

ICAO SECURITY & FACILITATION

NO COUNTRY LEFT BEHIND









TCAO PKD: one of the 3 interrelated pillars of Facilitation



Amendment 25 to Annex 9:



<u>RP 3.9.1</u>: "Contracting States issuing, or intending to **issue** eMRTDs **should join** the ICAO Public Key Directory (PKD) and **upload their information to the PKD**."

<u>RP 3.9.2</u>: "Contracting States implementing **checks** on eMRTDs at border controls **should join** the ICAO Public Key Directory (PKD) and **use** the information available from the **PKD** to **validate** eMRTDs at border controls."







Connection between PKD and ePassports

<u>MRP</u>

<u>ePASSPORT</u>





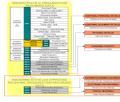
Machine Readable Passport (MRP)













CHIP RFID

IMAGE FACE

Logical
Data
Structure
(LDS)

PKI DIGITAL SIGNATURE Public Key Directory (PKD)





What is the PKD & What does it do?

- A central storage location, highly secure where States and other entities can input and retrieve the security information to validate the electronic information on the passport.
- It allows Border control authorities to confirm that the ePassport:
 - Was issued by the right authority
 - Has not been altered
 - Is not a copy or cloned document







The role of the ICAO PKD



A central storage location, highly secure where States and other entities can input and retrieve the security information to validate the electronic information on the passport



Minimize the volume of certificate exchange



Has not been altered



Facilitate the validation process

It allows Border control authorities to confirm that the ePassport:

- Was issued by the right authority
- Is not a copy or cloned document











- Use of the PKD enhances the security of the ePassport validation process
- Facilitates fast and secure cross-border movement by the "frontline" entities
- PKD can be used with Automated Border Controls (ABC)or with a manual e-reader
- Maintain compliance with ICAO specifications
- Assure smooth and continuous ePassport validation (less than 10 seconds per pax) at control points
- Fees for PKD membership are low compared to investment required for a multiple bilateral infrastructure
- Over 120 States claim that they are currently issuing ePassports (nearly half a billion of ePassports in circulation world wide)
- States still need to do significant work to ensure that the data chip in ePassports is fully compliant with ICAO Doc 9303 specifications
- ICAO and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) have implemented a mechanism to make error codes available at each border to detect security issues when reading a non-compliant ePassport data chip





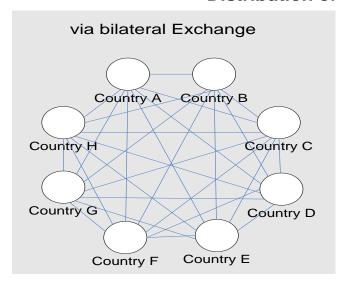
Conformity

Country D



Central Broker

Distribution of Certificates and CRLs



validated via ICAO PKD certificates Country A Country B Country H Country C ICAO PKD

Country E

This example shows **8** States/non-States requiring **56** <u>bilateral exchanges</u> (left) or 2 exchanges with the PKD (right) to be up to date with DSCs and CRLs. In case of 191 ICAO States 36,290 bilateral exchanges would be necessary while there are still 2 exchanges with the PKD.

16/10/2015

Country G

Country F







Current Services of the PKD

- Validated DSCs and CRLs of Participants
- CSCA Master List List of CSCAs used by Participants
- Country Signing Certificate Authority (CSCA) Registry Yellow Pages for the Passport Issuance Agency of the **Participant**
- A reference for compliance to Doc 9303 for DSCs and **CRLs**
- Contains lists on non-compliant certificates







ANNEX 9: Recommended Practice 3.9.1 & 3.9.2

The Standards and Recommended Practice of Annex 9 recommend the following:

3.9.1: "Contracting States issuing, or intending to issue eMRTDs should join the ICAO Public Key Directory (PKD) and upload their information to the PKD."

3.9.2: "Contracting States implementing checks on eMRTDs at border controls should join the ICAO Public Key Directory (PKD) and use the information available from the PKD to validate eMRTDs at border controls."



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Some Arguments repeated over and over





It's too expensive



As of 01.01.2016 Fee reduction

Bilateral exchange works good enough



cumbersome, time consuming and possible security risk

It's not necessary – DSCs are (mostly) on the chip



A DSC on the ePassport but not on the PKD could mean a compromised private signing key. & CRLS are only distributed via PKD...

It's too complicated – we must first introduce ePassports



Participation in the PKD should go hand in hand with introduction of ePassports



PKD participation is key for setting up any successful ePassport based border control.





Reasons to Participate

- The need to exchange certificates is the logical step forward from the well known specimen exchange (you must know what you're looking for, when inspecting a travel document).
- Without the ability of validating the digital signature in a ePassport at the border, the travel document must be treated exactly as a simple MRP not an ePassport

 Using the PKD in ePassport validation is essential to capitalize on the investment made by States in developing ePassports to improve Border Security







It's not complicated: All you have to do is....

- Find out who is responsible
- Check legislation and budget
- Different organizations in different states (try to make it as simple as possible)
- Contact ICAO or any PKD Board Member or PKD Participant if you have questions







Formalities:

The steps to join the PKD

- 1. Deposit a Notice of Participation with the Secretary General of ICAO
- 2. Deposit a Notice of Registration with the Secretary General of ICAO
- 3. Effect payment of the Registration Fee and Annual Fee to ICAO
 - a) <u>1.1.2016</u> Registration Fees : US \$ 15,900
 - b) Annual Fees: +/- US \$40,000
- 4. Securely submit to ICAO and all Participants, the CSCA certificate
- 5. Use the PKD : upload/Download certificates
- 6. http://www.icao.int/Security/mrtd/Pages/PKD-HowtoPartici.aspx







2016 a year that will bring changes

- New Fees
- New Services
- New service provider







PKD - New Developments

- New service provider
- New Fees
- New Services

16/10/2015

15







01.01.2016: Fees reduction

A. For new Participants - Registration Fee: US \$15,900

B. Annual Fees based on 45 Participants:

1. Operator: US \$ 29,900

2. ICAO: <u>US \$10,000</u>

3. Total: US \$39,900

C. More Participants = reduction in Operators and ICAO Annual Fees



50 Participants	27,000.00 US\$
55 Participants	24,500.00 US\$
60 Participants	22,500.00 US\$
65 Participants	20,900.00 US\$



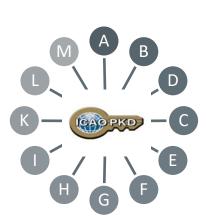


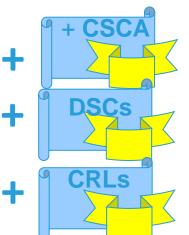
New Service

ICAO Global Master List

 A fact: heir full extend – Border Agencies need the tools (certificates) necessary, bilateral exchange doesn't meet the requirements

One-Stop Shop
For ePassport
Validation





= ICAO Master List (new)

= currently in the PKD

= currently in the PKD







01.01.2016 : New Service Provider Bundesdruckerei - Germany

