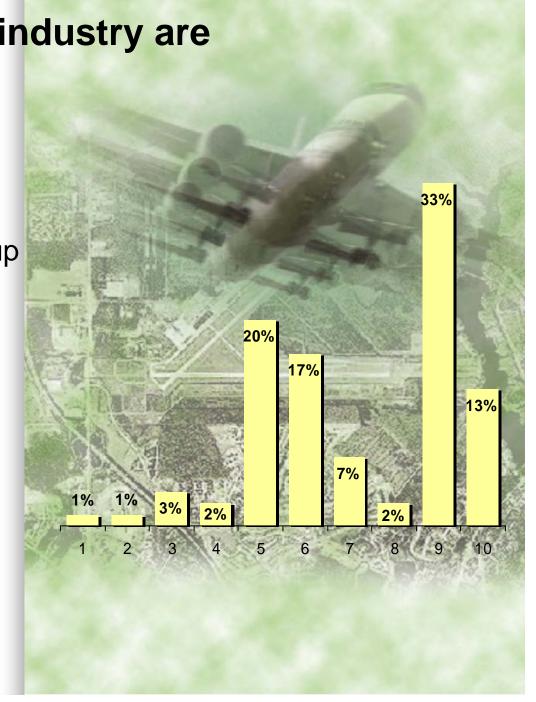
In what part of the world do you live?

- North America
- 2. South America
- 3. Europe
- 4. Middle East
- 5. Africa
- 6. Asia
- 7. Australasia



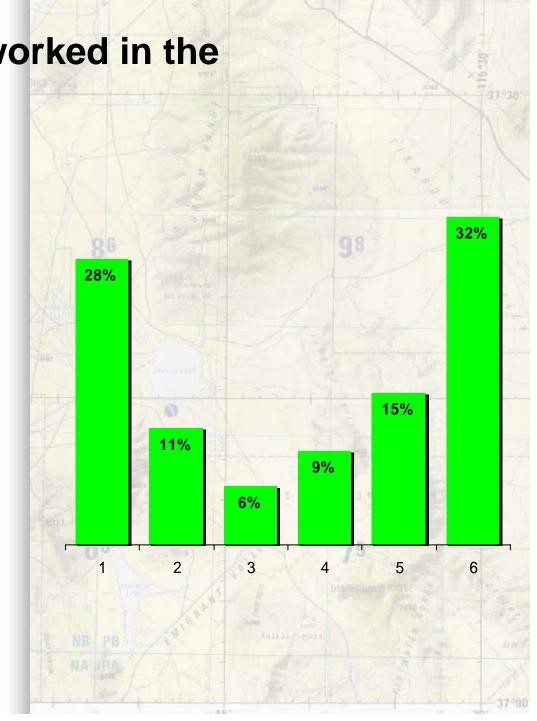
In what sector of the industry are you employed?

- 1. Passenger Carrier
- 2. Cargo Carrier
- 3. Union & Employee Group
- 4. Airport
- 5. Air Navigation Service Provider
- 6. Academic
- 7. Consultant
- 8. Industry supplier
- 9. Government
- 10. Other



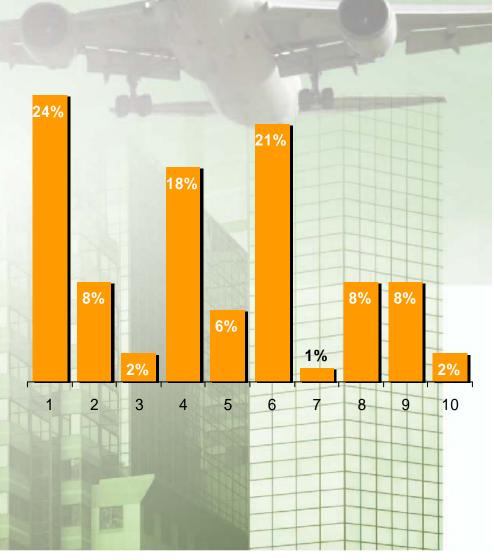
How long have you worked in the aviation sector?

- 1. 0-5 years
- 2. 6 10 years
- 3. 11 15 years
- 4. 16 20 years
- 5. 21 25 years
- 6. Over 25 years



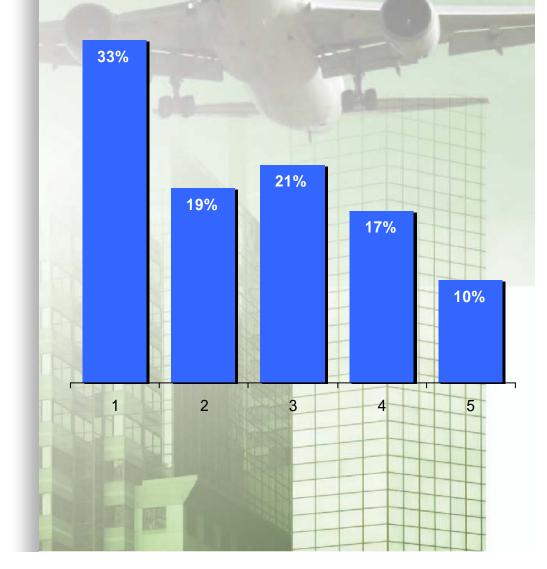
# Which of the following presents the most important issue confronting global air transport policy in your part of the world?

- Bilateral and multinational agreements
- 2. Foreign ownership rules
- Gov't measures to ensure the financial health of airlines
- 4. Aviation security measures
- 5. Airport fees and charges
- 6. Air traffic control services
- 7. Labor management relations
- 8. Adequate levels of service to all areas
- 9. Facilitation and development
- 10. The future of airline alliances



Which of the following presents the most important issue confronting air navigation in your part of the world?

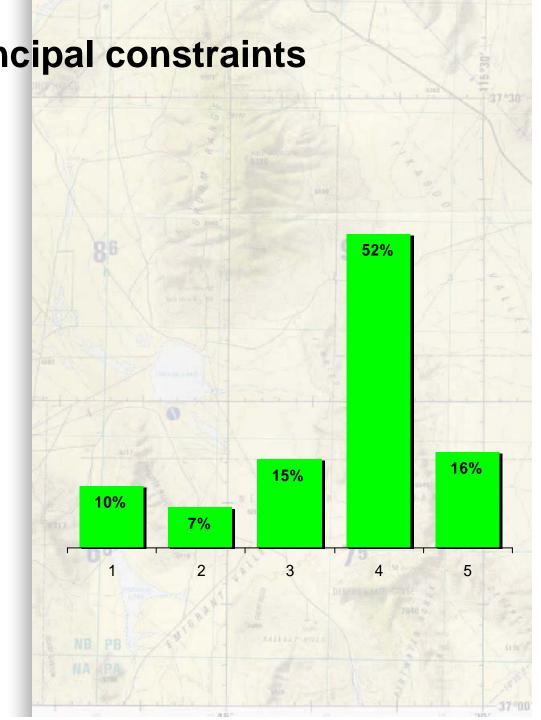
- 1. Congestion
- 2. Safety
- 3. Cost
- 4. Regulation
- 5. Privatization/ corporatization





What are today's principal constraints on capacity?

- 1. Technology
- 2. Manpower
- 3. Finance
- 4. Airports
- 5. Other



How do we best reduce congestion, cost, fuel burn and delay?

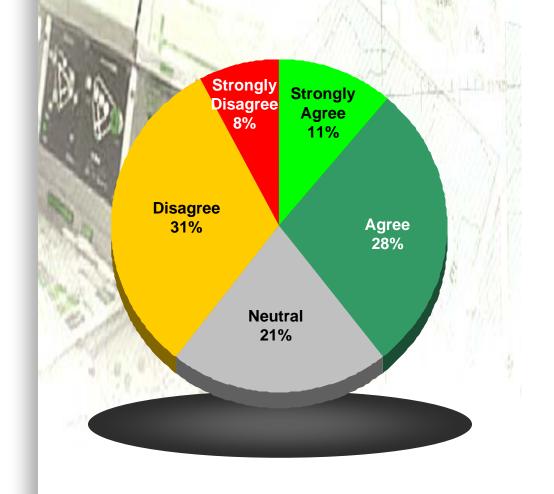
- 1. Improved regulation
- 2. Improved technology
- 3. Congestion pricing
- 4. Other





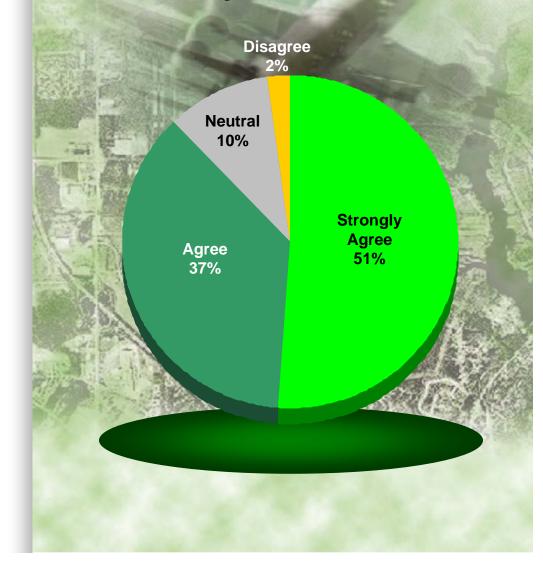
Our current satellite and ground-based technology is adequate to satisfy contemporary needs.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



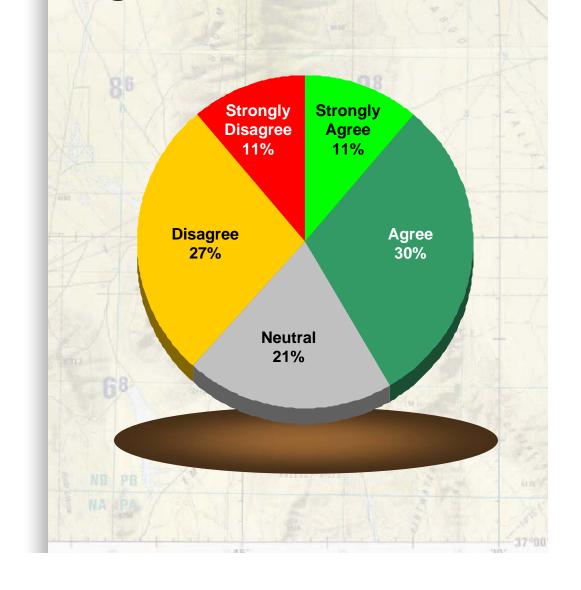
GPS and other space based navigation systems could be used more effectively to reduce cost, congestion and delay.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



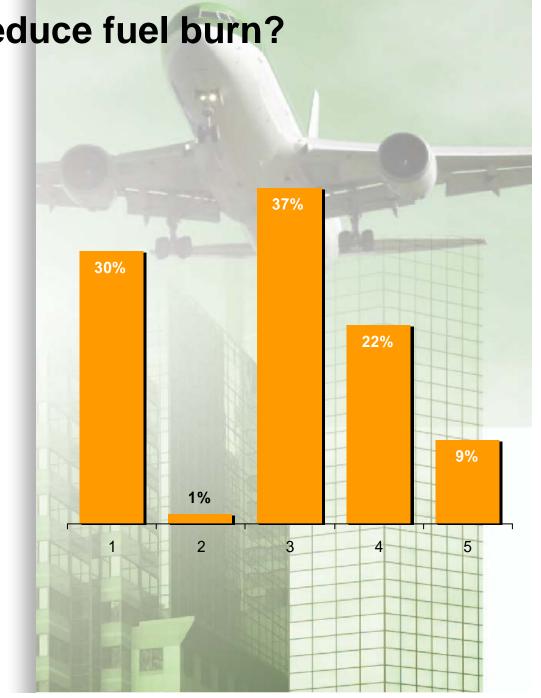
# Unless adequately regulated, a growing number of space launches will pose potential safety hazards for air navigation.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



How can ANS help reduce fuel burn?

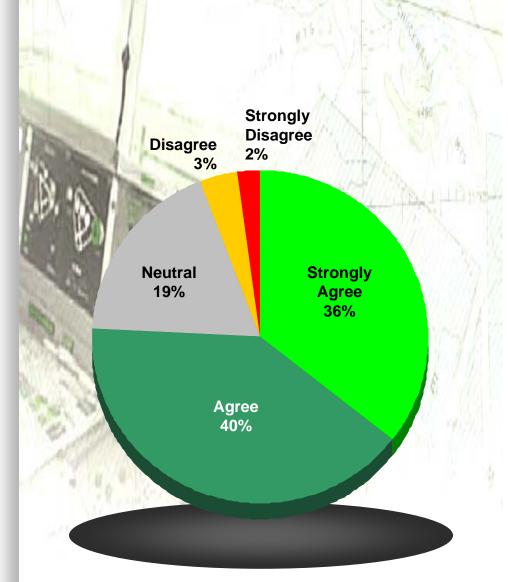
- 1. Free flight
- 2. More personnel
- 3. Improved technology
- 4. Reduce air space separation
- 5. Other



# Efficiency, Safety, and Service Provision

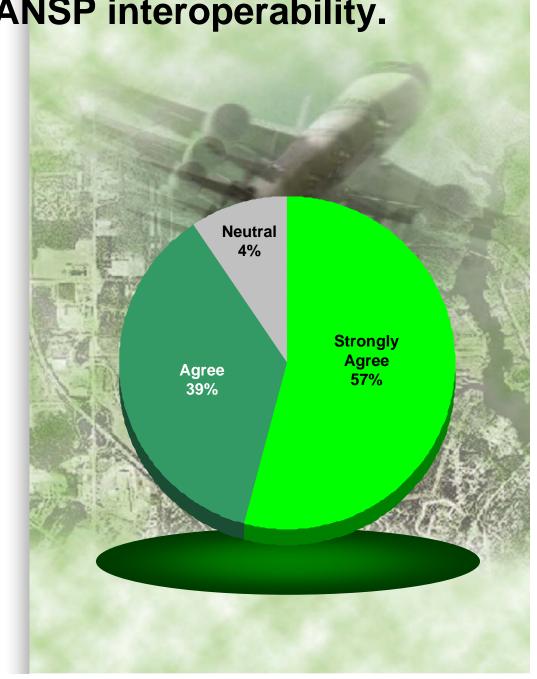
ANS should become more customer oriented.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



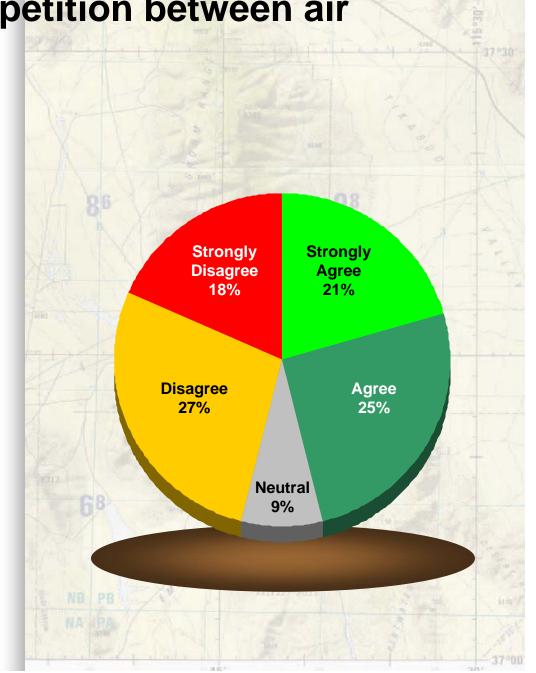
#### We need to improve ANSP interoperability.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



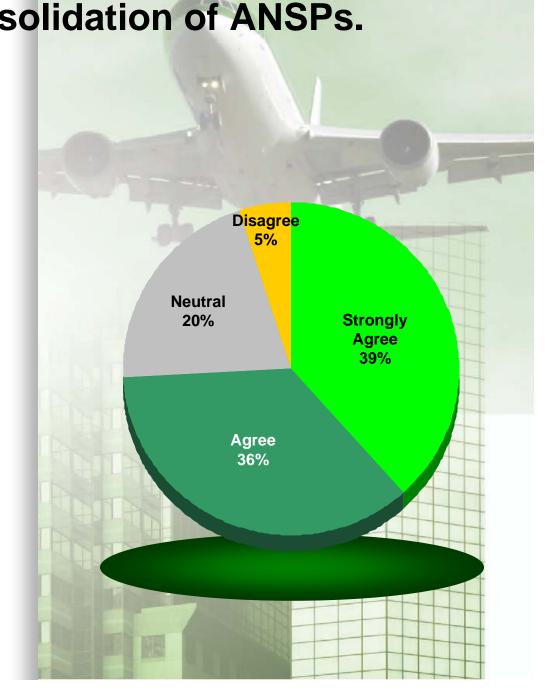
There should be competition between air service providers.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



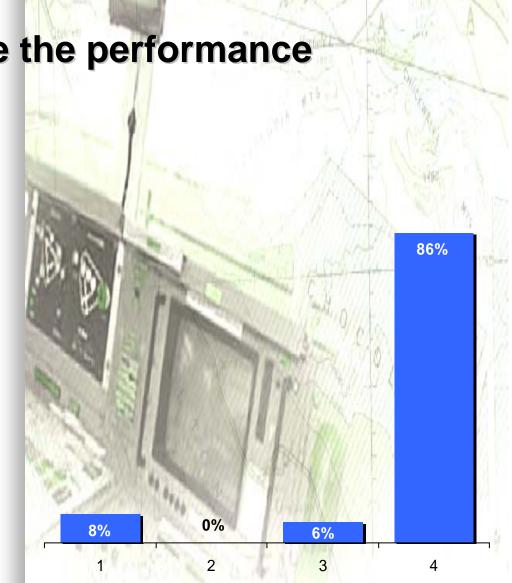
#### There should be consolidation of ANSPs.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



Who should determine the performance targets for ANSPs?

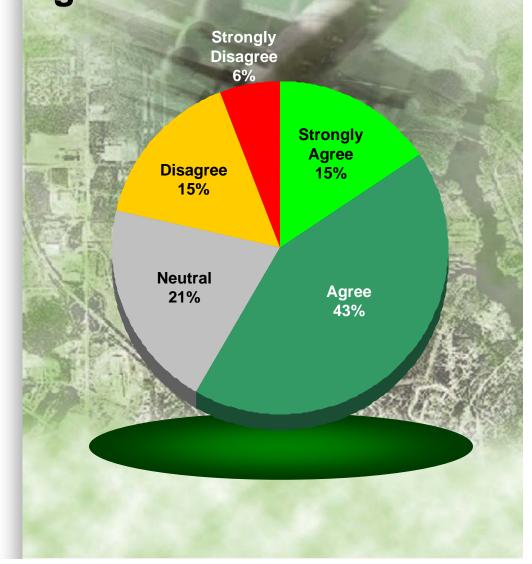
- 1. Governments
- 2. The airlines
- 3. ANSPs themselves
- 4. All of the above working cooperatively



# Regulation, and Air Space Management

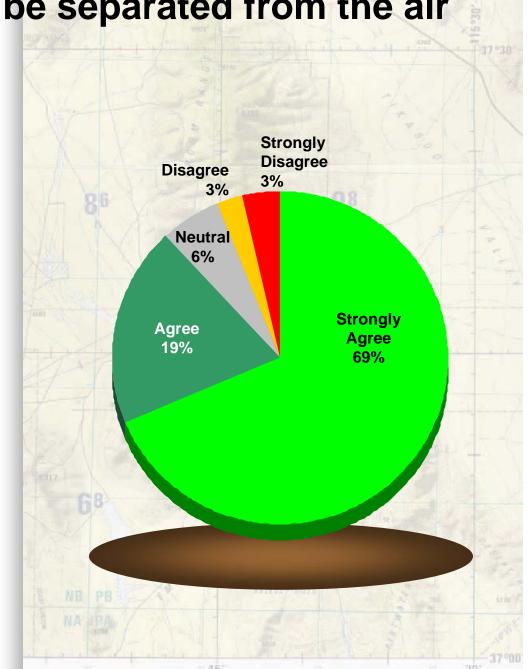
Scarce resources can be efficiently allocated through market mechanisms such as congestion-based pricing and slot auctions.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



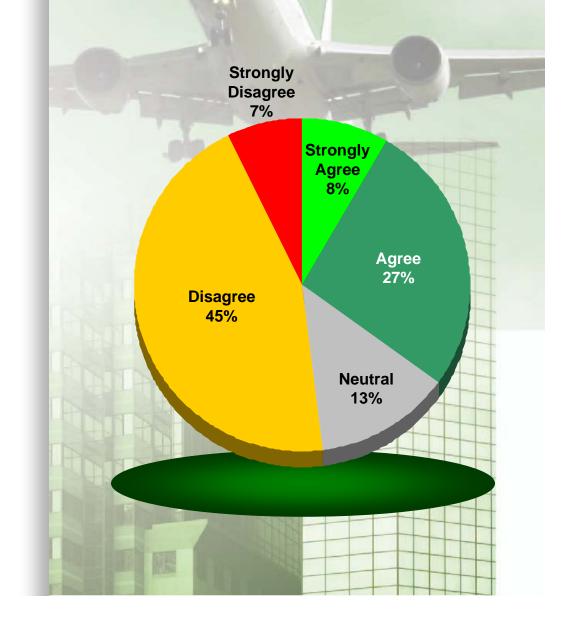
The regulator should be separated from the air navigation operator.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



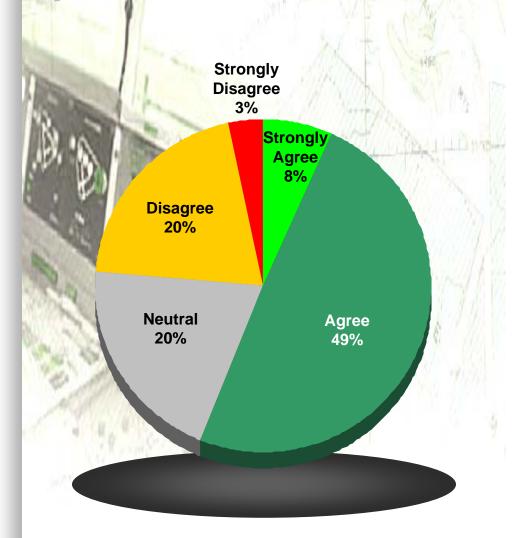
## Regulators are fit and equipped to address the challenges of future safety oversight.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



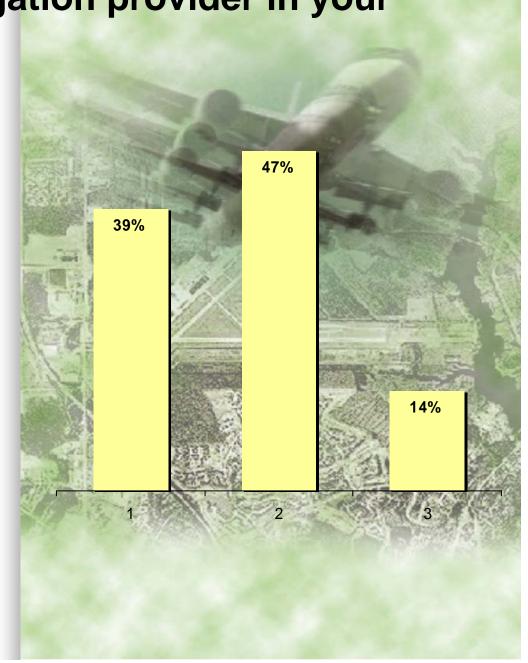
ICAO, IATA, FAA, and other safety audits adequately address safety issues.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



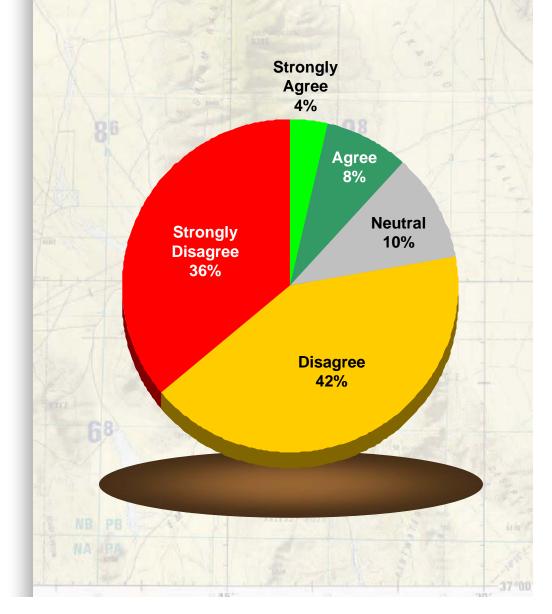
Describe the air navigation provider in your part of the world.

- 1. Government agency
- 2. Corporatized entity
- 3. Privatized entity



## Air navigation services should only be provided by governmental institutions.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree

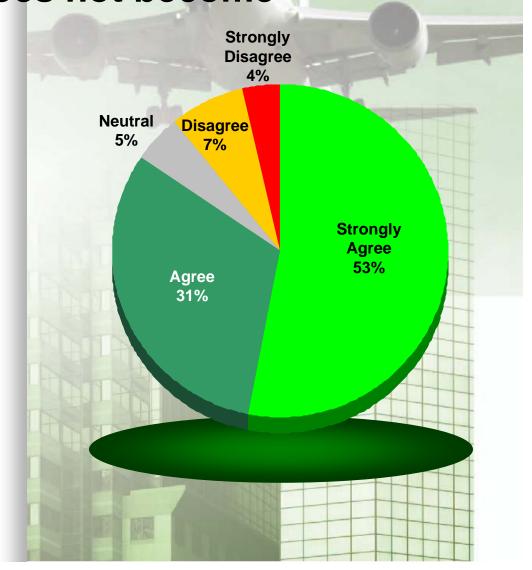


If corporatized, air navigation service providers should be regulated by government so as to ensure that pricing does not become

monopolistic.

1. Strongly agree

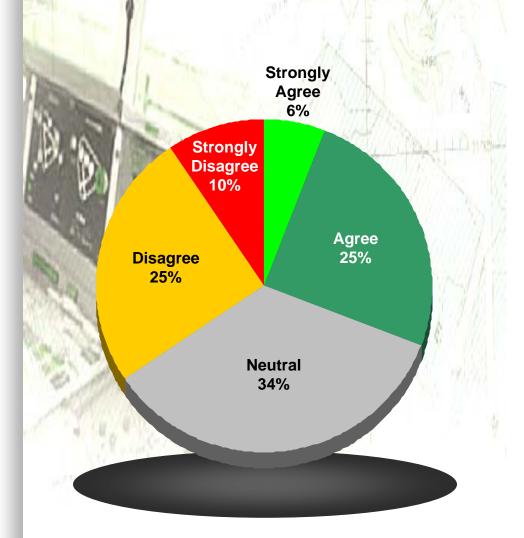
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree





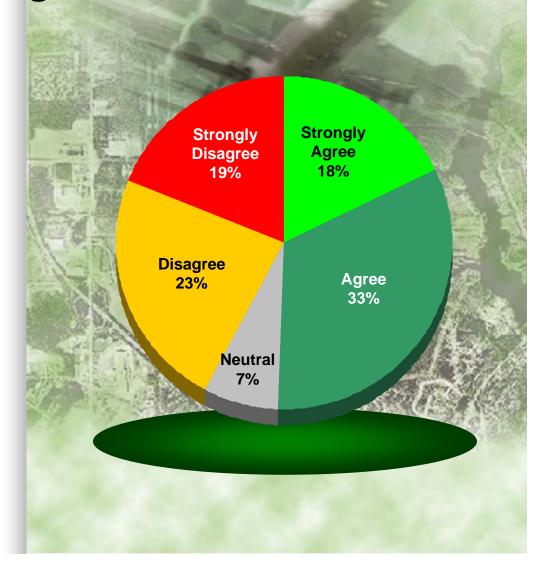
Liability exposure of ANS managers and providers for negligence is excessive.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



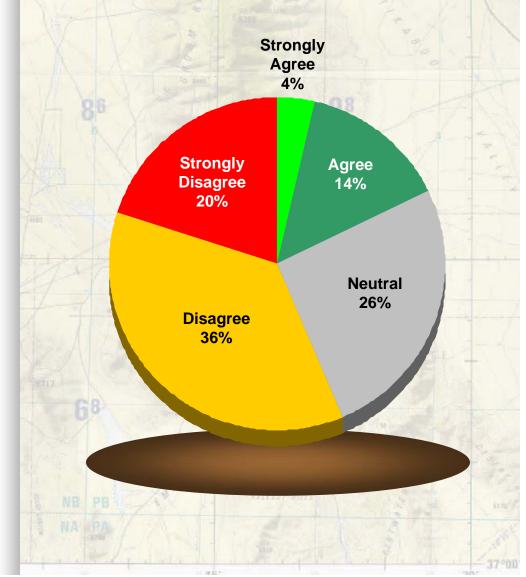
Governments should be liable for air navigation service deficiencies, even if the ANS provider is no longer a traditional governmental institution.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree



The insurance market is adequate to the task of providing sufficient liability coverage at a reasonable price.

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree





## User fees should play a greater role in financing today's aerospace system?

- 1. Strongly agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly disagree

