## DANGEROUS GOODS PANEL (DGP) WORKING GROUP MEETING (DGP-WG/19)

## Montréal, 1 to 5 April 2019

- Agenda Item 1: Harmonizing ICAO dangerous goods provisions with UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
  - 1.3: Develop proposals, if necessary, for amendments to the Supplement to the Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air (Doc 9284SU) for incorporation in the 2021-2022 Edition

## DRAFT AMENDMENTS TO THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS TO ALIGN WITH THE UN RECOMMENDATIONS

(Presented by the Secretary)

#### **SUMMARY**

This working paper contains draft amendments to the Supplement to the Technical Instructions to reflect the decisions taken by the UN Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals at its ninth session (Geneva, 7 December 2018).

**Action by the DGP-WG:** The DGP-WG is invited to agree to the draft amendments in this working paper.

## Part S-3

# DANGEROUS GOODS LIST, SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND QUANTITY LIMITATIONS

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## Chapter 2

## SUPPLEMENTARY DANGEROUS GOODS LIST

Name 1	UN No. 2	Class or divi- sion 3	Sub- sidiary hazard 4	Labels	State varia- tions 6	Special provi- sions 7	UN packing group 8	Excepted quantity 9	Passenger airci Packing instruction 10		Cargo aird Packing instruction 12	craft only  Max. net quantity per package 13
UN Model Regulations, Chapter 3.2, dangerous goods list (see ST/SG/AC.10/46/Add.1)												
Detonators, electronic programmable for blasting†	<u>0511</u>	<u>1.1B</u>		Explos ive				<u>E0</u>	FORBIDDEN (131)		FORBIDDEN (131)	
Detonators, electronic programmable for blasting†	0512	<u>1.4B</u>		Explos ive 1.4				<u>E0</u>	FORBIDDEN (131)		<u>1311</u>	75 kg
Desensitized explosive, solid, n.o.s.*	3380	4.1		Solid flamm able	BE 3	A133 <u>A217</u>	I		FORBI	DDEN	FORBI	DDEN
Nitrocellulose, dry or wetted with less than 25% water (or alcohol), by mass	0340	1.1D		Explo sive		<u>A216</u>			FORBIDDEN (112 b) or c))		FORBIDDEN (112 b) or c))	
Nitrocellulose, unmodified or plasticized with less than 18% plasticizing substance, by mass	0341	1.1D		Explo sive		<u>A216</u>			FORBIDDEN (112 b))		FORBIDDEN (112 b))	

_									Passenger airc		Cargo aircraft only	
	UN	Class or divi-	Sub- sidiary		State varia-	Special provi-	UN packing	Excepted	Packing	Max. net quantity per	Packing	Max. net quantity per
Name	No.	sion	hazard	Labels	tions	sions	group	quantity	instruction	package	instruction	package
Nitrocellulose, plasticized with not less than 18% plasticizing substance, by mass	0343	3 1.3C	4	Explo sive	6	7 A216 A313	8	9	10 11 FORBIDDEN (111)		12 13 FORBIDDEN (111)	
Nitrocellulose, wetted with not less than 25% alcohol, by mass	0342	1.3C		Explo sive		A216 A313			FORBIDDEN (114 a))		FORBIDDEN (114 a))	
Dipropylamine	2383	3	8	Liquid flamm able & Corros ive		A209 A330	II	E2	352 Y340	1 L 0.5 L	363	5 L
Dangerous goods in articles	3363	<u>9</u>		Miscell aneou <u>s</u>		A48 A107 A332		<u>E0</u>	see 962		see 962	
2- Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate, stabilized	2522	6.1		Toxic		A209 A330	II	E4	654 Y641	5 L 1 L	662	60 L
Engine, internal combustion, flammable gas powered	3529	2.1		Gas flamm able		A70 A87 <u>A176</u> A208		E0	FORBI	DDEN	220	No limit
Machinery, internal combustion, flammable gas powered	3529	2.1		Gas flamm able		A70 A87 <u>A176</u> A208		EO	FORBI	DDEN	220	No limit

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## Chapter 6

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Against the entries in the Supplementary Dangerous Goods List (Table S-3-1), column 7 shows any special provisions that are applicable. Where these special provisions have not been listed in Table 3-2 of the Technical Instructions, they are listed in Table S-3-4 below.

#### Table S-3-4. Special Provisions

Supplementary special provisions

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### UN Model Regulations, Chapter 3.3, SP 370 (see ST/SG/AC.10/46/Add.1)

A326 (370) This entry only applies to ammonium nitrate that meets one of the following criteria:

- ammonium nitrate with more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any added substance; and or
- ammonium nitrate with not more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any added substance, that gives a positive result when tested in accordance with Test Series 2 (see UN *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part I). See also UN 1942.

This entry must not be used for ammonium nitrate for which a proper shipping name already exists in the Table 3-1 of the Technical Instructions including ammonium nitrate mixed with fuel oil (ANFO) or any of the commercial grades of ammonium nitrate.

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#### UN Model Regulations, Chapter 3.3, SP 379 (see ST/SG/AC.10/46/Add.1)

- A329 (379) Anhydrous ammonia adsorbed or absorbed on a solid contained in ammonia dispensing systems or cylinders intended to form part of such systems may be transported on cargo aircraft only with the prior approval of the appropriate authority of the State of Origin and the State of the Operator under the written conditions established by those authorities in addition to the following:
  - a) the adsorption or absorption presents the following properties:
    - 1) the pressure at a temperature of 20°C in the cylinder is less than 0.6 bar;
    - 2) the pressure at a temperature of 35°C in the cylinder is less than 1 bar;
    - 3) the pressure at a temperature of 85°C in the cylinder is less than 12 bar;
  - b) the adsorbent or absorbent material must not have dangerous properties listed in Classes 1 to 8;
  - c) the maximum contents of a cylinder must be 10 kg of ammonia; and
  - d) cylinders containing adsorbed or absorbed ammonia must meet the following conditions:
    - 1) cylinders must be made of a material compatible with ammonia as specified in ISO 11114-1:2012 ISO 11114-1:2012 + A1:2017;
    - cylinders and their means of closure must be hermetically sealed and able to contain the generated ammonia;
    - each cylinder must be able to withstand the pressure generated at 85°C with a volumetric expansion no greater than 0.1%;

- 4) each cylinder must be fitted with a device that allows for gas evacuation once pressure exceeds 15 bar without violent rupture, explosion or projection; and
- 5) each cylinder must be able to withstand a pressure of 20 bar without leakage when the pressure relief device is deactivated.

When offered for transport in an ammonia dispenser, the cylinders must be connected to the dispenser in such a way that the assembly is guaranteed to have the same strength as a single cylinder.

The properties of mechanical strength mentioned in this special provision must be tested using a prototype of a cylinder and/or dispenser filled to nominal capacity, by increasing the temperature until the specified pressures are reached.

The test results must be documented, must be traceable and must be communicated to the relevant authorities upon request.

