



ATFM Regional Implementation Progress in the CAR Region

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ATFM Implementation Background

- ★Initial ATFM activities in the CAR Region started in early 2000's.
- ★ATFM workshops were already being provided in 2005-2006.
- ★GREPECAS took actions to address ATFM implementation in 2005.
- **★**ATFM CONOPS first edition was approved in 2007.
- ★CAR/SAM ATFM Manual initially approved in 2010.





Air Traffic Growth in the CAR Region

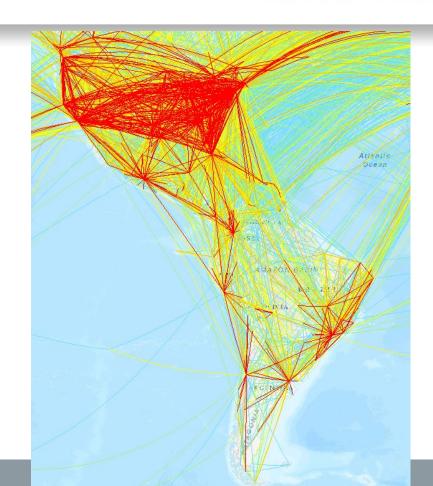
- ★ Traffic has maintained a relatively sustained growth.
- ★ATS systems have modernized to cope with the increasing demand and complexity, with some limitations.
- ★Personnel has been a constant challenge for the majority of States, Territories and International Organizations.
- ★ Tourism has become a column for the Region's economic development.



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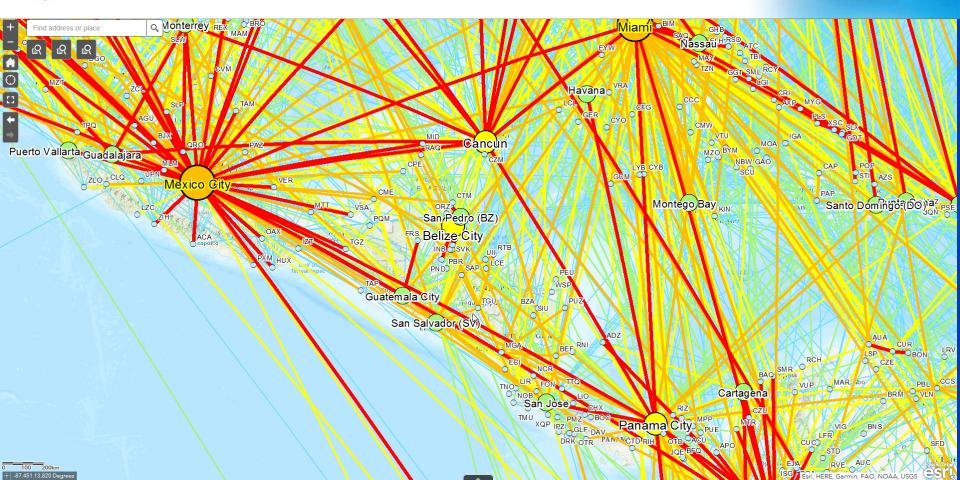






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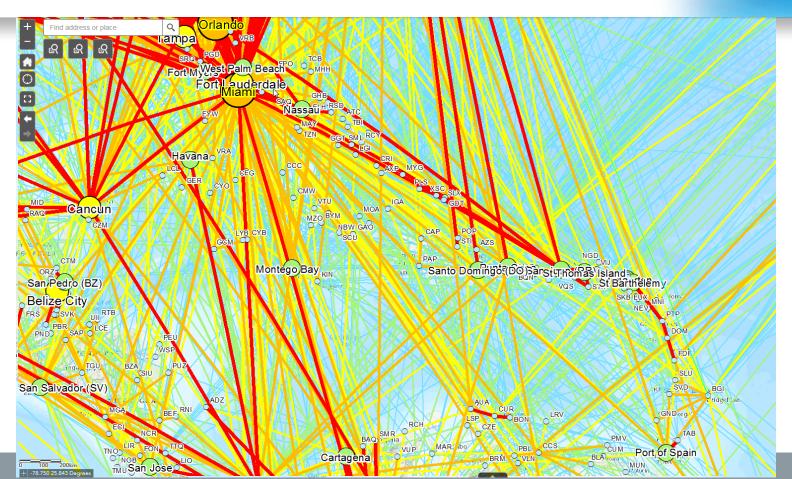




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Mexico



- ★ Mexico airspace is comprised by two FIRs (MMFR, MMFO).
 - **★** Four ACCs.
 - ★ 14 APPs with ATS surveillance.
 - ★ 16 APPs with procedural ATC.
 - ★ 9 APPs combined with TWR.
 - ★ 57 ATC Towers.
 - ★ MMMX, MMUN, MMGL, MMMY and MMTJ.
 - ★ Main flow of traffic to and from United States
- ★ Basic ATFM operation limited to Mexico City.
- ★ TMMs applied occasionally for Cancun and Los Cabos.





Central American

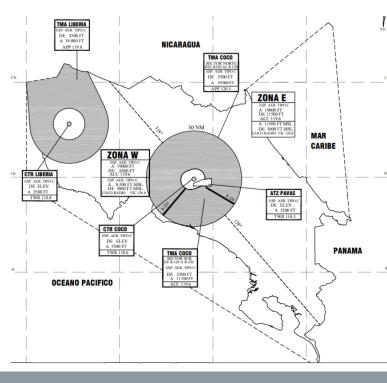


- ★ MHTG supports six States.
 - ★ Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua.
 - ★7 TMAs.
 - ★ Busiest airports MROC and MSLP.
 - ★ Main traffic flows from Mérida to El Salvador and Panama westbound.
- ★ ATFM implemented by ACNA, COCESNA ANSP, in the upper airspace.
- ★ Challenges for connecting lower airspace TMAs nodes.





Costa Rica



- ★ Costa Rica handles their section of the lower MHTG.
 - ★ 2 TMAs/APPs.
 - ★ Busiest airports MROC/ MRLB.
 - ★ Main traffic flows from EEUU and Panama.
- ** ATFM partially implemented, resourced and procedures partially established.
- ★ ATFM connected to the Upper airspace ANSP (CENAMER).





Habana



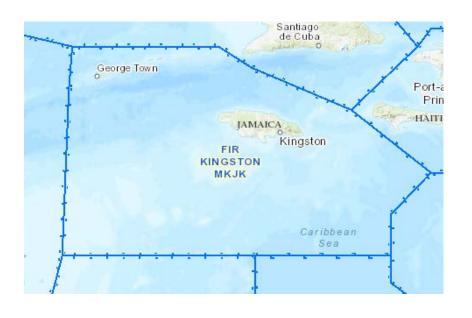
★ MUFH serves the airspace from Cuba

- ★ An irregularly shaped area with predominant traffic from north to south and vice versa.
- ★ Very complex central area due to the convergence of several medium intensity routes
- ★ One ACC: Habana. Four TMAs: Habana, Santa Clara, Camagüey and Santiago.
- ★ Two APPs: Varadero and Cayo Largo.
- ★ 10 ATC Control Towers for International Airports and 5 for Domestic Airports.
- ATFM implemented, lacking automation tools.
- ★ Airports normally operating under capacity.





Kingston



- ★ MKJK serves Jamaica and Cayman Islands.
 - ★ 1 ACC.
 - ★ 2 APPs
 - ★ Cayman Islands responsible for one additional TMA/APP.
 - ★ 5 international airports (including 2 in Cayman).
 - ★ Montego Bay is the busiest airport.
 - ★ Main traffic flows are overflights north-south bound and vice versa.
- ★ ATFM partially implemented, lacking staff and formal agreements with neighboring FIRs.







- ★ MTEG FIR serves Haiti's airspace.
 - **★** One ACC/APP.
 - ★ Procedural ATC provision.
 - ★ Limited automation.
 - ★ Main traffic flows are overflights north-south bound and vice versa.





Santo Domingo



- ★ MDCS serves the airspace of the Dominican Republic.
 - ★ One ACC at Santo Domingo. One CCT at Punta Cana.
 - ★ Two APPs, Las Américas and Punta Cana.
 - ★ Three TMAs.
 - ★ Eight International Airports.
 - ★ Main traffic arrivals-departures MDPC.
- ★ ATFM implemented, fully staffed and operational. SOPs and training established.
- ★ Manually operated, lacking an automated tool. Receive two times per day information from the FAA command center



Curaçao



- ★ TNCF serves a significant portion of airspace in the central Caribbean.
 - ★ Mostly covered by Radar, few gaps in coverage at the border of the FIR. Space ADS-B will enhance ATS surveillance coverage for the whole FIR.
 - ★ One ACC at Curacao and TMAs at Curacao, Aruba and Bonaire.
 - ★ 3 APPs.
 - ★ 3 international airports.
 - ★ Main air traffic flows are overflights north-south bound and vice versa.
- ★ ATFM not implemented.





Piarco



- ★ Piarco serves 750,000 sq. miles of airspace.
 - ★ Handled by the TTCAA, provides ANS excluding the Terminal Airspaces (TMA's).
 - ★ 1 ACC with two main sectors (continental and oceanic).
 - ★ Antigua, Guadeloupe, Martinique, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Barbados, Grenada and Trinidad and Tobago.
- ★ ATFM partially implemented.
- ★ Piarco OIS constitute the ATFM Daily Plan (ADP) for the Piarco FIR and E/CAR
- ★ Successfully connected to FAA via SWIM





NAM/CAR ATFM Survey 2019

- ➤ To better support the ATFM implementation in the NAM/CAR Regions and evaluate the compliance with the RPBANIP RPOs (DCB and FUA).
- Prepared by the NAM/CAR ANI/WG ATFM Task Force to collect information related to the ATFM implementation progress.
- Due date 1 September 2019

NAM/CAR 2019 SURVEY

Air Traffic Flow Management

Prepared by the NAM/CAR ANI/WG ATFM Task Force
ICAO NACC REGIONAL OFFICE





NAM/CAR ATFM Survey 2019

- ➤ 38 basic questions, to assess ATFM/CDM implementation and operation, assessed by level of implementation (Not implemented, Partial implementation, Full implementation).
- Four additional questions to assess participation in the NAM/CAR ATFM Task Force.
- Nine States responded (Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Haiti, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Saint Lucia and United States).

NAM/CAR 2019 SURVEY Air Traffic Flow Management

Prepared by the NAM/CAR ANI/WG ATFM Task Force
ICAO NACC REGIONAL OFFICE





NAM/CAR ATFM Survey 2019

- ➤ Poor response, but a representative sample from all different levels of ANS systems.
- Some responses may require additional clarification.
- Provides valuable information regarding the main challenges faced by the Region.
- ➤ Pending further analysis to use information provided to tailor the CAR Region ATFM Support programme.

NAM/CAR 2019 SURVEY
Air Traffic Flow Management

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ICAO NACC REGIONAL OFFICE

Pending responses, are still welcomed





ATFM Implementation Progress

- ★ It is important to note the progress that several States of the Region have been able to make towards an effective operational implementation of the ATFM.
- ★ Also, it is important to note that an ATFM system that is not capable to balance demand and capacity has not achieved its fundamental purpose.
- ★ It takes time and high-level support to be able to make ATFM relevant in front of the traditional way of handling traffic.
- ★ ATFM enabler systems are pending to be implemented.
- ★ Change in culture is perhaps the biggest challenge to overcome.

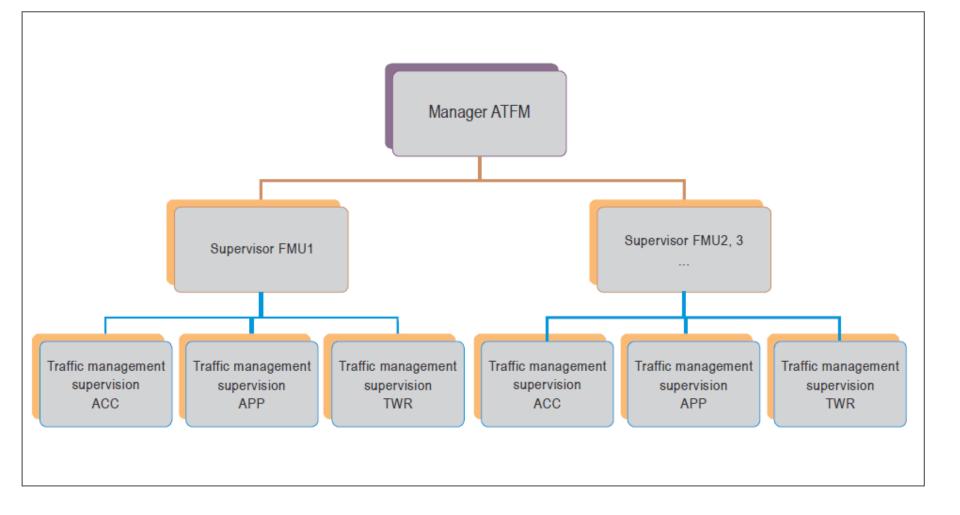


Figure II-7-1 Sample of an ATFM line of authority

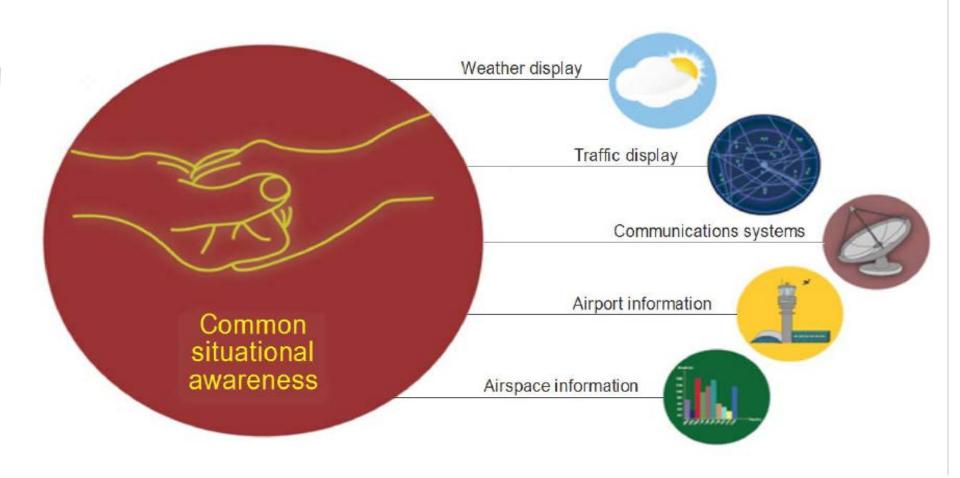


Figure II-8-3. Elements of common situational awareness





Conclusions

- ★ The CAR Region has maintained sustained growth in air traffic, which is expected to continue growing with considerable.
- ★ As part of the value chain provided by the Region, the safety and efficiency of air operations is becoming increasingly important.
- ★ CANSO's initiative, CADENA, has had a very positive impact on the Region, promoting ATFM implementation among ANSPs and establishing a CDM platform that enables ATFM functioning at a regional level.
- ★ There are different levels of requirements for ATFM in the Region, according to different operational contexts.
- ★ The CAR Region should design implementation scenarios more connected to achieve realistic implementation.





Suggested Actions

★ The Meeting is invited to:

- a) evaluate the ATFM implementation progress in the CAR Region;
- b) recognize the real ANS operational context and make recommendations that would enable an ATFM implementation according to different levels of requirements; and
- c) make any other recommendation deemed necessary.



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