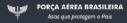


Effective obstacle management for improved aerodrome protection and airspace usage

TRANSITING TO A NEW SYSTEM

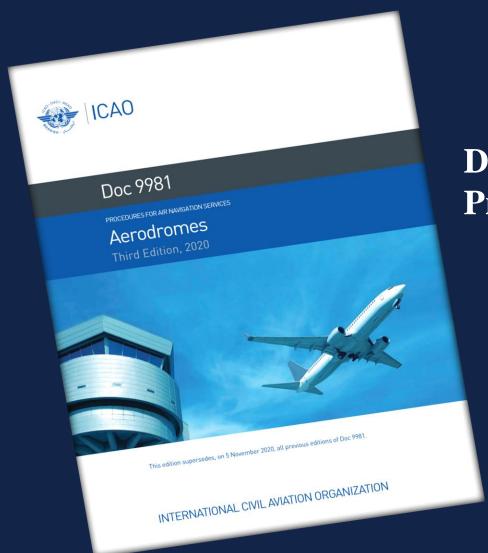
DAY 3 – FRIDAY 10 DECEMBER 2021





CHALLENGE





Develop Aeronautical Study Provisions for PANS – ADR

GENERAL ASPECTS



ICAO Annex 14 specifies that OLS penetrations could be allowed when:

"after aeronautical study it is determined that the object would not adversely affect the safety or significantly affect the regularity of operations of aeroplanes".





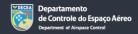


INTRODUCTION OF OBSTACLE EVALUATION AND CONTROL









National Law



- Analyse;
- Approve; and
- Publish the OFS and OES of each aerodrome

2 Civil Aviation Authorities



Aerodrome Operator

- Establish applicable OFS and OES
- Survey the Surfaces

- Know the Surfaces for each aerodrome to use it in the Zoning
- Authorize new constructions or development

Local competent Authorities

3



Proponent

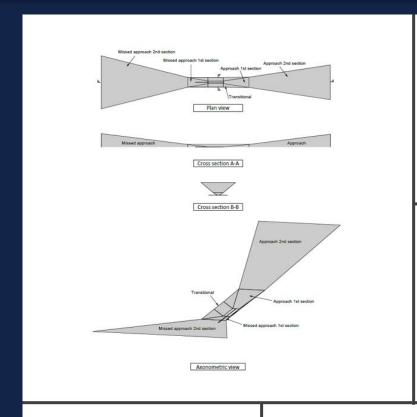
4

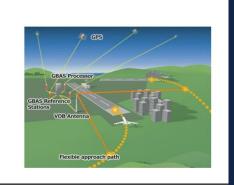
- Propose the construction or development

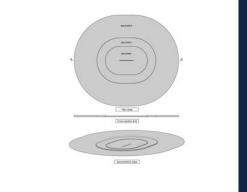


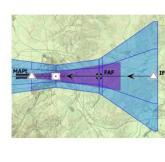
EXISTING OBSTACLE PROTECTION

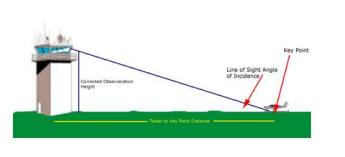








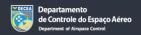




OBSTACLE EVALUATION AND CONTROL







AERONAUTICAL STUDIES





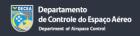
AERONAUTICAL STUDIES

- Definition;
- Triggers;
- Stakeholders;
- Process:
 - Data Gathering;
 - Impact Assessment;
 - Identifying Mitigations Measures;
 - Safety Assessment
- Acceptance Criteria.





An aeronautical study is a process of examining an aeronautical concern by assessing its impact on safety and regularity of aircraft operations and identify, if need be, possible solutions and mitigations.









TRIGGERS:



- Penetration of OFS and OES;
- Characteristics and purpose of object;
 - Below hazard;
 - Beyond too high;
- > Anytime requested or reported.



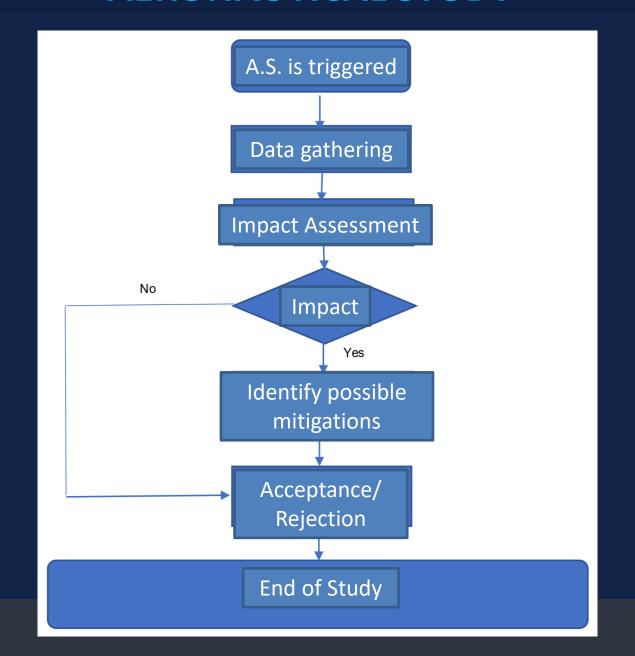


STAKEHOLDERS:

- Civil Aviation Authority
- Proponent of the proposed construction/development
- Aerodrome operator
- Air Navigation Service Providers
- Flight procedure designers
- Aircraft operators (Business aviation operators and the military)
- Appropriate authorities (e.g. land use planner, military etc)



PROCESS:







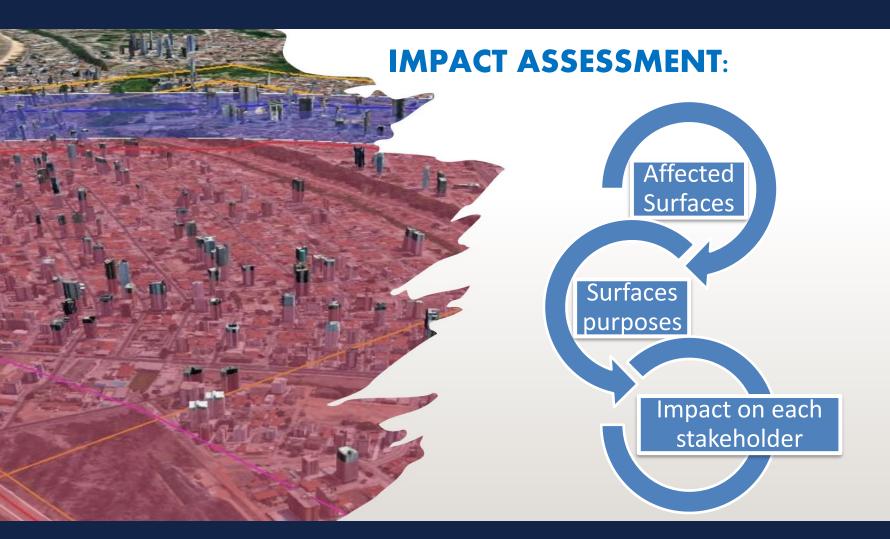




DATA GATHERING:

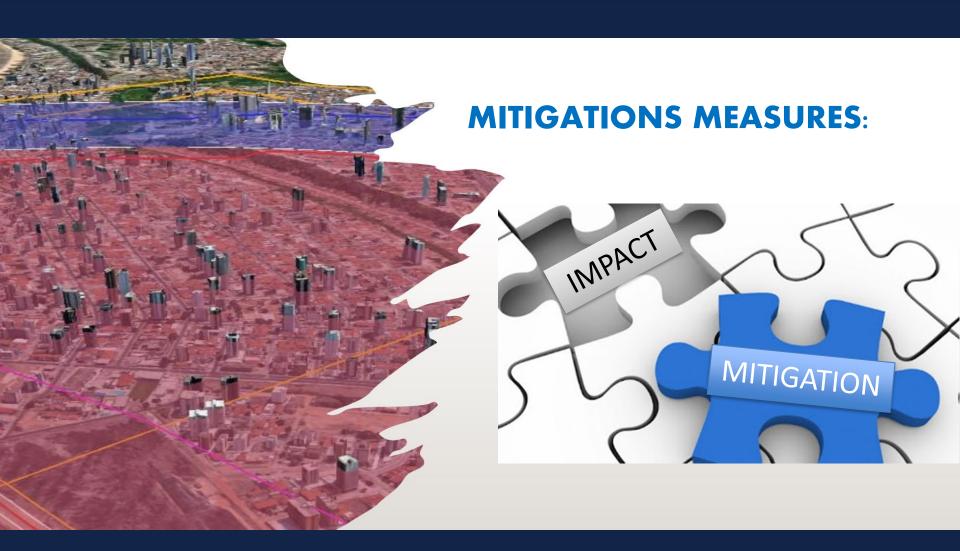
- General aspects;
- Proposal characteristics;
- Obstacle details;
- > Aerodrome details;
 - > Flight Operations
- Affected surfaces.











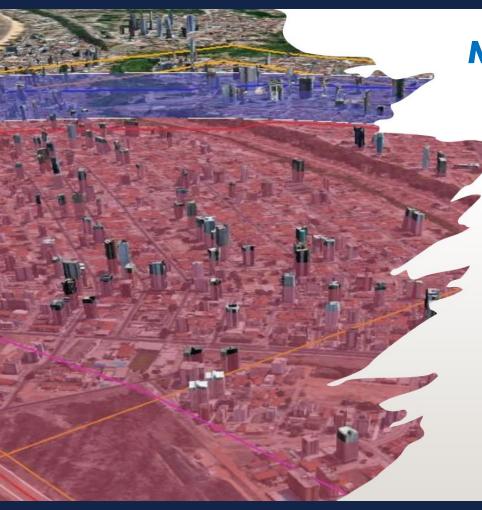




MITIGATIONS MEASURES: OFS PENETRATION

- Limit Operations
- Displace the threshold; and
- Raise the glide slope and PAPI angle.





MITIGATIONS MEASURES: OES PENETRATION

- Adjustment of flight procedures
- > Charting
- Promulgation of safety information
- > Revision of traffic patterns
- Revision of VFR routes and/or reporting points
- > Marking and lighting



SAFETY ASSESSMENT:

An <u>element of the risk</u> management process of an SMS that is used to assess safety concerns arising from, inter alia, deviations from standards and applicable regulations, identified changes at an aerodrome or when any other safety concerns arise.

PANS-Aerodromes Chapter 3

RISK ASSESSMENT: probability and severity

Risk probability	Risk severity				
	Catastrophic A	Hazardous B	Major C	Minor D	Negligible E
Frequent 5				5D	5E
Occasional 4			4C	4D	4E
Remote 3		3B	3C	3D	:3E
Improbable 2	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E
Extremely improbable 1	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E









ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA:

- ➤ Obstacle is acceptable because the impact is already mitigated;
- ➤ Obstacle is acceptable only if the impact is mitigated; and
- ➤ Obstacle is not acceptable because the impact cannot be mitigated.





END OF STUDY:

- > Approval
- > Rejection
- > Conditional measures
- > Necessary coordination

AIRPORT SERVICES MANUAL



- ASM (Doc 9137 - Part 6) -

Doc 9137-AN/898 Part 6

AIRPORT SERVICES MANUAL



PART 6
CONTROL OF OBSTACLES

SECOND EDITION - 1983

Approved by the Secretary General and published under his authority

INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

- Review and update
- Describe methods
- Give examples



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