# AFI Region AIXM-eAIP implementation workshop (Dakar, SENEGAL, 3-5 October 2016)

# ASECNA DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIENCES ON AIXM DATABASE AND EAIP PRODUCTION

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#### **TOPICS**

#### **Introduction**

#### I- Steps for AIXM-eAIP implementation

- 1- Software and hardware for AIXM database
- 2- Data collection and validation in AIXM database
- 3- eAIP software
- 4- Initial eAIP

#### **II- ASECNA experiences**

- 1-ASECNA AIXM database infrastructure
- 2- Database structuration
- 3- ASECNA eAIP software
- 4- AIP page migration to XML

#### **Conclusion**

#### INTRODUCTION

The roadmap for the transition from AIS to AIM has in its phases 2 and 3 some steps which lead us to implement database and eAIP:

#### **Phase 2**:

- P06: Integrated aeronautical information database
- P07: Unique identifier
- P08 : Aeronautical conceptual model
- P11: Electronic AIP

#### Phase 3

P09: aeronautical data exchange.

Start from having no database to reach eAIP production passing by AIXM data base implementation, is not a game and the road to reach the goal is not short.

It needs means, work, organisation and time.

Our presentation objective is to review how to go to AIXM-eAIP production and to share ASECNA experiences in that way.

#### 1- Hardware and software for AIXM database

- Have an eAIP based on AIXM begins with database settlement.
- For that, data provider has to acquire software and hardware with industrials specialized in AIXM database designing.
- The data provider has to give the designer the objectives and all specifications of the data base desired.
- It's important to take into account the interoperability necessary between the data base and others softwares to satisfy the outcomes of aeronautical information.

#### 2- Data collection and validation in AIXM database

- After Database Hardware and software installation, the following step is to collect data required, transform them in AIXM format to populate the database.
- There are many possibilities for that:
- On the second of the second
- 2) Country data are not available in coded format but are in AIP: in this case, the procedure is to verify data existing in AIP, validate and type them directly in AIXM through the HMI. This is to be done one by one for each data. It's take a long time.
- Specific case of airspace border description : all airspace which descriptions are not done with geometric regular forms must be vectored and be transformed in a serial of points with geographical coordinates. TMAs UTAs and FIRs boundaries are in this case.
- AIXM Data completeness, consistency and integrity are a start up conditions to go towards AIXM-eAIP activities.

#### 3- eAIP software

For a coherent implementation of eAIP, it's very important to design AIXM database and eAIP tools in the same time in order to take into account the necessary interoperability between AIXM database and eAIP tools software.

eAIP software has to take data from database and to put them in corresponding sections in AIP structure.

eAIP software tools have also be designed to take into account the possibilities to built eAIP in two or more languages and also if the eAIP is for a lonely country or for multi-countries.

All changes in AIXM database from AIRAC date to AIRAC date must be captured by eAIP software in order to propose automatically an amendment sheet to publisher operators.

#### 4- Initial eAIP

#### AIXM-eAIP implementation needs two operations:

#### 1) <u>Initial eAIP building</u>

- AIXM and eAIP software are used to migrate data in XML format with AIP page presentation (AIP structure in parts and sections).
- All pages of AIP must be created in XML to built initial eAIP.
- XML format is the base to publish eAIP on the WEB or on CDROM in HTML.
- From XML format, it's possible to have PDF format for paper publication.
- The initial AIP is released on AIRAC date.

#### 2) Amendment production

From this initial eAIP, in accordance to the regular time of amendment publication, all changes in database are taken into account by eAIP software and then to generate a draft of amendment to AIP publisher operator for validation and release. This operation is renew for each amendment publication.

# II- ASECNA experiences 1-ASECNA AIXM database infrastructure

#### **HARDWARE**

- 2 Static data (SDO) servers
- SDO Workstations computers for data management and data operations (HMI)
- IP network infrastructure

#### SOFWARE

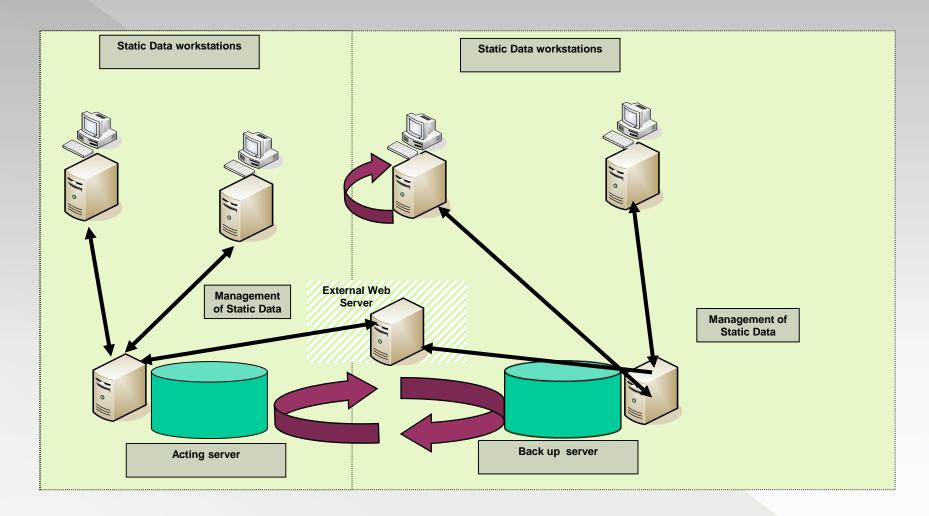
- RedHat LINUX ES for server operations system;
- AIXM + THALES for aeronautical data exchange (AIXM 4.5), data storage and HMI providing for SDO operators;
- ORACLE for relational data management

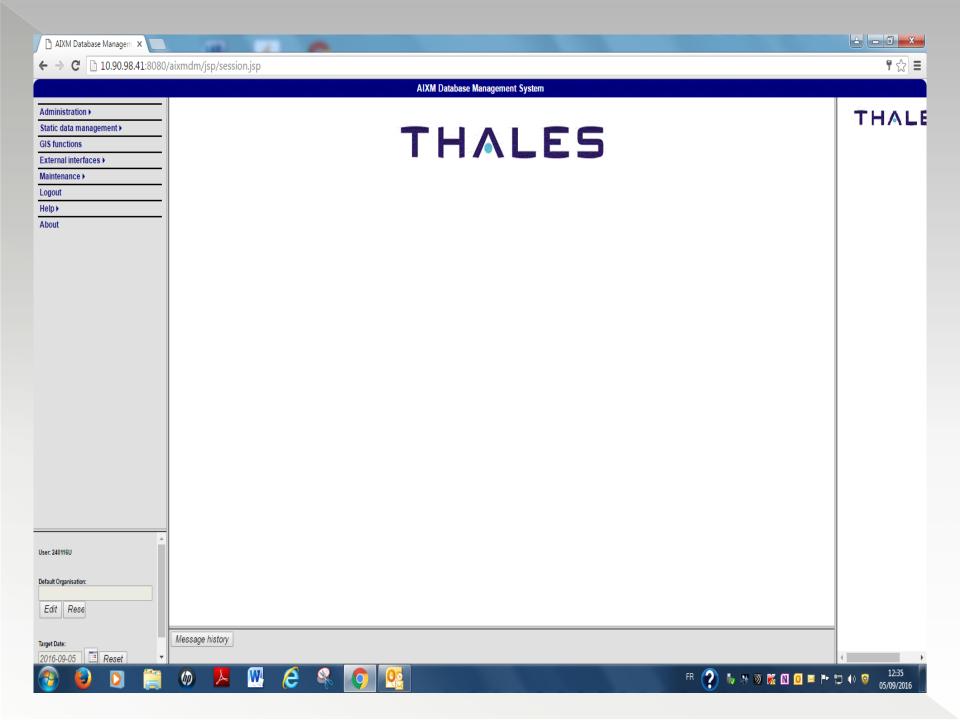
#### <u>INTERFACES</u>

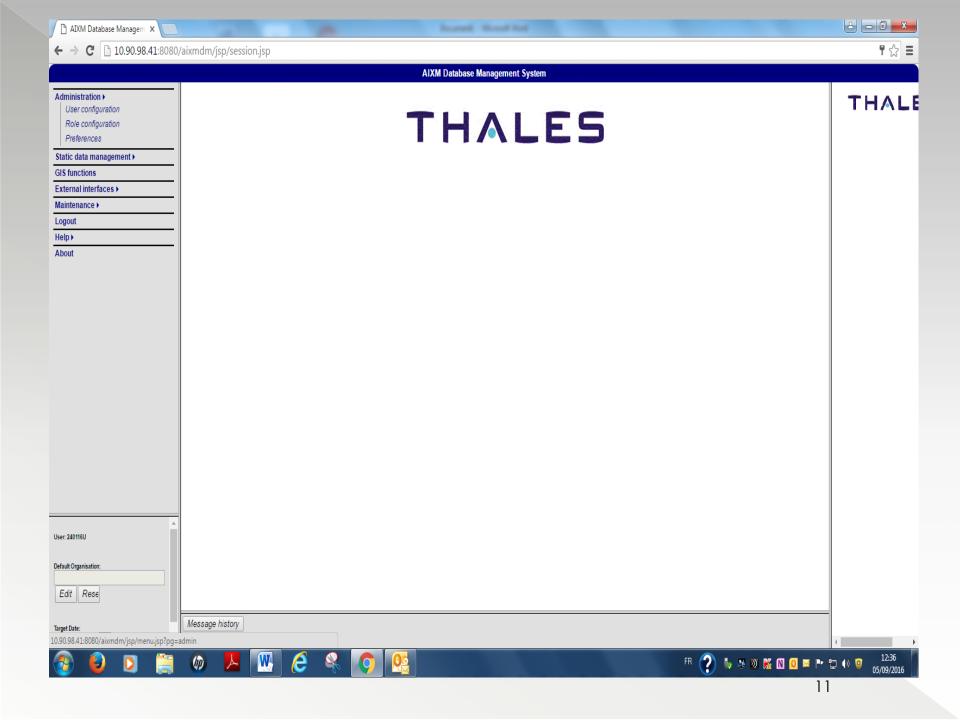
- Textual Data management (TDM): create, modify, update, delete, import and export data;
- Graphical Data management (GDM): data reporting in chart;
- Checks: data format, intra-tables and dependencies, crosstable rules and inter-dependancies.

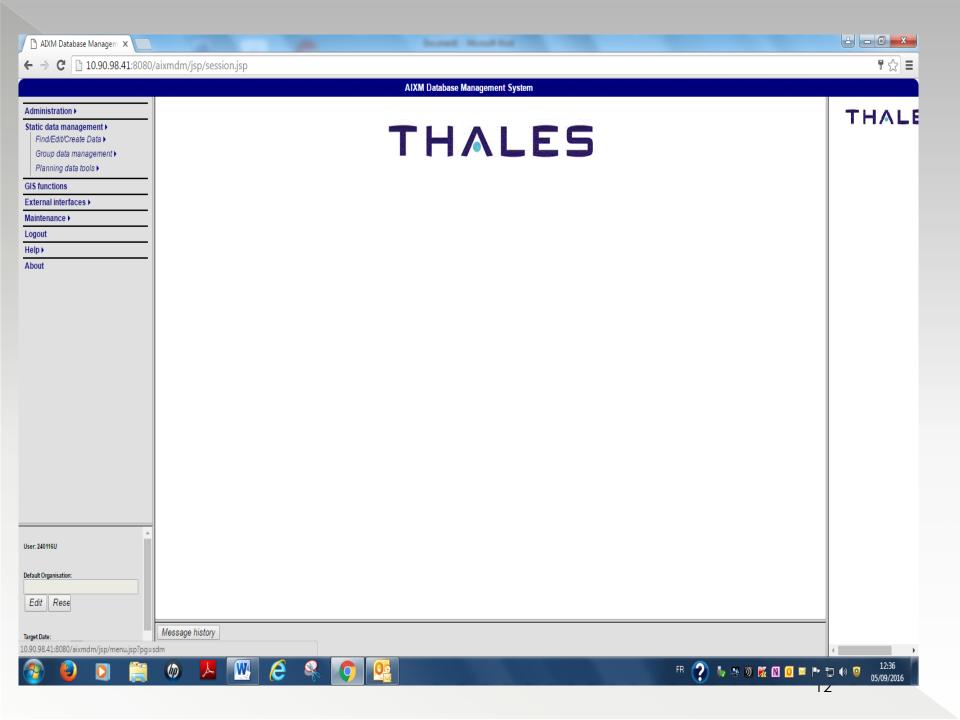
#### **II- ASECNA experiences**

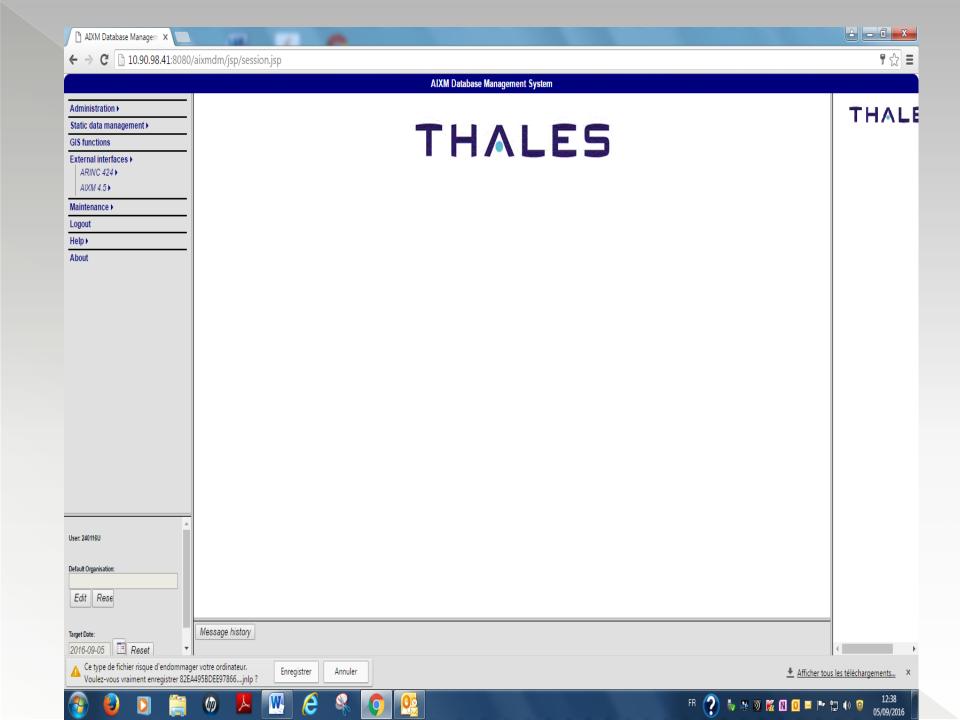
#### 1-ASECNA AIXM database infrastructure (a)











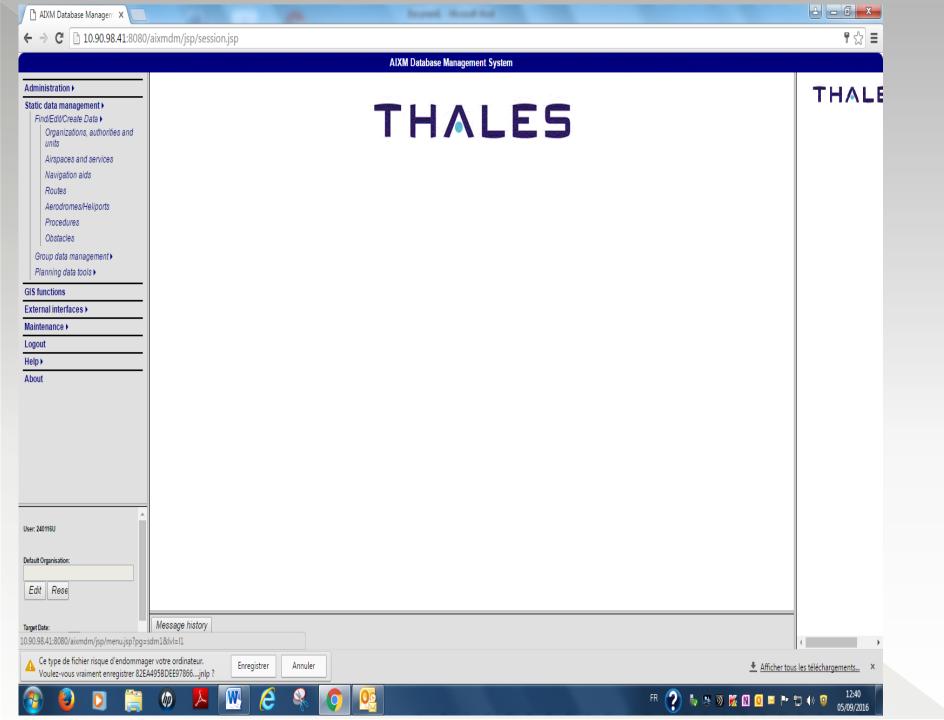
#### **II- ASECNA experiences**

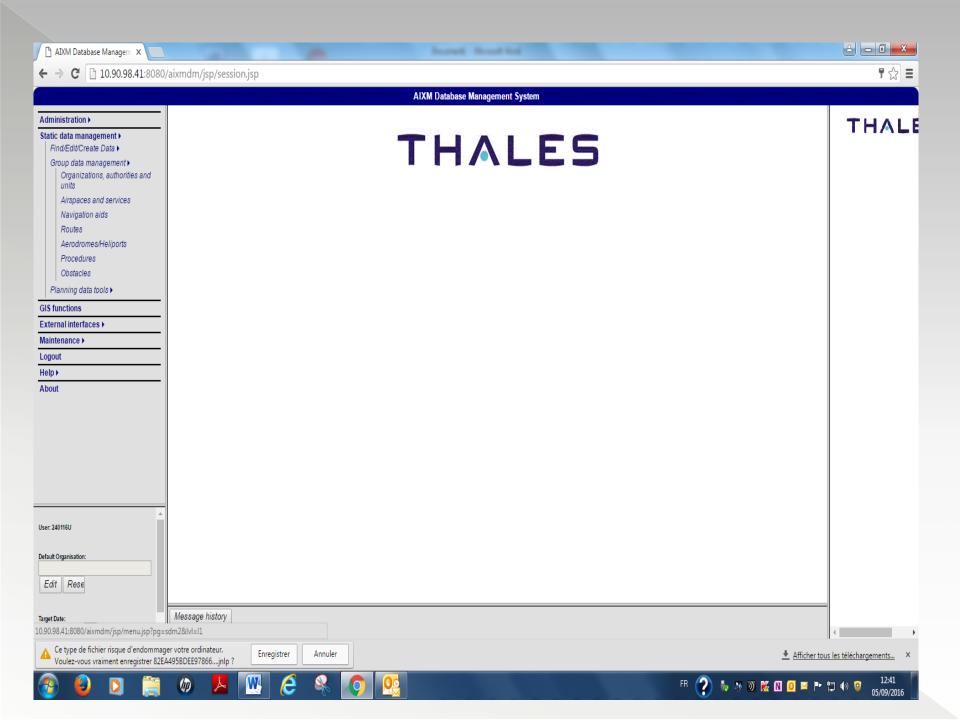
#### 2- Database structuration

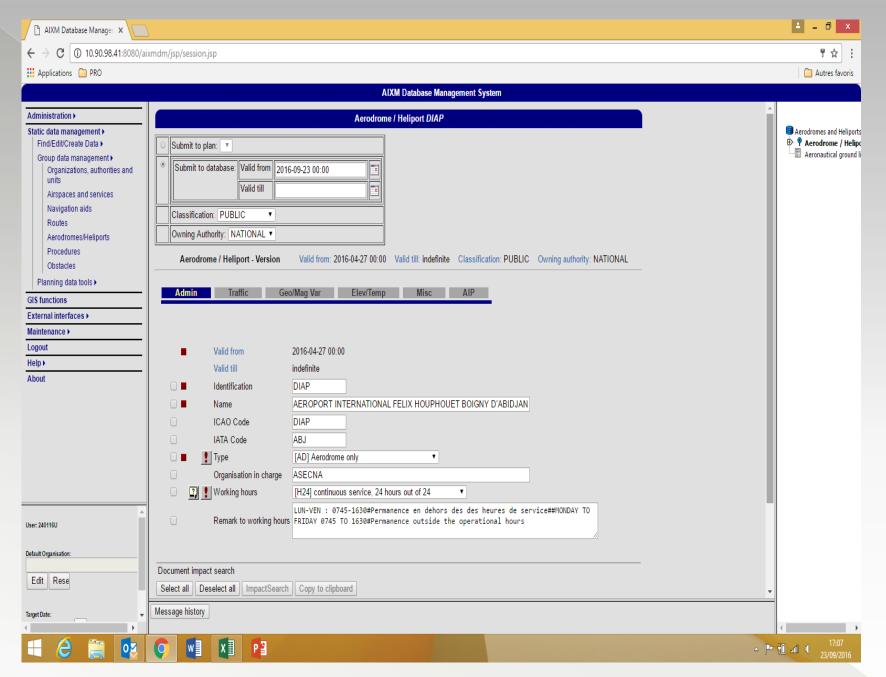
- ASECNA AIXM database is designed to receive data belonguing to the seventeen countries. It's built with AICM structuration and include:
  - organization, authorities and units;
  - airspaces and services
  - navigation aids;
  - aerodromes and heliports;
  - > procedures;
  - > Obstacles.

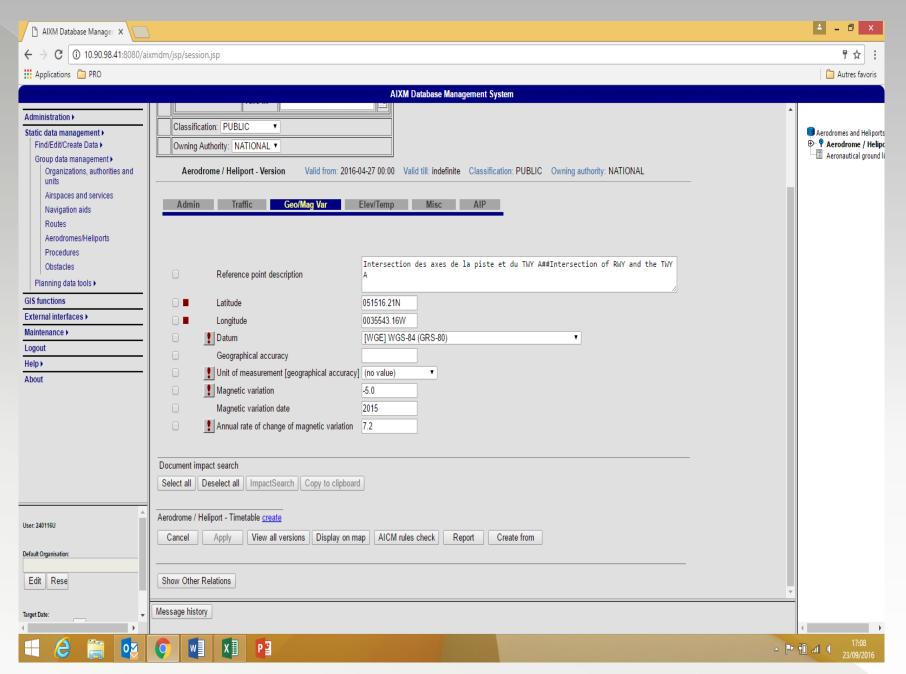
#### <u>Data migration status</u>

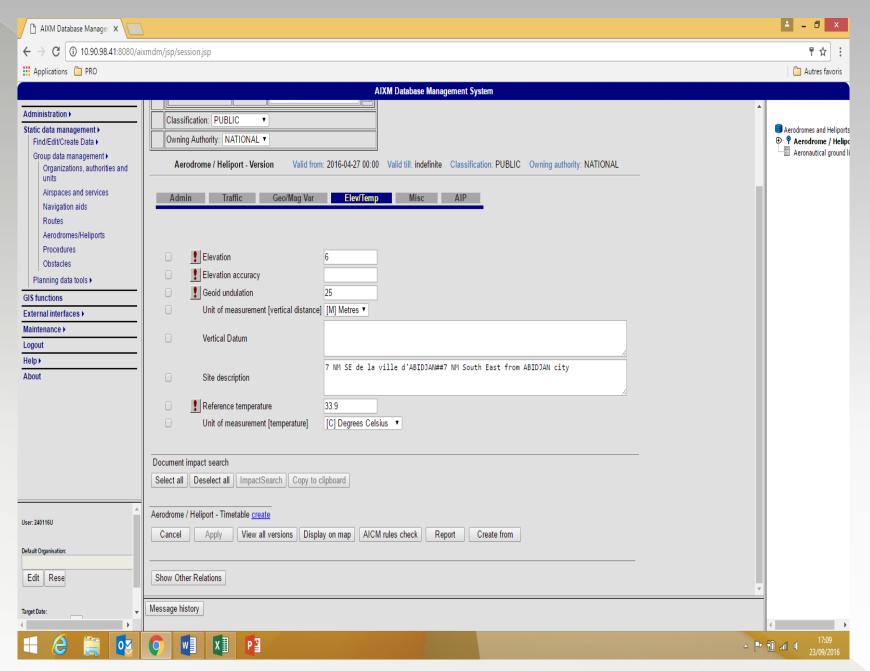
Données migrées.xlsx

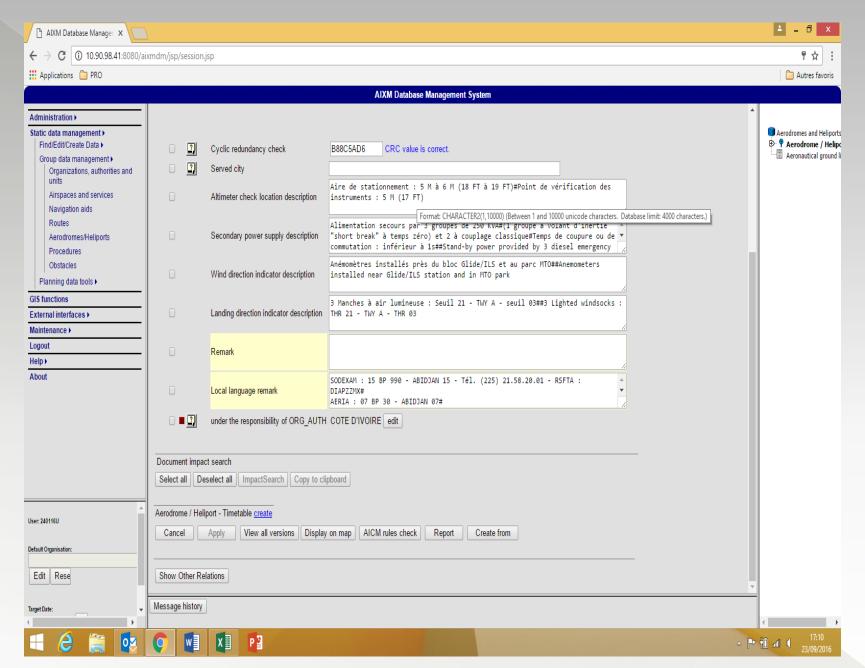


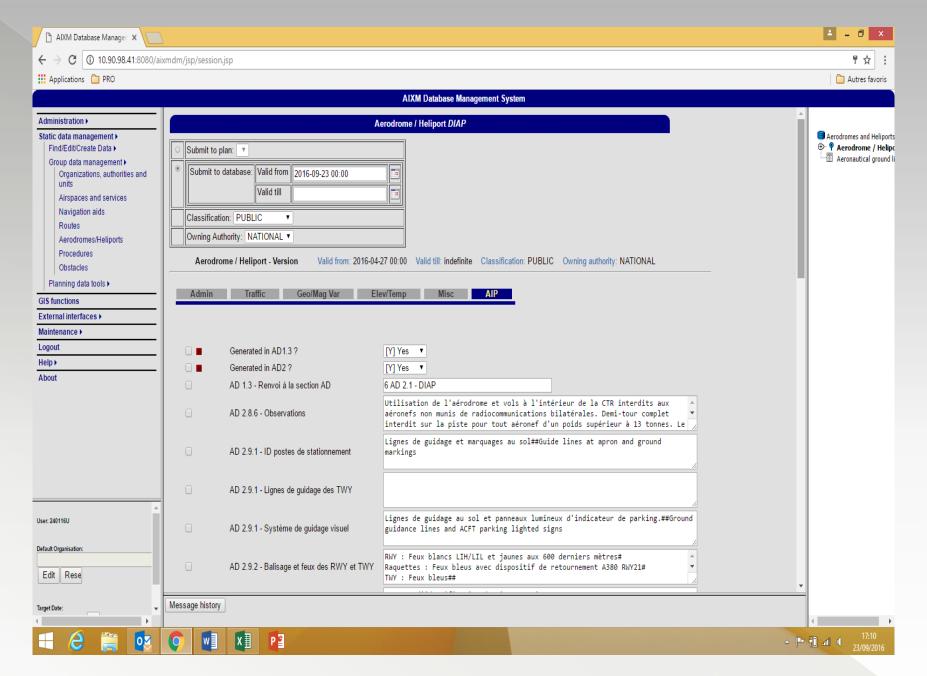


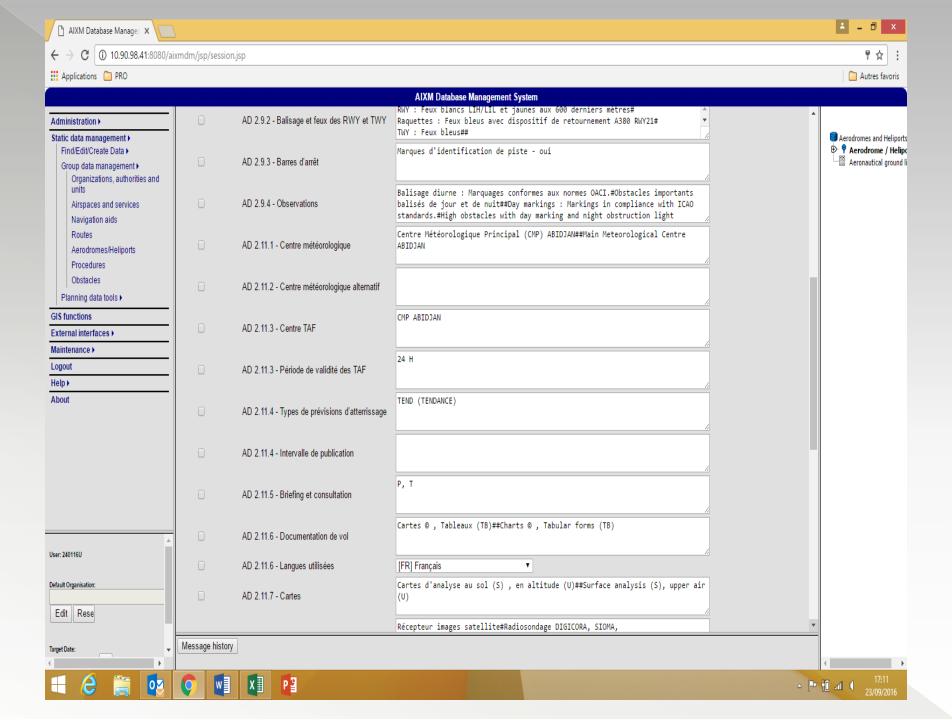


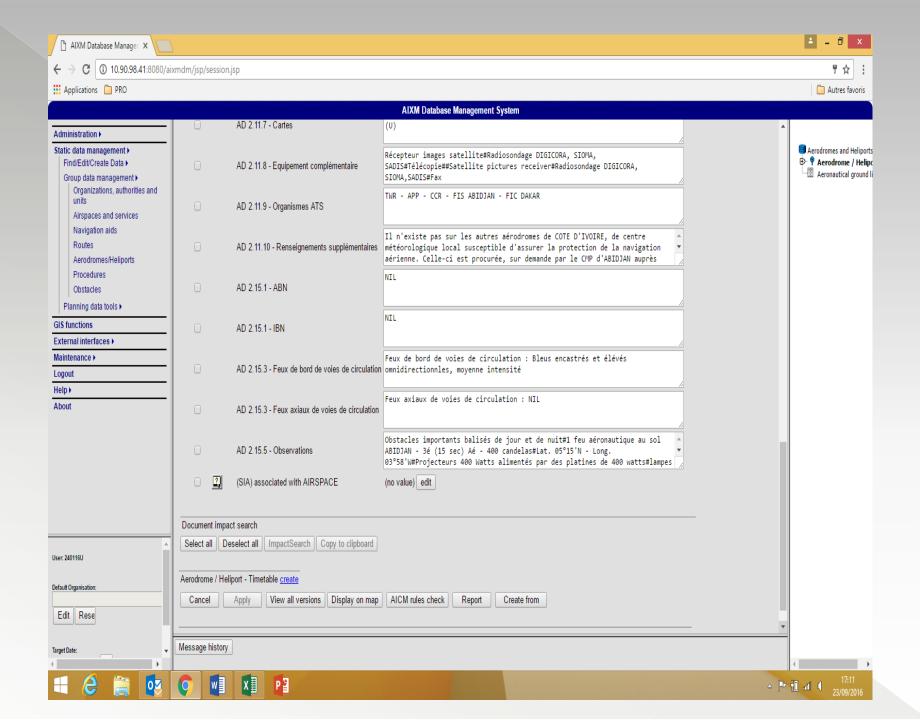


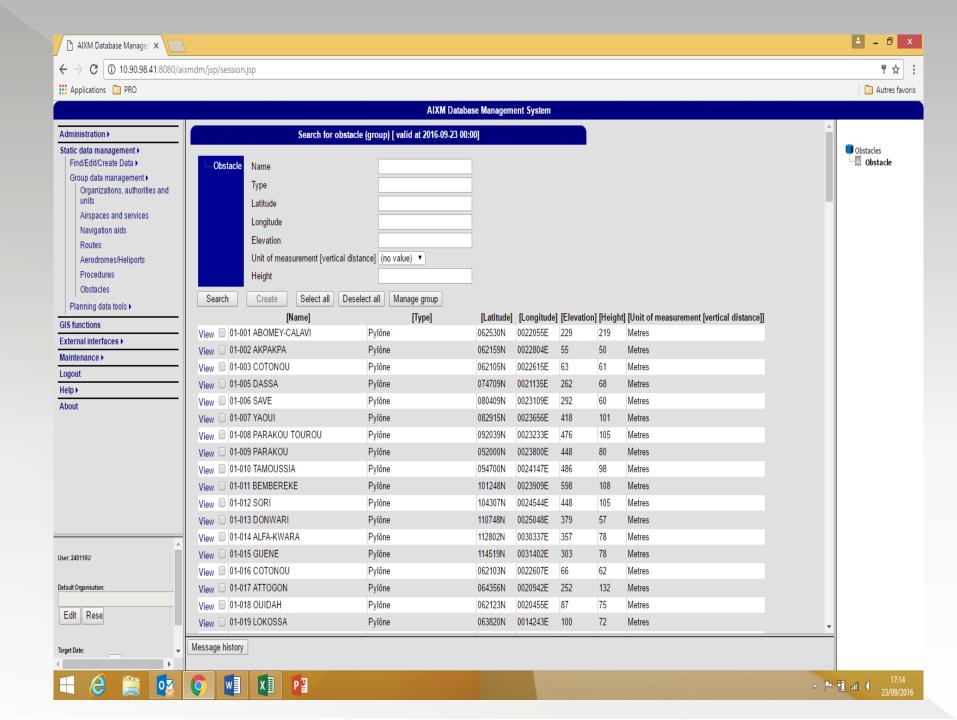


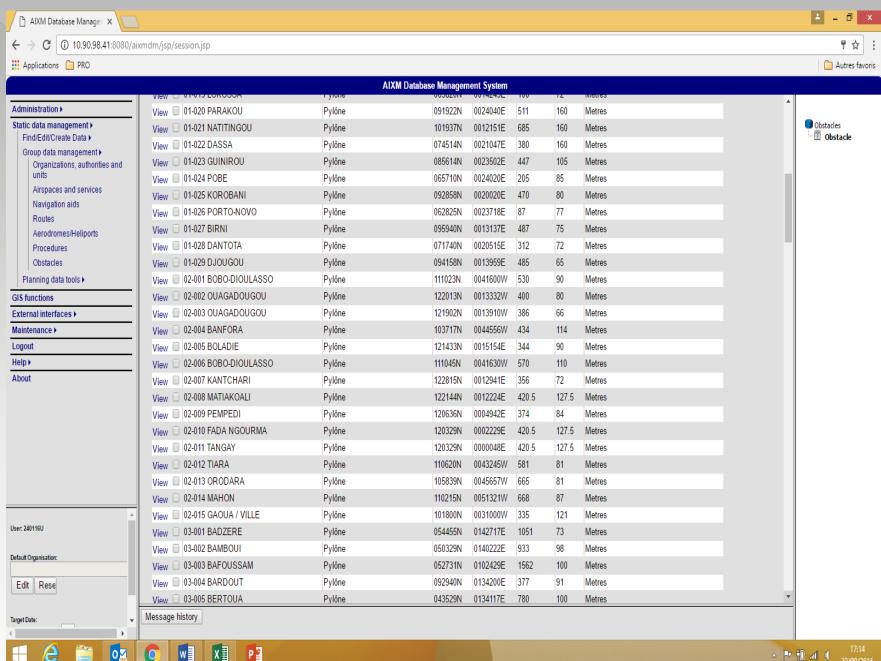


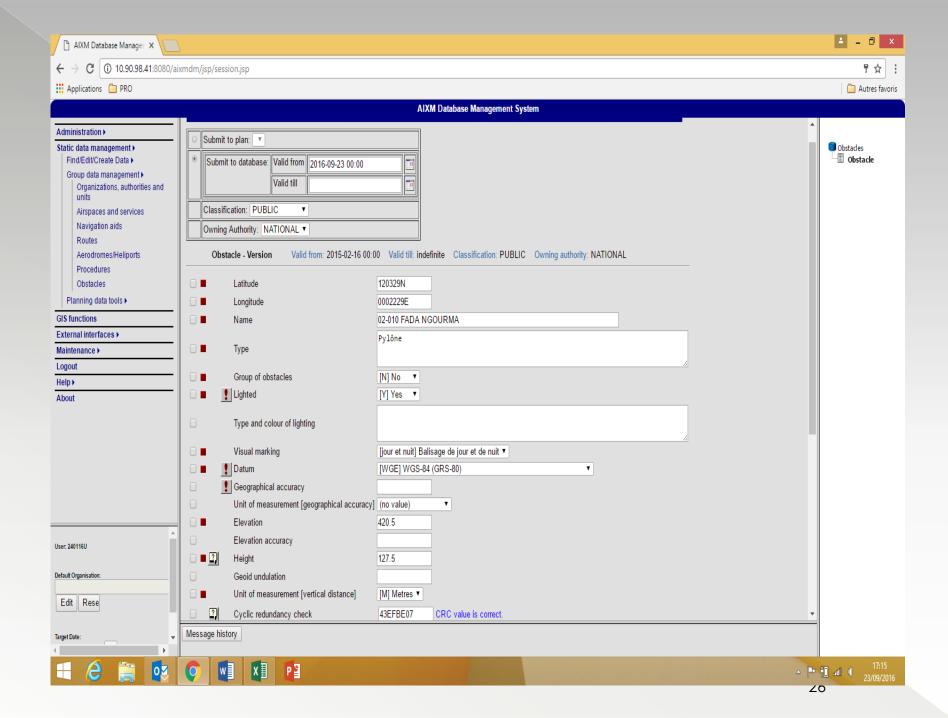












## II- ASECNA experiences3- ASECNA eAIP software

- eAIP production software must be interoperable with AIXM data base.
- In ASECNA case, the following tools are used:
- Java environment for Librairie;
- OXYGEN editor for XML;
- Internet Explorer;
- Acrobat reader for PDF viewer.

A direct connection to the AIXM data base use these data without any replication and any file exchange. AIP document impacts report is generated by AIXM to eAIP software.

The eAIP module allows production, distribution, mantenance and storage of AIP, AIP amendment, AIP/SUP and AIC.

AIP files are exportable in PDF and HTML.

Two types of workstations are in the system: AIP operator and AIP administrator.

# II- ASECNA experiences4- AIP page migration to XML

- Migration from AIP to AIXM-eAIP needs three steps to be completed:
- STEP 1 : Static data migration in AIXM format
- STEP 2 : AIP migration
  - > STEP 2-a: free text AIP migration
  - Step 2-b : AIP Tables migration
  - STEP 3 : Charts migration
  - - Step 3-a: Charts template creation
  - Step 3-b : charts migration.
  - <u>00GEN-0.1-01.xml</u>
  - <u>00ENR-1.13-01.xml</u>
  - \_00AD-1.4-01.xml
  - <u>4d52211d-73ab-4e8a-a7e8-d32cec649fa0.pdf</u>
  - capture écran de la GED AIP.pdf

## WORKFLOW FOR AMENDMENT PUBLICATION



**Baseline AIP (Reference)** 



**AIP Amendments Production** 

At the end of the process, it possible to have from unique source the AIP in three communication media:

- 1) in HTML for eAIP on the WEB;
- 2) in HTML for eAIP on CDROM;
- 3) in PDF for printed document. section GEN-0\_1.mht

### CONCLUSION

- eAIP implementation is an important objective for the transition from AIS to AIM.
- Its completion depends on the full and consistent AIXM data base for which data quality is a must.
- For ANSP, AIXM data base operation and AIXMeAIP need important financial means, human ressources and time.
- We have to be together and share our experiences for AFICAD implementation.

# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

