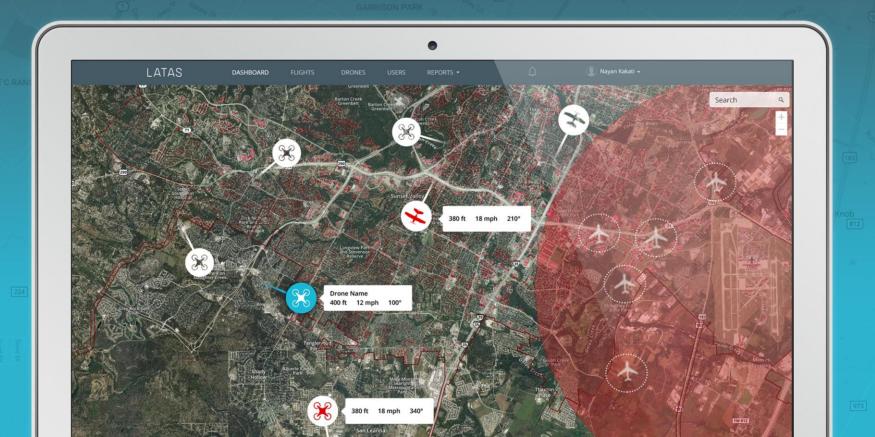
LATAS By: PRECISIONHAWK



Enabling Beyond Visual Line of Sight



Our Goals



Reduce risk of drone operations

Enable advanced operations such as BVLOS and package delivery through technology

Build "backbone" datasets and technologies that will enable UTM in the future

Mitigating Risk - LATAS

Data

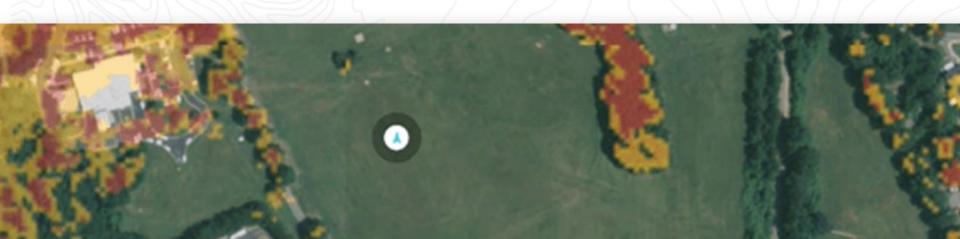
- 3D Obstacle Maps
 - Buildings
 - Trees
 - Terrain
- Manned Aircraft
 - Radar / ADS-b
 - UAS
 Surveillance
- Airspace
- Cellular Coverage

Infrastructure

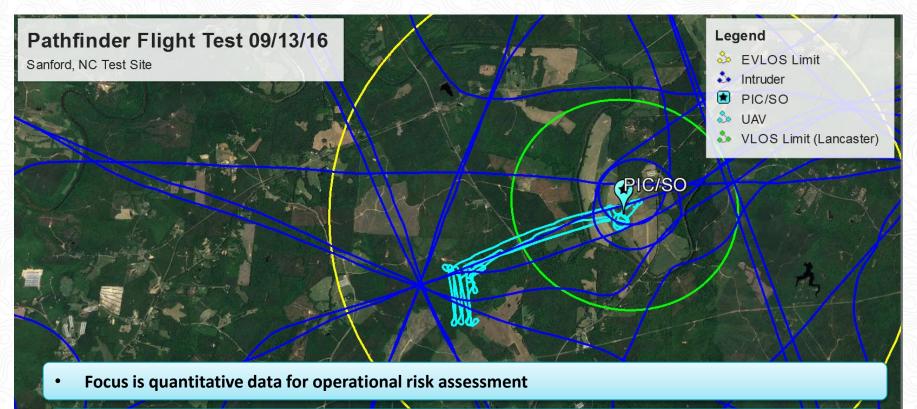
- Cloud services
- Cellular
- Security
- Bandwidth considerations

Services

- Registration
- Tracking
- Reporting
- Flight planning
- Flight authorization
- Operator validation

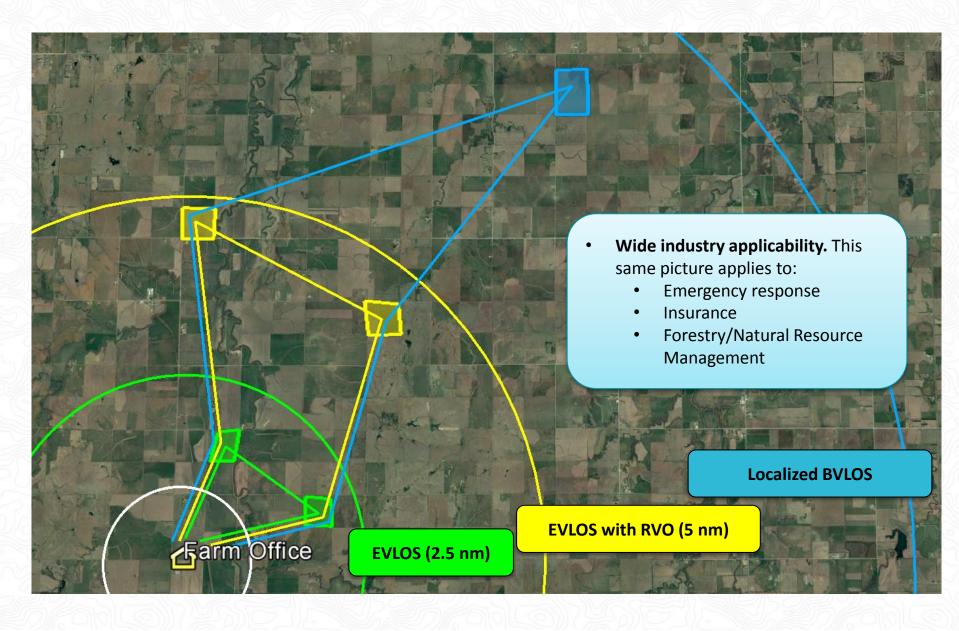


2015-2016: Phase I and II



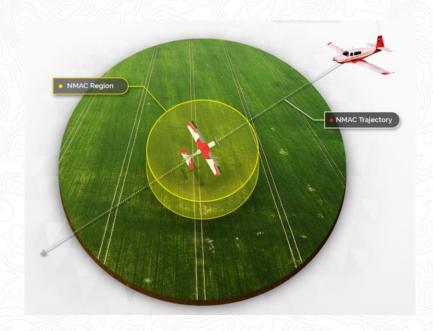
- In Phase I: UAV was within VLOS limit, participants (pilots) asked to detect intruder
- In Phase II: UAV in EVLOS. Participants (pilots and non-pilots) asked to detect intruder AND make collision avoidance decision.
- **Industry Impact:** Commercial waiver to Part 107 VLOS requirement issued to PrecisionHawk (August 2016). Operational risk assessment based on Phase I/early Phase II results. Full Phase II results to be incorporated into ASTM F38 standard (2017) to support rulemaking efforts.

2017: Phase III



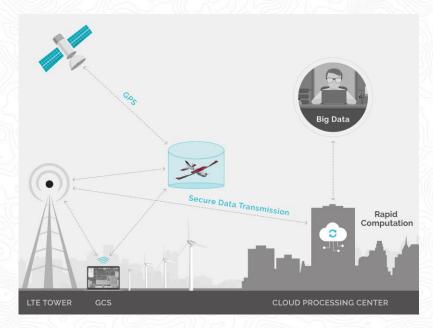
2017: Phase III

Drive creation of localized beyond visual line of sight concept of operations in Class G



Current operations to understand risk:

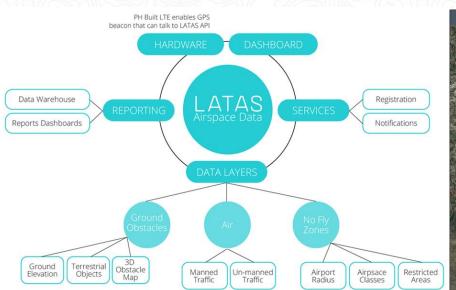
• Pathfinder, UAS test sites, ASSURE



Towards operating on a National Level

• Shift focus from visual base case to technology assisted case

2017: Phase III





- + PrecisionHawk has developed the LATAS platform, a combined set of geospatial, software, and hardware tools to facilitate safe UAS operation.
- + Key Features:
 - + Combines static & dynamic information into one system for display via the LATAS dashboard or third-party application
 - + Operates over cellular networks, transmitting telemetry either via LTE module or LATAS-enabled GCS
 - + Provides alerting/notification functionality

Phase III Mission Statement

Evaluate the impact of assistive technology (i.e. LATAS) on operational risk associated with flight of sUAS in BVLOS applications in the NAS.

What does the technology need to do to achieve an acceptable level of safety?

In what ways can it fail?

How do we mitigate the risk of failure?

Quantitative answers to these questions provide regulators with the information they require to define an operational standard for rulemaking.

Phase III Operational Risk Assessment

Risks in the technology-assisted case can be loosely grouped into three categories:

Overall Risk

Risks associated with technology not functioning as designed

Risks associated with improper use of the technology (human factors)

Risks inherent in the environment

- + Similarly to the ORA for the EVLOS case, we will ideally define a series of performance-based requirements ANY assistive technology would have to meet.
- "Environmental" risk is related to conditions that feed into the risk model. For example:
 - + Low altitude traffic patterns
 - + Population density

Technology Risk

Phase III Operational Risk Assessment

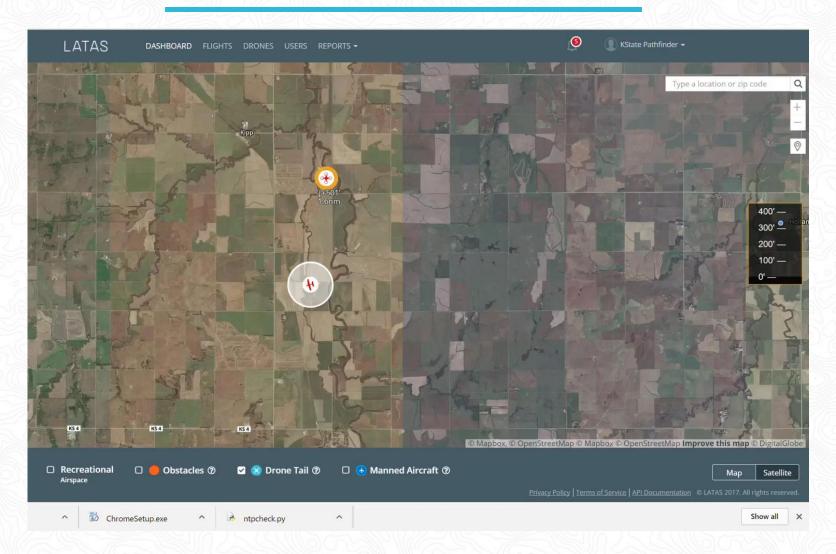
Risks associated with the technology not functioning as designed (software & hardware):

- From a map of the process we can begin to itemize the potential hazards at each process step.
- One specific set of hazards is related to GPS & cellular service at altitude:

Process Step	Hazard	
Transmit	_::\\\	Device experiences mechanical or electrical failure
telemetry until	ii.	GPS issues: GPS service becomes unavailable or intermittently
operation		available during operation, invalid GPS string (improperly
complete		formed), incorrect GPS data (properly formed string)
	iii.	<u>Cellular issues:</u> No cellular service, poor cellular reception due to
*** 500		local conditions, intermittent connectivity due to LTE handover
		issues

- Cellular service (and LTE in particular) is one of the bigger open questions:
 - + Lag?
 - Intermittency?
 - How much of either of these is acceptable?

Phase III Operational Risk Assessment



Assessing the Workflow

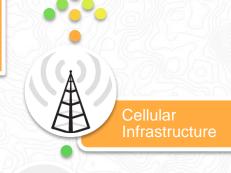
May need to iterate on requirements!



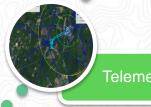
+ Lots of variables to assess means a wealth of industrial opportunity!



 We need to be mindful of making too many assumptions BEFORE assessing the risk









Operator

Thank You

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