Certification Systems Help in Reaching Sustainable Airport Operations

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Content

- Finavia the airport operator in Finland
- Environmental responsibility
- Aspects of systems (ISO14001, ACA, BREEAM, LEED)
- Power of ACA

Finavia Ltd

We own and maintain a network of 21 airports

in Finland

Helsinki Airport

18 Mpax 2017 3 runways 170 000 ops/a

The best connected airport in Northern Europe.

The shortest routes between Europe and Asia.

The EUR 900 million investment programme at Helsinki airport lasting until 2020



Airports are the first to face criticism on environmental impacts of aviation

Direct impacts/ airports

- Aircraft noise
- Water pollution
- Local air quality
- Regulated by local permits and rules
- Immediate capacity constraints

In-Direct impacts/ airports

- Climate emissions of airport infrastructure
- Regulated only in few cases
- Usually no direct capacity constraints

In-direct impacts/ aviation

- Aviation emissions and climate change
- Regulated by international measures, e.g. EU-ETS, CORSIA
- Political measures only in few countries

Do airports' voluntary measures to reduce in-direct impacts have an influence on a) regulations regarding direct impacts or b) political measures regarding aviation? On national level - are the measures taken by airports the only ones recognized?



Finavia is a carbon-neutral airport operator undertaking environmentally responsible measures acknowledged by customers, neighbours and competent authorities.

In-direct impacts + direct impacts

FINAV

Finavia and The Systems

ISO14001

 Finavia has had since 2001 an EMS fully in accordance with 14001 but it has not been certified

ACA

- Helsinki Airport is Level 3+ and Lapland Airports group is Level 2
- Entered in 2011
- Lapland to reach
 Level 3+ in coming
 years

BREEAM (LEED)

Helsinki Airport T2
 Southern and
 Western Extension
 has an Interim
 Excellent-rating
 according to
 BREEAM 2013

Aspects of The Systems

ISO14001

- Commitment by top management
- Creates the platform for the "Monitoring and measuring engine" to gather data for evaluation of performance
- EMS is a tool, not a proof of performance

ACA

- Industry-specific guidance on measuring CO₂emissions
- Practical means for engaging stakeholders
- Forms a basis to voluntarily exceed the air transport industry's general goals regarding CO₂

BREEAM (LEED)

- Major steps in energy efficiency can only be made cost-efficiently in new infrastructure projects
- Airport's goal-setting on certification pushes designers to apply ambitious criteria instead of business-as-usual standards

The Power of the ACA Scheme

- Airport Carbon Accreditation (ACA) provides
 - a industry-specific framework to reduce CO₂-emissions of airport operations and from other sources at airports
 - means to demonstrate the level of airport's ambition on sustainability
 - tools to communicate about achievements; and thus
 - support for airports' and air transport industry's licence to operate
- EMS and building certifications
 - EMS creates the reporting mechanism on emissions
 - Certification of buildings considers all sustainability issues and may contribute to better customer and employee experience as well as energy efficiency

ENVIRONMENT

ICAO SEMINAR ON GREEN AIRPORTS

Recent emission reduction measures at Helsinki Airport: Renewable diesel (Neste MY) made of 100% wastes and residues used in Finavia's apron busses and other vehicles.

The "Sauna" theme bus.





GREEN AIRPORTS

Recent emission reduction measures at Helsinki Airport: Solar electricity, to cover 10% of demand in new terminals in 2020



Thank you!



FINAVIA

for smooth travelling