

Using small aircraft investigative methods on transport category aircraft investigations





National Airlines
Boeing 747-400 BCF
Bagram, Afghanistan
April 29, 2013

Tim LeBaron, Investigator-in-Charge

Accident Flight

- April 29, 2013,1527 local time
- Boeing 747-400 BCF
- Operated by National Air Cargo, Inc., dba National Airlines
- Bagram, Afghanistan
- 7 crewmembers fatal



Five MRAPs (Special Cargo Load)





Two 12-ton M-ATVs Three 18-ton Cougars



Crew Observations in Bagram

- Cargo had moved "a couple inches"
- Straps keeping load from moving backward were loose
- One strap had broken
- Straps were being "cinched down"



Accident Takeoff

- Cleared for takeoff about 1526
- "Gear up" call, then CVR and FDR stopped recording
- Airplane impacted ground about 30 seconds after CVR/FDR ceased



Dashboard Camera Video

- Airplane entered steep climb with high pitch attitude
- At peak altitude rolled right
- Rapid decent
- Impacted nose down nearly wings level



Responding Group

- 4 from the NTSB
- 1 from the FAA
- 1 from Boeing
- 4 from the operator
- 1 military observer









Investigation Groups

- Aircraft Performance
- FDR/CFR
- Operations
- Structures
- Systems



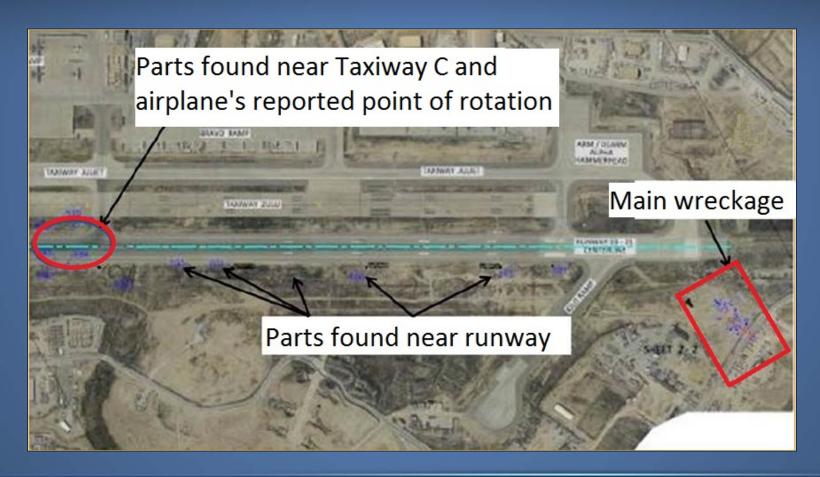






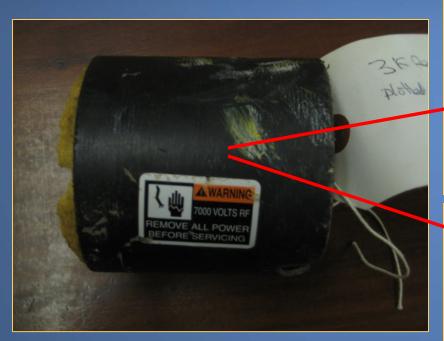


Airplane Debris on Runway





M-ATV Debris on Runway









M-ATV, FDR, and CVR Damage











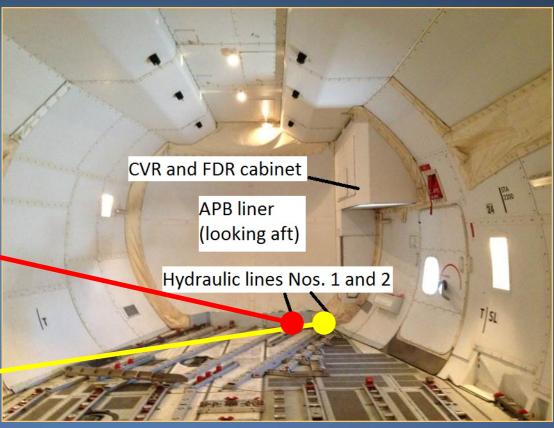
APB and Tire Witness Marks





Hydraulic System Failures









Airplane Performance Study

- Evidence: Rear M-ATV moved aft
- Performance simulation
 - Available FDR data
 - Aerodynamic modeling
- Simulation matched rotation, initial climb data with one M-ATV shifted aft

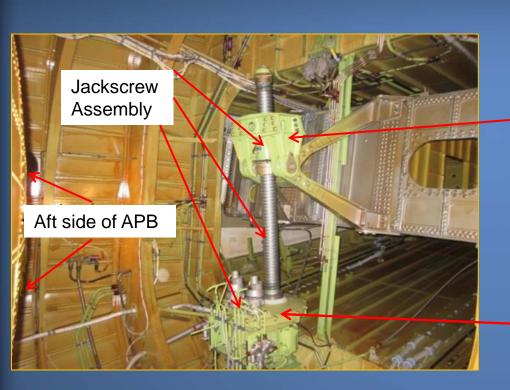


Airplane Performance Study

- Scenario: Hydraulic Nos. 1 & 2 failed
 - Uncontrollable if 4 or 5 vehicles moved aft
 - No direct evidence more than one moved aft
 - Uncontrollable if horizontal stabilizer displaced at least 5 degrees from damage from M-ATV



Horizontal Stabilizer Jackscrew









No Explosive Device

- Video Study
- Eyewitness accounts
- Joint Combat Assessment Team:
 No physical evidence
- Chemical analysis: No explosive residue



Parties to the Investigation

- Federal Aviation Administration
- Boeing
- National Airlines
- Telair International







Aircraft Structures

MRAPs (Special Cargo Load)



12-ton M-ATV



18-ton Cougar



Special Cargo Loads

- Nonstandard, odd-sized cargo
- No unit load devices (ULD) used
- Free-floating pallets loaded along centerline of cargo deck
- Pallets did not lock into cargo handling system restraint devices



Typical ULD Loading

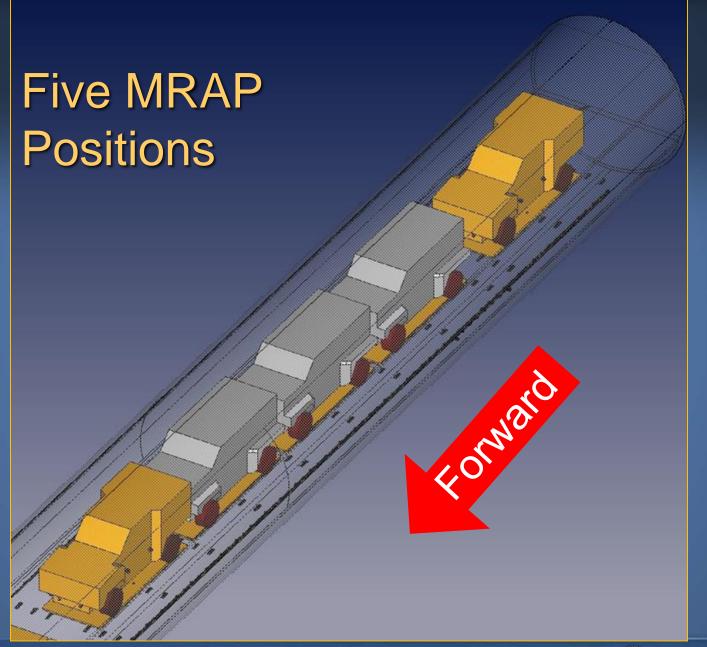




Example Strapping









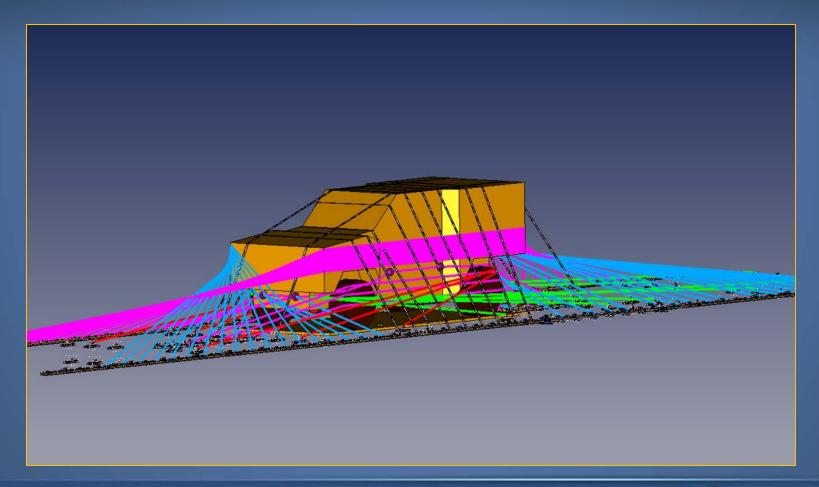
Strap Calculations

	M-ATV	Cougar
Accident	24	26
NAL	32	44/46
Boeing	60	*
Telair	**	**

*Boeing: Due to TRC requirements, one M-ATV (and no Cougars) could be transported **Telair: Due to TRC requirements, no MRAPs could be transported



M-ATV Tie-Down Scheme





Safety Issues

- Deficient procedures for securing special cargo loads
- Inadequate guidance regarding use of FAA-approved data
- Lack of certification for cargo handling personnel



Safety Issues

- Special Cargo Loads
 - Inadequate FAA oversight of cargo operator manuals
 - Unclear FAA inspector responsibilities
 - Inadequate FAA inspector training
- Unlimited deferral of surveillance





Questions?



National Transportation Safety Board



Corendon Airlines 737 October 14, 2012 Antalya, Turkey

Tim LeBaron

Accident Summary

- October 14, 2012 at 0400
- Corendon Airlines flight 773
- Boeing 737-800
- 189 passengers and 7 crewmembers
- 27 hospitalized, 2 serious injuries
- Airplane sustained substantial damage
- U.S. team
 - 4 NTSB, 1 FAA, 4 Boeing











Investigation Groups

- Survival Factors
- Systems
- Fire
- FDR/CVR













Questions?