Implementing a Safety Management System

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Benefits of an SMS

Apart from being an ICAO requirement, ANSPs derive benefits from *establishing*, *documenting* and *maintaining* an SMS

- Improved safety awareness
- Focus on optimisation and continuous improvement
- Identification of high-risk areas
- Evidence the organisation places a *high value* on safety
- Assurance to senior leadership that formal safety management practices are in place





Understanding SMS Requirements

In order to ensure the SMS meets all applicable safety and regulatory requirements, it is necessary to understand the scope of international and domestic regulations

- ICAO Annex 19 details the SARPs applicable to the safety management functions related to, or in direct support of, the safe operation of aircraft
- Additional SMS requirements my be placed on ANSPs by their state or other regulatory or advisory organisations





Perform a Gap Analysis

Illustrates the current state versus the desired state regarding the various regulatory requirements placed on your organisation

Can also be used to:

- Develop a compliance matrix in which all regulatory requirements are mapped against existing practice
- Support the development of a business case to justify the resources and effort required to implement an SMS
- As a reporting tool against which milestones are tracked as completed





Determining SMS Framework – ICAO Annex 19

Safety Policy and Objectives	Safety Risk Management	Safety Assurance	Safety Promotion
 Management commitment and responsibilities Safety accountabilities Appointment of key safety personnel Coordination of emergency response planning SMS documentation 	identification 2) Risk assessment and mitigation	1) Safety performance monitoring and measurement 2) The management of change 3) Continuous improvement of the SMS	1) Training and education 2) Safety communication



SMS Framework Regulatory Compliance

Require	ements		SMS Implementation	
ICAO Annex 19	Domestic Regulations	Existing Practice	SMS Group and Element	Expected SMS Output
Annex 19 3.1 Safety performance monitoring and measurement 3.3.1 The service	Not referenced	Loss of separation data are submitted to CANSO annually	Safety Assurance Safety Performance Monitoring	Process via which key performance indicators associated with key risk controls are identified and
provider shall develop and maintain the means to verify the safety performance of the organisation and validate the				validated by senior management Document type: procedure
effectiveness of risk controls.				Reporting against the key performance indicators SMS Output



Scope Out the Plan Before You Begin

Scope of Implementation Plan		Explanation
What needs to be	Goals	What needs to be achieved
achieved?	Objectives	What actions need to be undertaken to achieve the goal
	Enablers	Organisational processes or facilities that may be required to ensure that the SMS process can be implemented (e.g., a software system to allow automatic reporting of incidents).
Who is responsible?	Accountable executive	It should be clear who is accountable for delivering each goal. He/she should be responsible for identifying the necessary resources, including people, equipment and finances, to deliver on the goal. Underpinning objectives may be delivered by others, responsibilities which should also be clearly documented.
When will work commence?	Phase	In which phase of the SMS the work will commence; this could be specified as a date.



Round Out the Scoping Plan

Scope of Implemen	ntation Plan	Explanation
How will the work be achieved?	Internal resourcing (within the safety department, cross- functional teams, teams outside the safety department)	The organisation may look to a number of resourcing models to assure that the various components of the SMS are implemented. The resource model used will depend on the urgency with which the SMS component is required, the availability and knowledge of internal staff and budget availability.
	External resourcing (use of consultant)	
Milestones	Reporting milestones	Timeframes for the delivery of all goals and objectives should be specified.
Review of outputs	Acceptance into the SMS	It is good practice to nominate an individual responsible for reviewing the outputs and determining if they are of adequate quality for inclusion in the SMS.



Phase, Group and Element of CANSO SoE in SMS	Examples of Associated Goals and Objectives
Phase I Safety Policy Organisational and Individual Safety Responsibilities	 Goal 1 – Develop and implement an effective safety organisation. Develop safety policy Document roles, responsibilities and accountabilities in relation to safety and its management Establish independent safety management function
Phase II Safety Promotion	 Goal 2 – Develop and implement a comprehensive safety education and training programme. Undertake a gap analysis of baseline safety knowledge of the corporation Develop a general-knowledge, corporate-wide safety training session Develop a targeted safety training programme on operational risk management and human factors (based on gap analyses) Identify those personnel required to receive targeted safety training Budget for external safety training (e.g., ICAO)



Phase, Group and Element of CANSO SoE in SMS	Examples of Associated Goals and Objectives
Phase II Safety Assurance Safety Reporting, Investigation and Improvement	 Goal 3 – Develop and implement systems and processes to support safety reporting, investigation and improvement. Identify regulated reporting requirements Identify internal safety data requirements Develop gap analyses of reporting requirements Develop a confidential safety reporting system Develop a system that allows for the collection and dissemination of safety data, both regulated and internal Develop analysis capabilities based on collection of hazard-based data (including training of specific individuals)
Phase III Safety Policy Timely Compliance with International Obligations	 Goal 4 – Comply with international obligations. Identify international requirements, (e.g., ICAO) Identify State (regulator) requirements Perform gap analyses to determine deficiencies Develop a template with timelines associated with all international obligations Assign individuals to respond to international obligations on a timely basis



Phase, Group and Element of CANSO SoE in SMS	Examples of Associated Goals and Objectives
Phases II & IV Safety Culture Development of a Positive and Pro-active Safety Culture	 Goal 5 – Pro-actively enhance safety culture. Develop a commitment statement to enhance safety culture (approved and signed by the appropriate level in the organisation) Develop a just culture programme Promote safety culture and just culture
Phases II, III & IV Safety Achievement Safety Interfaces Safety Promotion Adoption of best practices within the ANSP Adoption of best practices external to the ANSP	 Goal 6 – Develop and implement processes for internal and external safety interfaces. Develop the Terms of Reference document for the internal safety planning committee Develop the Terms of Reference for external interfaces with stakeholders, including: Airports Air carriers Regulator Pilots (commercial, general aviation) Military Service-level changes



Phase, Group and Element of CANSO SoE in SMS	Examples of Associated Goals and Objectives
Phase III	Goal 7 - Develop and implement safety performance
Safety Assurance	monitoring capability.
Safety Performance Monitoring	 Identify regulatory performance metrics Identify international, industry and aviation safety metrics Develop a safety performance measurement programme
Phase IV	Goal 8 - Develop and implement survey and audit
Safety Assurance	capabilities.
Operational Safety Surveys and SMS Audits	 Establish authority to conduct surveys and/or audits Develop the survey process, including cycle timeframes Develop the audit process, including cycle timeframes Develop analysis, monitoring and feedback processes on identified gaps and/or deficiencies



SMS Attributes







SMS Attribute Definitions

Term	Definition in Relation to the SMS	Actions Required for SMS Design and Implementation
Accepted	The SMS is viewed as being appropriate and necessary.	What actions will be taken to promote the benefits of the SMS?
Accessible	The SMS is easy to find.	Where will the documents, tools and software associated with the SMS be located?
Understandable	The SMS is easy to comprehend.	What awareness training will be undertaken to ensure that employees know about the SMS and can undertake the safety tasks associated with their roles? Are documents written such that all staff in the organisation will understand them?



SMS Attribute Definitions Continued

Term	Definition in Relation to the SMS	Actions Required for SMS Design and Implementation
Useable	I I NO SIVIS IC OSCVI TO SNAIVI	What actions will be taken to design documents and tools that will be easy for employees to use?
Effective	,	How will the organisation assess whether the SMS is working well?
Productive	The SMS assists the organisation in identifying, mitigating and managing its safety risks.	How will the organisation determine if the SMS is affecting safety outcomes?



Reporting SMS Implementation Plan Progress

Regular updates on the progress of implementation should be provided to the highest levels of the organisation

Reports should include:

- Achievements, including SMS processes that have been implemented and milestones that have been met
- Work programmes underway
- Update timelines
- Potential constraints that could delay successful implementation





WHAT? WHO? HOW?

WHERE? WHEN? WHY?

CANSO SMS Implementation Guide

Published in 2015, it aims to provide CANOS Members at maturity levels A, B, and C with guidance that:

- Transfers learning across the industry
- Builds a consistent approach to ANSP safety management practices across the globe
- Allows ANSP management to plan for safety at the corporate, group and project levels, assuring risks to operational service delivery as reduced to 'as low as reasonably practicable' levels
- Aligns to the CANSO SoE on SMS

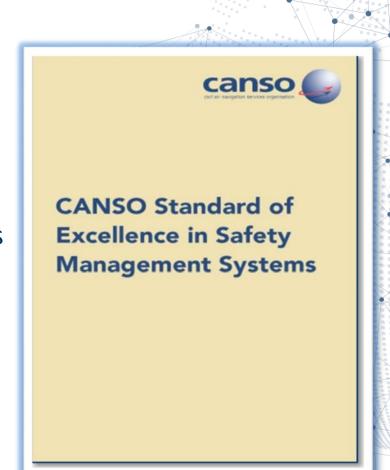


CANSO
Safety Management
System
Implementation
Guide



CANSO Standard of Excellence

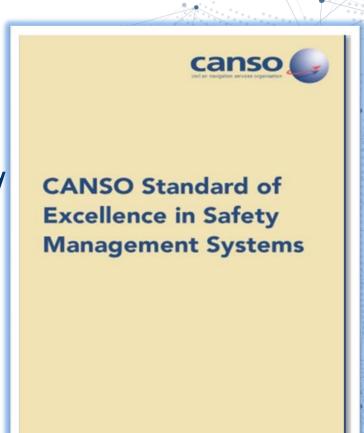
- In July 2018, CANSO published an updated version of the CANSO Standard of Excellence in Safety Management Systems (SoE in SMS)
- Draws on experiences of CANSO Members to develop a framework that helps ANSPs continually improve their efforts to manage safety
- Aligns with the ICAO's Annex on Safety Management (Annex 19)
- Incorporates the latest developments in safety management thinking and practice





Objectives of the CANSO SoE in SMS

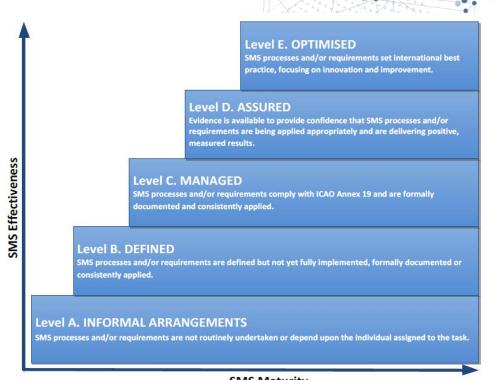
- Encourage improvement within and transfer learning across the CNS industry
- Help CANSO Members demonstrate alignment with SMS
 aspects of Annex 19, and build an SMS that fits the size and
 complexity of its operation
- Provides a path for continuous improvement beyond the requirements set by regulators
- Enables ANSP management to directly and deliberately plan for safety at all levels, thereby ensuring risks to operational service delivery are minimised





Utility and Benefits of CANSO SoE in SMS

- Emphasises a *phased*, *step-by-step approach* to implementing an SMS
- Identifies 5 distinct levels, starting from the most basic, informal arrangements, and works toward optimised systems
- Allows safety managers to prioritise their safety efforts and to initially focus on fundamentals
- Enables ANSP management to measure and understand SMS maturity in their organization, as well as be measured against the CNS industry standard





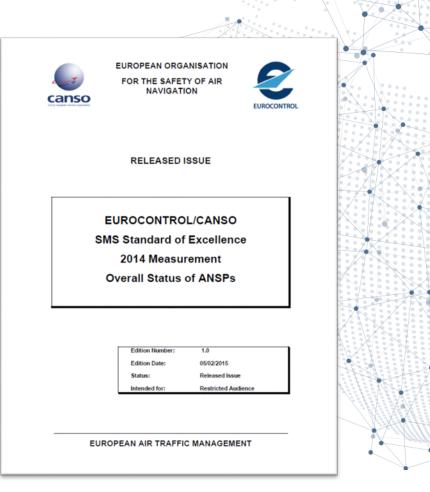




Self-Assessment Tool and Annual Survey

To allow individual ANSPs to conduct a self-assessment of their SMS against the SoE in SMS, CANSO partnered with EUROCONTROL to develop the *EUROCONTROL/CANSO Standard of Excellence in Safety Management Systems Questionaire*

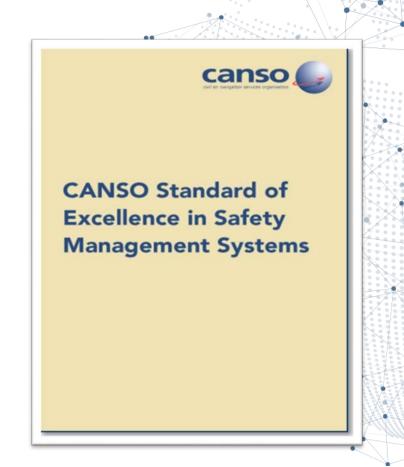
- Walks user through specific questions about their SMS covering the 17 study areas in the SoE in SMS
- By answering the questionnaire, the ANSP is able to identify areas of strength, as well as areas that need improvement in their SMS
- Issued by CANSO in May/June of each year
- Answers are due in July





CANSO Expert Assessment Programme

- SEANS-Safety provides an independent, expert assessment and validation of the SMS maturity levels of CANSO Member ANSPs
- The CANSO Standards of Excellence in Safety
 Management Systems is the guidance for all SEANS-Safety
 assessments
- SEANS-Safety assessments are confidential
- Assessments can be used to determine compliance with ICAO Annex-19





Partnership is Key

While is important for ANSPs to collaborate on safety improvements, it just as important for a *strong* relationship between regulator and service provider

- The regulator and the ANSP have a shared responsibility, to improve overall safety performance
- A proper system at the national level is a must to ensure good and supportive interaction between the SSP and the SMS, thereby facilitating a strong relationship between regulator and ANSP
- Establishment of a framework for regular consultation and dialogue, as well as a mutually agreed reporting structure helps to foster a more integrated, transparent operation

