Council - 225th Session

Subject No. 50: Questions relating to the environment

Analyses in Support of the 2022 CORSIA Periodic Review: Focus on Covid19 impacts on CORSIA and its baseline

Presented by CAEP





Questions Addressed at the 225th Council Session

The Council requested CAEP to present the following inputs for the review, as outlined in the C-DEC 222/12 and the CORSIA Periodic Review Terms of Reference:

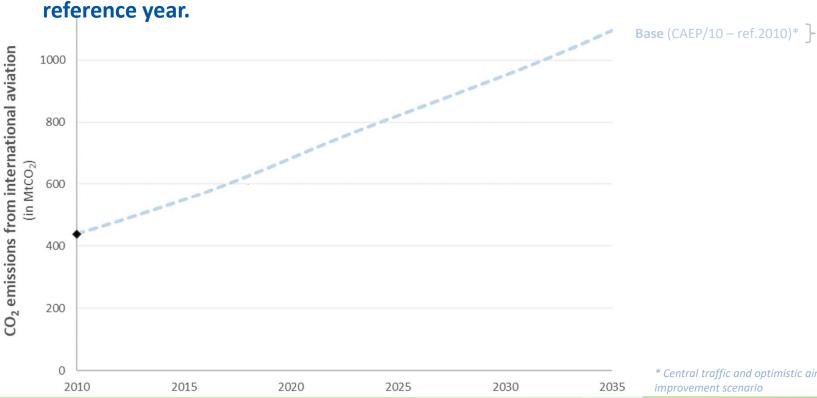
Excerpt from C-DEC 222/12 reference: 10. f. ii.

Further assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on CORSIA, including inter alia, its impact on the baseline beyond the pilot phase, on the different phases of CORSIA implementation, and on the growth factors, as set out in paragraph 5(e) of C-DEC 220/13, and drawing upon the analysis referenced in paragraph (d) above;



CO, Emissions Trends: Background

Analyses by CAEP conducted in 2015-2016 towards the decision on CORSIA during Assembly 39 in 2016 were based on CO₂ emissions trends from CAEP/10 using 2010



* Central traffic and optimistic aircraft technology improvement scenario

Information available in

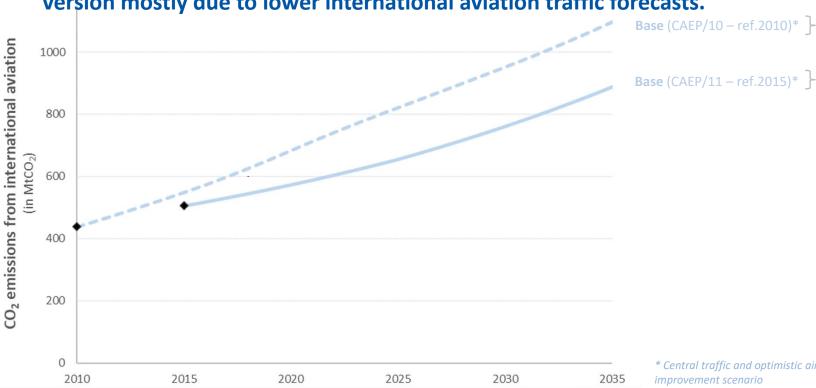
2013 (A38 trends) and confirmed in 2016 (A39

trends)



CO₂ Emissions Trends: Background

After the 39th Assembly, CAEP continued to update its analyses using the CAEP/11 CO₂ emissions trends. Long-term projections of CO₂ emissions were lower than the CAEP/10 version mostly due to lower international aviation traffic forecasts.

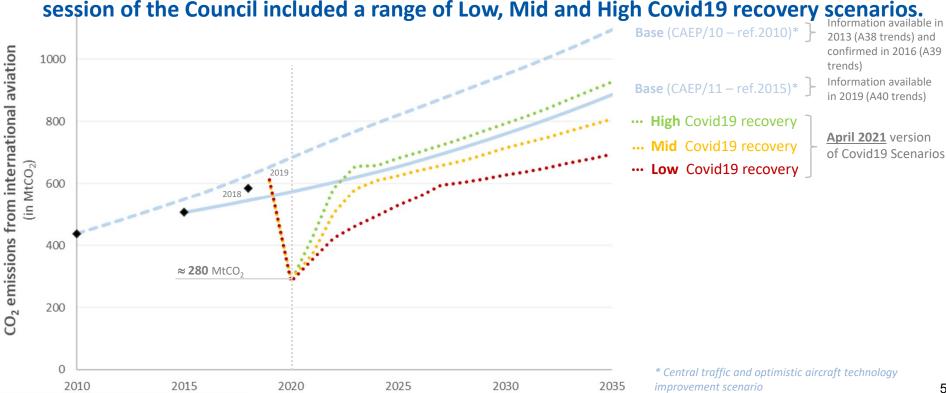


Information available in 2013 (A38 trends) and confirmed in 2016 (A39 trends)

Information available in 2019 (A40 trends)

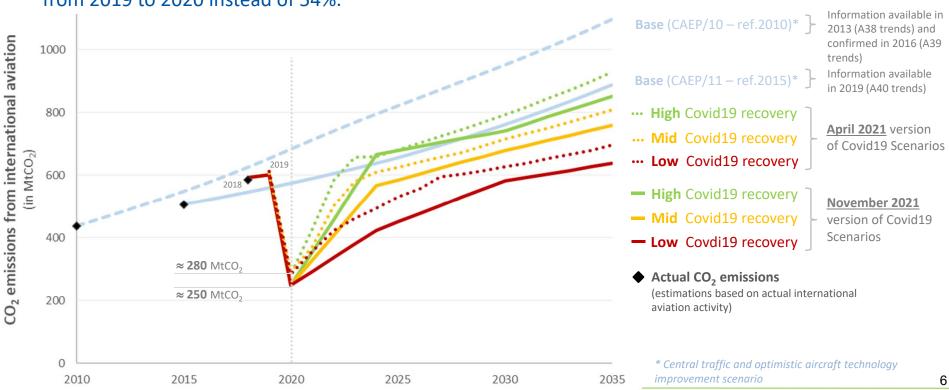
CO₂ Emissions Trends: Background

• Since March 2020, CAEP has reflected the impacts of Covid19 on international aviation and its potential recovery scenarios. Interim analyses by CAEP presented during the 223rd session of the Council included a range of Low, Mid and High Covid19 recovery scenarios.



CO₂ Emissions Trends: Updated Covid19 Scenarios

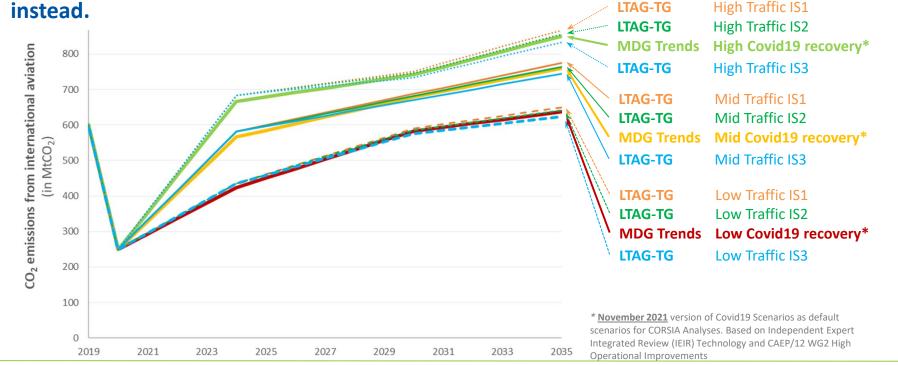
Based on the updated Covid19 scenarios (CAEP/12 Trends), CO₂ emissions in 2020 are expected to be lower than originally anticipated in April 2021 i.e., drop of approximately 59 % from 2019 to 2020 instead of 54%.





Placing the CO₂ Emissions Trends used for CORSIA Analyses in Context of LTAG-TG Trends through 2035

- Trends in CO₂ emissions after technology and operations improvements used as input to CORSIA Analyses (i.e., CAEP/12 Trends) are very close to the LTAG-TG Trends.
- No material impacts in CORSIA Analyses results expected if LTAG-TG scenarios were used

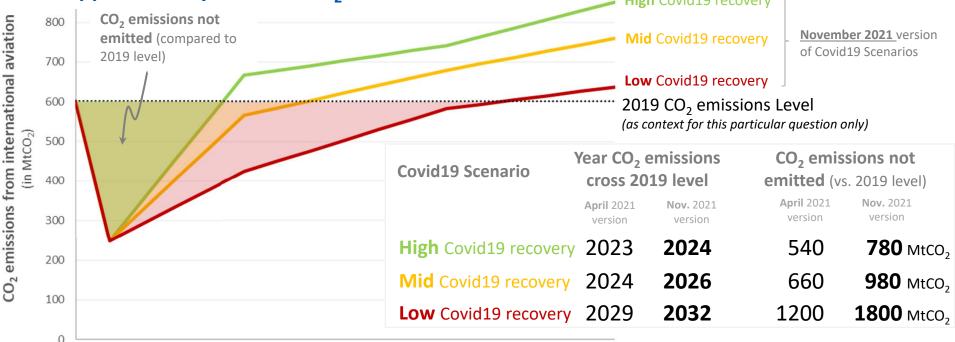




CO₂ Emissions Not Emitted Compared to 2019 Level

- Based on the interim updated scenarios, <u>CO₂ emissions not emitted compared to a 2019</u> level could range from 780 to 1800 MtCO₂ depending on the rate of recovery.
- For context, in 2016 (pre-Covid19) offsetting requirements from 2021-2035 were estimated at approximately 2,500 MtCO₂.

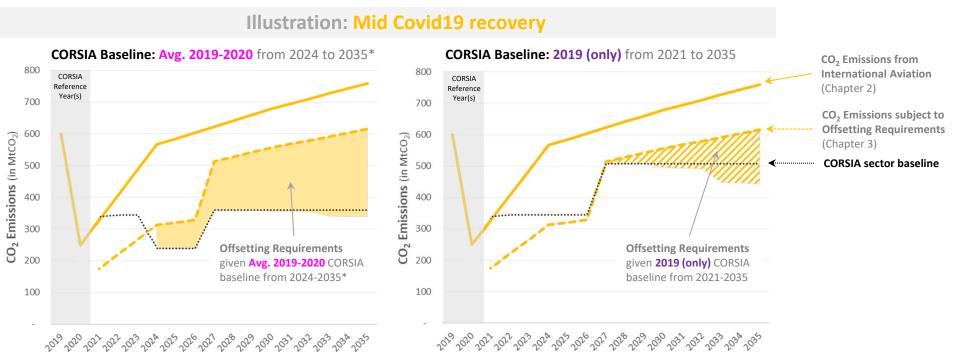
 High Covid19 recovery





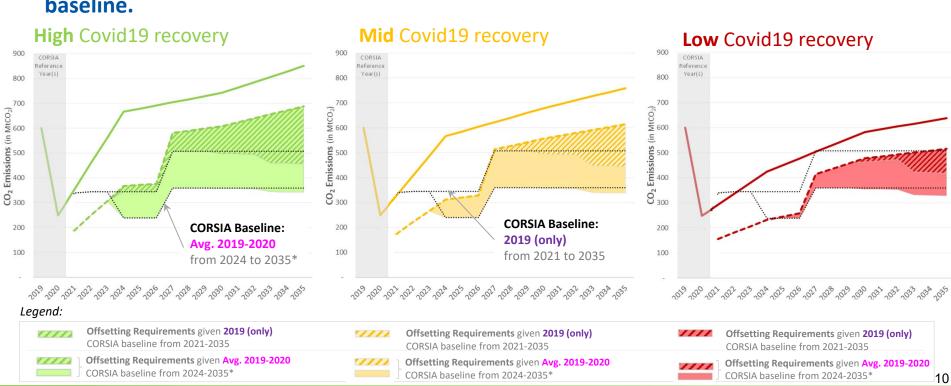
Estimation of Offsetting Requirements

Given a recovery scenario for traffic and CO₂ emissions, the definition of the CORSIA baseline (impacted by Covid19 in 2020) will affect offsetting requirements through 2035.



Estimation of Offsetting Requirements

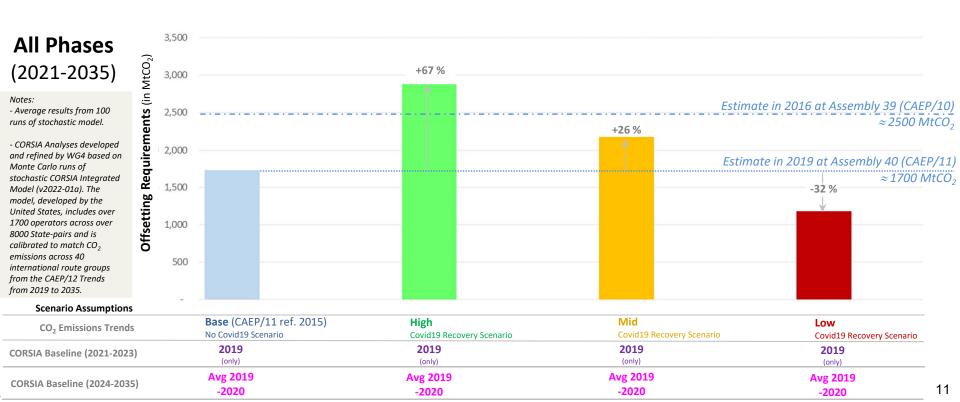
 Total offsetting requirements across international aviation sector are influenced by the impact of Covid19 (in 2020) and, the rate of recovery in out years along with the CORSIA baseline.





Estimation of Offsetting Requirements

Under a scenario of average <u>2019-2020</u> baseline for 2024-2035, offsetting requirements (OR) could range from <u>1200 to 2900 MtCO</u>₂.





-2020

(only)

Estimation of Offsetting Requirements

- Under a scenario of average <u>2019-2020</u> baseline for 2024-2035, offsetting requirements (OR) could range from <u>1200 to 2900 MtCO</u>₂.
- If the baseline remains at 2019 level for 2024-2035, OR could range from 310 to 1400 MtCO₂.



CO ₂ Emissions Trends	Dase (CAEP)	/11 lel. 2015)	п	ign	IVIIU		LOV	Covid19 Recovery Scenario 2019 2019 (only) (only) Avg 2019 2019	
	No Covid19 Scenario		Covid19 Rec	overy Scenario	Covid19 Recove	ry Scenario	Covid19 Recovery Scenario		
CORSIA Baseline (2021-2023)	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	
	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	
CORSIA Baseline (2024-2035)	Avg 2019	2019	Avg 2019	2019	Avg 2019	2019	Avg 2019	2019	

(only)

-2020

-2020

(only)

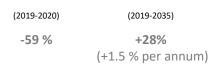
-2020



CO₂ Emissions from International Aviation

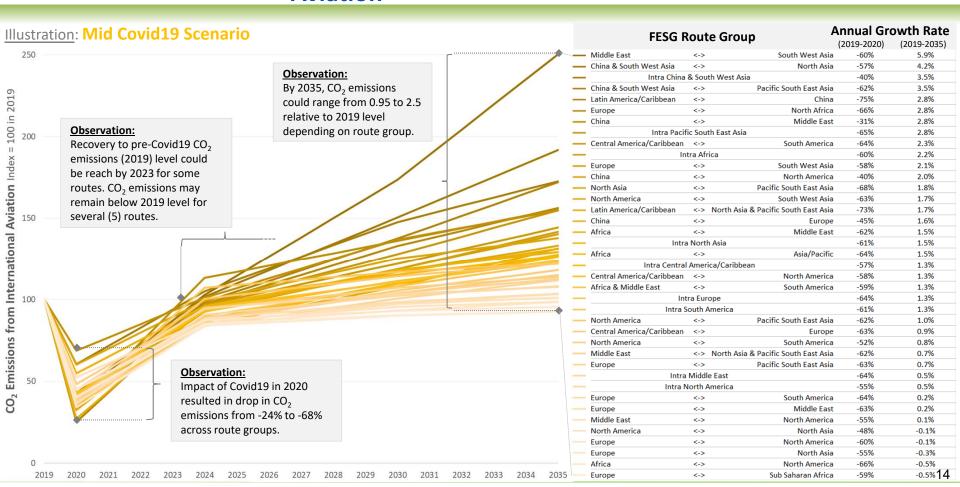


CO₂ Emissions from International Aviation (Chapter 2)



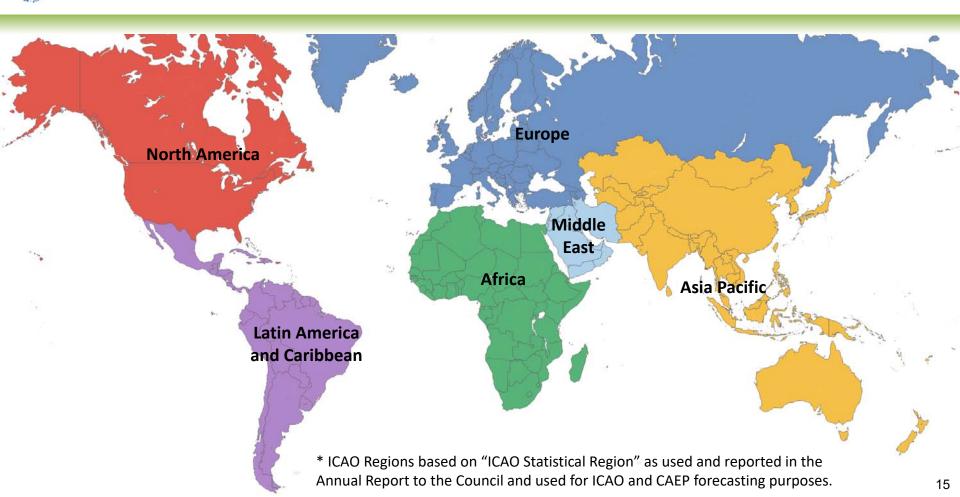


Regional Breakdown of CO₂ Emissions from International Aviation



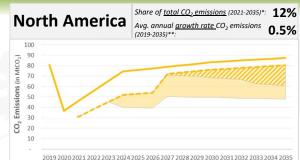


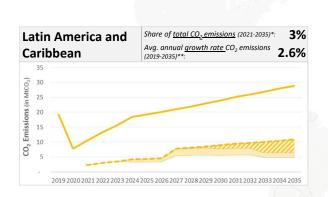
Background on ICAO Regions*





Regional Breakdown of Offsetting Requirements by ICAO Regions

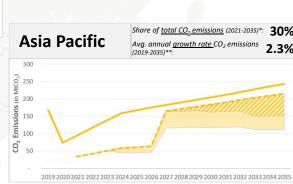






^{*} Share of total international aviation CO₂ emissions (A16V4 Chapter 2) from 2021 to 2035. Shares very similar across Covid19 scenarios.





CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (Pilot): 2019
CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (2024-2035): Avg. 2019-2020 or **2019 (only)**

Sectoral/Individual: 80% / 20% in 2030-2032
Sectoral/Individual: 30% / 70% in 2033-2035
States for Chapter 3 State Pairs: Edition 2 (July 2021)

^{**} Average annual growth of CO_2 emissions from international aviation (A16V4 Chapter 2) from 2019 to 2035.



Regional Breakdown of Offsetting Requirements by ICAO Regions

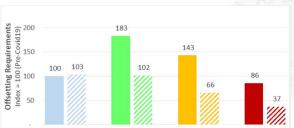
Offsetting Requirements Index = 100 for pre-Covid 19 (Base) scenario North America 172 128 100 100 104 76 40 144 114 114 118

Latin America and Caribbean

Avg 2019 2019

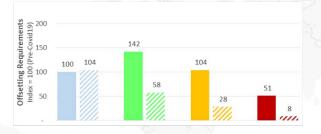
Avg 2019 2019 -2020 (cnly) Avg 2019 2019 -2020 (coly)

> Offsetting Requirements Index = 100 (Pre-Covid19) 00 020 00 020 000



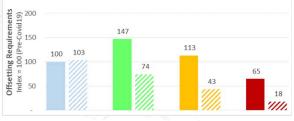


Middle East



Africa 174 127 105 85

Asia Pacific



Summary of Assumptions: CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (Pilot):

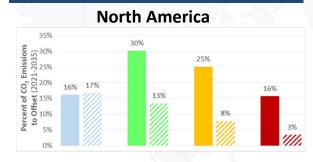
States for Chapter 3 State Pairs:

CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (Pilot): 2019
CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (2024-2035): Avg. 2019-2020 or 2019 (only)
Sectoral/Individual : 80% / 20% in 2030-2032
Sectoral/Individual : 30% / 70% in 2033-2035

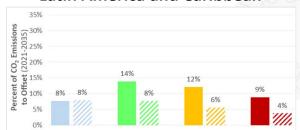
Edition 2 (July 2021)

Percent CO₂ emissions to Offset by ICAO Regions

Percent CO₂ emissions to offset* based on total international aviation CO₂ emissions (A16V4 Chapter 2).

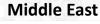


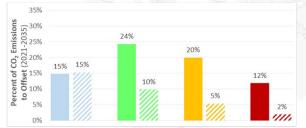
Latin America and Caribbean



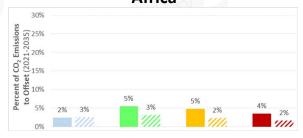
* Percent CO₂ emissions to offset calculated as: total offsetting requirements (2021-2035) divided by total CO₂ emissions from international aviation (A16V4 Chapter 2) from 2021 to 2035.



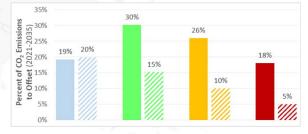




Africa



Asia Pacific



Summary of Assumptions:

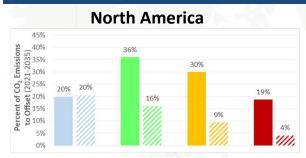
States for Chapter 3 State Pairs:

2019 CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (2024-2035): Avg. 2019-2020 or 2019 (only) Sectoral/Individual Sectoral/Individual

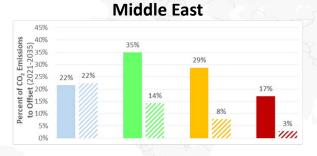
80% / 20% in 2030-2032 30% / 70% in 2033-2035 Edition 2 (July 2021)

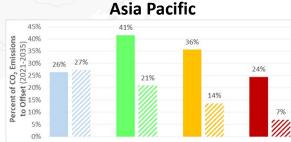
Percent CO₂ emissions to Offset by ICAO Regions (cont.)

Percent Chapter 3 CO₂ emissions to offset* based on total international aviation CO₂ emissions subject to offsetting requirements (A16V4 Chapter 3).

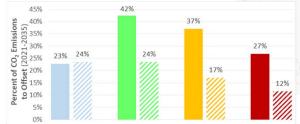


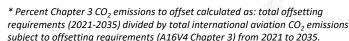


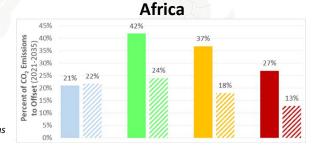












 Summary of Assumptions:

 CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (Pilot):
 2019

 CORSIA Baseline Ref. Year (2024-2035): Avg. 2019-2020 or 2019 (only)

 Sectoral/Individual:
 80% / 20% in 2030-2032

 Sectoral/Individual:
 30% / 70% in 2033-2035

 States for Chapter 3 State Pairs:
 Edition 2 (July 2021)



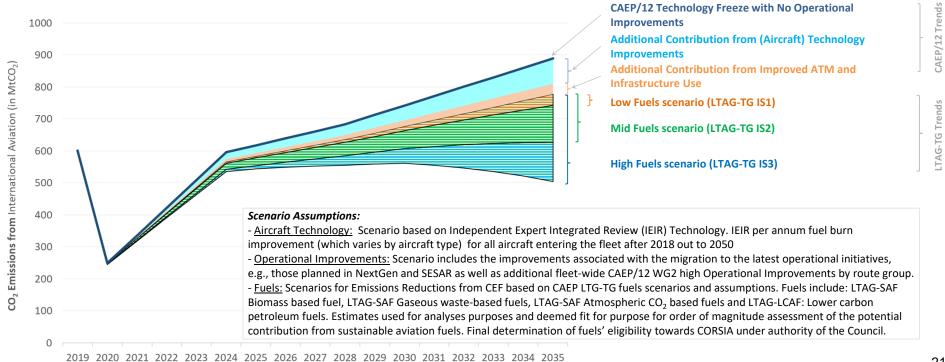
Summary on Regional Breakdown of Offsetting Requirements by ICAO Regions

- Results of regional breakdown of offsetting requirements by ICAO Region show similar relative changes in offsetting requirements between 2021 and 2035 compared to their expected quantities of offsetting requirements before COVID-19 in all regions
 (i.e., all regions are expected to be affected by COVID-19 in a similar manner).
- The percent of CO₂ emissions offset is driven by the participation of States in CORSIA and this is also similar across all regions, except certain regions where there is a relatively higher number of States that are exempted and not voluntarily participating.



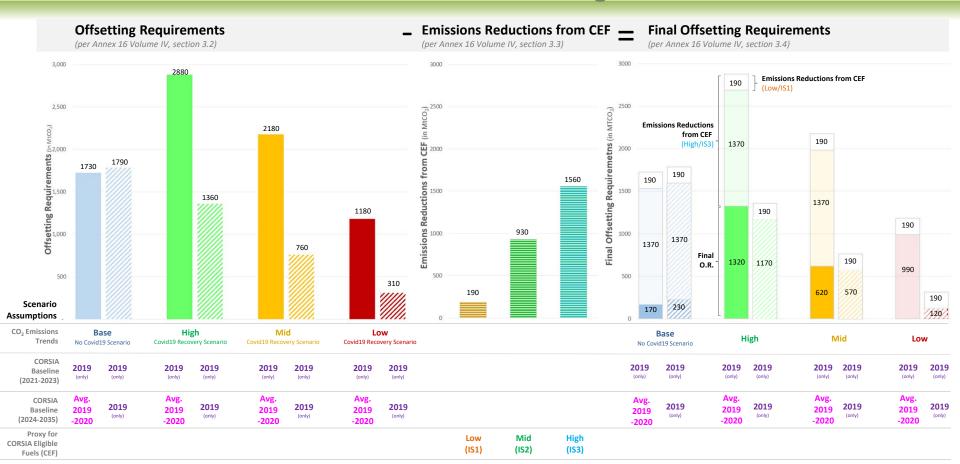
Contribution from Fuels (e.g., SAF) towards Emissions **Reductions**

Future emissions reductions expected from aircraft technology improvements, operational improvements and sustainable aviation fuels.





Final Offsetting Requirements: Consideration of Emissions Reductions from CORSIA Eligible Fuels









Scenario

CAEP/12 COVID-19 Scenarios (Traffic Forecasts)

Covid19 Recovery

Description of Assumptions and Drivers Underlying the Traffic Forecasts

Regulatory approval of vaccine takes place in early 2021 with availability and wide-spread use in mid/late 2021. The global economic activity follows a Vshaped recovery (back to 2019 levels in early 2021).

Passenger market: RPKs are expected to return to 2019 level in 2023 and return to pre-crisis trend (level) around 2030. Business Travel growth resumes late 2021 and returns to normal levels in 2022. This drives solid recovery in both markets (B2B and conferences). Solid and sustained global recovery with Asia

(China) pick-up quickly in 2021. Recovery in traffic tracks economic growth (NA/EUR follow Asia). Freighter market: RTKs are expected to return to 2019 level in 2021 and return to pre-crisis trend (level). Regional variation will depend upon differences in regional economic activity. Pacific/Asia & Asia/Middle East will lead, followed by North America/Europe.

Passenger market: RPKs are expected to return to 2019 level in 2024. RPKs do not return to pre-crisis level and a permanent shift remains due to substitution of online technologies for business and changes in household vacation/travel patterns. Business Travel growth resumes in late 2022/2023, but never fully returns to normal levels (i.e., some permanent reduction due to substitutes -- Zoom, etc.). Recovery lags economic growth (some behavioral changes/lower incomes). Resumption in domestic traffic first. International lags. China/Asia leads the recovery, followed by NA and FUR. Freighter market: RTKs are expected to return to 2019 level in 2022 and return to pre-crisis trend (level). Regional variation will depend upon differences in

Regulatory approval of vaccine takes place in mid 2021 with availability and wide-spread use in early/late 2022. The global economic activity return to 2019

Low

regional economic activity. Pacific/Asia & Asia/Middle East will lead, followed by North America/Europe. Regulatory approval of vaccine takes place in early 2022 with availability and wide-spread use in late 2022/early 2023. The global economic activity return to 2019 levels in late 2023/2024. Passenger market: RPKs are expected to return to 2019 level in 2027. RPKs do not return to pre-crisis level and a permanent shift remains due to substitution

of online technologies for business and changes in household vacation/travel patterns. Business travel does not fully recover and resulting in a permanent Covid19 Recovery and sustained loss in domestic/international travel. Recovery lags economic growth (more prevalent behavior changes/lower incomes). Resumption in domestic traffic slow to gain traction. International lags further behind. China/Asia and developing nations lead recovery. NA and EUR lag. Freighter market: RTKs are expected to return to 2019 level in 2023 and may not return to pre-crisis trend (level) depending on economic forecast. Regional variation will depend upon differences in regional economic activity. Pacific/Asia & Asia/Middle East will lead, followed by North America/Europe.

levels in late 2021/2022 (running behind the optimistic outlook).

-2020

(only)

Estimation of Offsetting Requirements

-2020

(only)

- Under a scenario of average 2019-2020 baseline for 2024-2035, offsetting requirements (OR) could range from 1600 to 3200 MtCO₂.
- If the baseline remains at 2019 level for 2024-2035, OR could range from 230 to 1700 MtCO₂.



Scenario Assumptions									
CO ₂ Emissions Trends	Base (CAEP)	'11 ref. 2015)	Н	igh	Mid		Low		
	No Covid19 Scenario		Covid19 Rec	overy Scenario	Covid19 Recove	ry Scenario	Covid19 Recovery Scenario		
CORSIA Baseline (2021-2023)	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	
CONSIA BUSCHIIC (2021 2023)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	(only)	
CORSIA Baseline (2024-2035)	Avg 2019	2019	Avg 2019	2019	Avg 2019	2019	Avg 2019	2019	

(only)

-2020

(only)

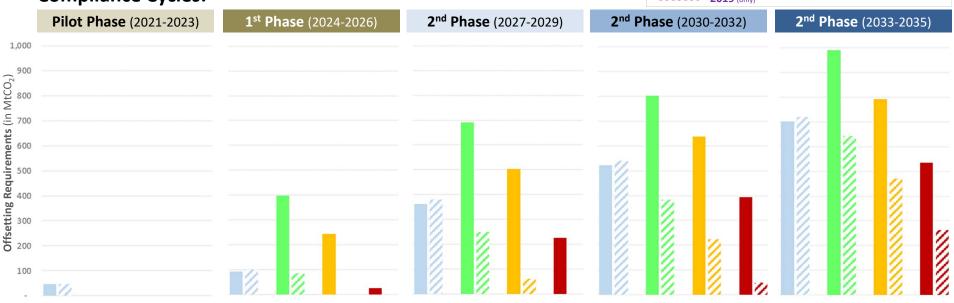
-2020

Offsetting Requirements by Phases

Offsetting requirements over time (across compliance cycles) influenced by Sector Growth Factor (driven by recovery scenarios) and choice of the CORSIA baseline.

CORSIA Baseline CO₂ Emissions Trends Legend: (2024-2035) Avg 2019-2020 Base (CAEP/11 ref. 2015) 2019 (only) No Covid19 Scenario High Avg 2019-2020 Covid19 Recovery Scenario 2019 (only) Avg 2019-2020 Mid 2019 (only) Covid19 Recovery Scenario Low Avg 2019-2020 Covid19 Recovery Scenario 2019 (only)

Compliance Cycles:





Summary of Sector Growth Factors (SGF)

When the Sector Growth Factor (SGF) was negative for a given year, it was assumed to be zero for the purpose of calculation of offsetting requirements.

Covid19 Recovery Scenario	CORSIA Baseline Scenario	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
High Covid19 Recovery	Avg. 2019-2020	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	34.9%	35.7%	36.4%	38.1%	39.1%	39.9%	40.8%	42.3%	43.8%	45.2%	46.5%	47.8%
	2019 (only)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.4%	7.5%	8.5%	12.8%	14.1%	15.3%	16.6%	18.7%	20.8%	22.7%	24.6%	26.4%
Mid Covid19 Recovery	Avg. 2019-2020	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.3%	25.3%	27.1%	30.0%	31.9%	33.7%	35.4%	36.7%	38.0%	39.2%	40.4%	41.5%
	2019 (only)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.3%	4.0%	6.5%	8.9%	10.7%	12.5%	14.3%	15.9%	17.6%
Low Covid19 Recovery	Avg. 2019-2020	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	7.4%	13.2%	17.4%	21.2%	24.7%	25.9%	27.0%	28.1%	29.2%	30.2%
	2019 (only)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	1.6%

Note. – Summary results for 100 runs of stochastic CORSIA Integrated Model.