

# CORSIA AT A GLANCE SERIES

## CORSIA ELIGIBLE FUELS

An aeroplane operator can reduce its CORSIA offsetting requirements in a given year by claiming **emissions reductions from the use of CORSIA eligible fuels (CEF)** by the following process:



See leaflet **5**

- 1** The operator obtains the **life cycle emissions value (LS<sub>f</sub>) of the CEF**. This is determined during the CEF sustainability certification process (see back).
- 2** The operator calculates the **CEF emissions reductions (ER<sub>y</sub>)** as follows:

Fuel Conversion Factor, fixed value,

3.16 for Jet-A/ Jet-A1 or 3.10 for AvGas/ Jet B  
[kg CO<sub>2</sub>/kg fuel]

$$ER_y = FCF \times \left[ \sum_f MS_{f,y} \times \left( 1 - \frac{LS_f}{LC} \right) \right]$$

Total mass of CEF claimed in the year y, by fuel type f [tonnes]
Baseline life cycle emissions, fixed value, 89 for jet fuel or 95 for AvGas [gCO<sub>2e</sub>/MJ]

Example: If, in 2021, an operator uses 10,000 tonnes of Jet-A fuel produced from Used Cooking Oil (default **LS<sub>f</sub>=13.9 gCO<sub>2e</sub>/MJ\***), the amount of emissions reductions will be:

$$ER_{2021} = 3.16 \times \left[ 10,000 \times \left( 1 - \frac{13.9}{89} \right) \right] = 26,665 \text{ tonnes of CO}_2$$

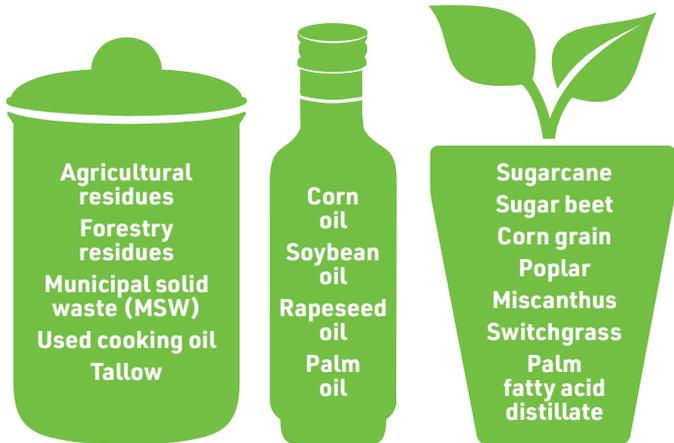
- 3** The operator includes information on CEF in its Emissions Report, including:
  - **CEF emissions reductions (ER<sub>y</sub>) claimed**
  - Fuel type, mass, and **life cycle emissions value (LS<sub>f</sub>)**
  - Evidence of compliance with CORSIA sustainability criteria (see back)
- 4** A verification body verifies information on CEF provided in the Emissions Report. (see leaflet **8**)
- 5** The State collects and aggregates verified information on CEFs from all aeroplane operators attributed to it, and reports aggregated information to ICAO through the CORSIA Central Registry (CCR). (see leaflet **6**)

\* Default value pending approval by the ICAO Council.

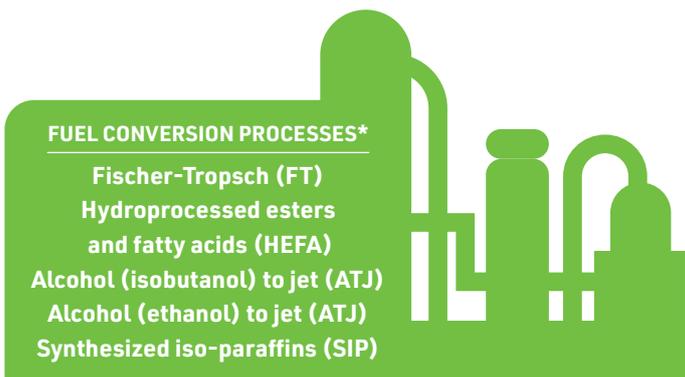
# How does a fuel become a CORSIA Eligible Fuel (CEF)?

Several feedstocks and fuel conversion processes have the potential to produce CEF. A specific CEF sustainability certification process should be followed to determine if the fuel meets the CORSIA requirements.

## FEEDSTOCKS



## FUEL CONVERSION



\*Reference: ASTM 7566 and ASTM 1655 – ensures the technical specifications of the fuel

## CERTIFICATION



## CORSIA ELIGIBLE FUEL



More feedstocks and fuel conversion processes may become available to Fuel Producers as the CEF industry evolves.

## CORSIA IMPLEMENTATION ELEMENT FOR CEF

Five ICAO documents comprise the CORSIA Implementation Element for CEF, and they define the procedures and requirements needed for CEF consideration under CORSIA:

- 1 **CORSIA Eligibility Framework and Requirements for Sustainability Certification Schemes**
- 2 **CORSIA Approved Sustainability Certification Schemes**
- 3 **Sustainability Criteria for CORSIA Eligible Fuels**
- 4 **Default Life Cycle Emissions Values for CORSIA Eligible Fuels**
- 5 **CORSIA Methodology for Calculating Actual Life Cycle Emissions Values**

## SUSTAINABILITY CERTIFICATION SCHEMES

**Sustainability Certification Schemes (SCS)** approved by the Council <sup>1</sup>, <sup>2</sup>, will work with the fuel producers to perform the fuel certification with the CORSIA Sustainability Criteria <sup>3</sup>.

## Life Cycle Emission Value ( $LS_f$ )

The amount of emissions reductions generated by the use of CEF depends on its **life cycle emissions value ( $LS_f$ )**. There are two ways of obtaining this value:

- Using a **default value** <sup>4</sup> or
- Calculating an **actual value** <sup>5</sup>.