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# Using Data to Reduce The Risk of Runway Excursions

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# <u>Participants</u>

- EASA
- CANSO
- IFALPA
- FAA/CAST
- LVNL
- Boeing
- DGAC France
- Flight Safety Foundation
- IFATCA
- NLR
- ALTA

- Airbus
- Embraer
- ACI
- IATA
- ERA
- Eurocontrol
- AAPA
- US NTSB
- AEA
- Honeywell
- ALPA

# Runway Safety Issues

Runway Incursions

Runway Confusion

Runway Excursion

# Runway Excursion:

When the wheels of an aircraft on the runway surface depart the end or the side of the runway surface.

Runway excursions can occur on **takeoff** or on **landing**.

They consist of two types of events:

**Veer-Off:** Excursion in which an aircraft departs the side of a runway

Overrun: A runway excursion in which an aircraft departs the end of a runway



# The Players

- Aircraft Manufacturers
- Operators
  - Aircrews
  - Management
- Airports
- ATC
- Regulators



Runway

# **Safety**



**Data** 

#### **Incursion**







# Runway Safety Accident Data

1995–2009 1,508 Total Accidents

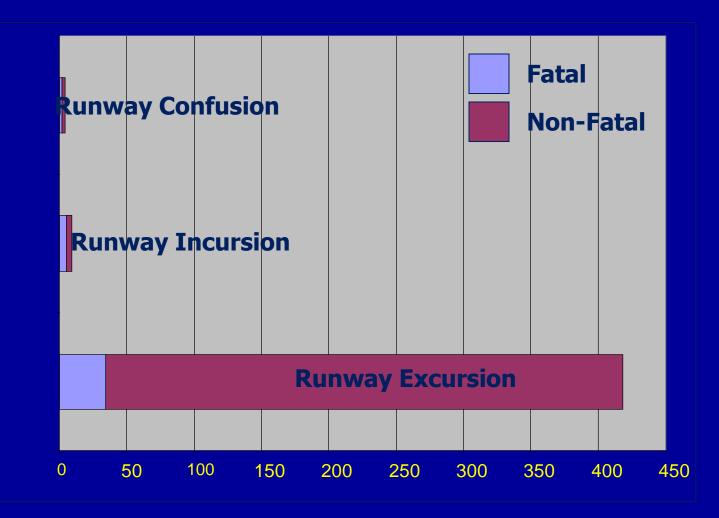
	<u>Number</u>	<b>Percent of Total</b>
Incursions:	<b>10</b> (.7/year)	.6%
Confusion:	<b>5</b> (.3/year)_	.3%
Excursions:	442 (29.8/yea	ar) 29%

# Runway Safety Data 1995–2009 Runway Excursion Data

36% of jet accidents

24% of turboprop accidents

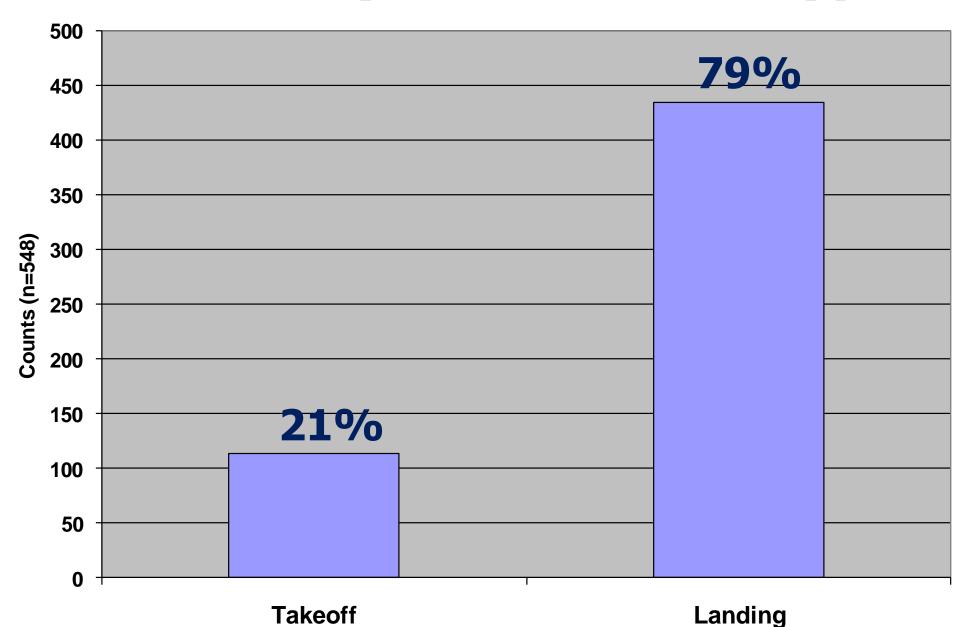
# Fatal and Non-Fatal Runway Accidents by Type, 1995 Through 2009



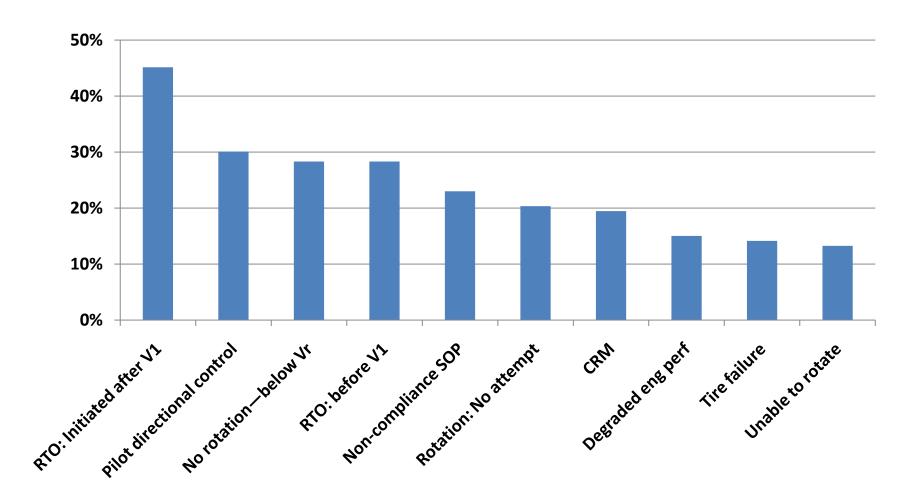
**Number of Accidents** 



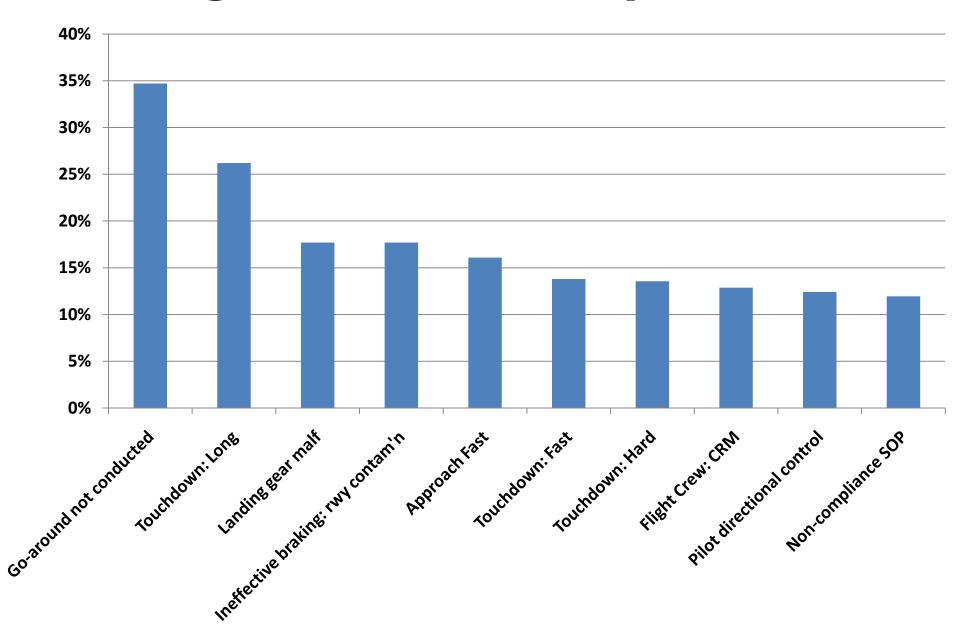
# **Runway Excursions - Type**



### Takeoff Excursions – Top 10 Factors



### **Landing Excursions – Top 10 Factors**



### The Go-Around

- Lack of go-arounds is the leading risk factor in approach and landing accidents
- Lack of go-arounds is the #1 cause of landing runway excursions

#### ---However---

- Many approach and landing accidents result from poorly executed go-arounds
- When is it appropriate NOT to go around:
  - Wheels on the runway
  - Deceleration devices activated
     (e.g. brakes, spoilers, thrust reversers)

# Data Study

- Over 1 million flights analyzed
- 3.5% of approaches were unstable (35,000)
- Only 1.4% of them lead to a Go-Around (490)
  - Landings with High Risk events
    - Unstable Approach **8.0** % (80,000)
    - Stable Approach *6.2%* (62,000)

This was not the expected result ---- or was it

# The keys to minimizing the risk of a landing runway excursion accident

Stabilized Approaches

> Go arounds (properly conducted)

> Stabilized Landings

### Stabilized Landing Concept

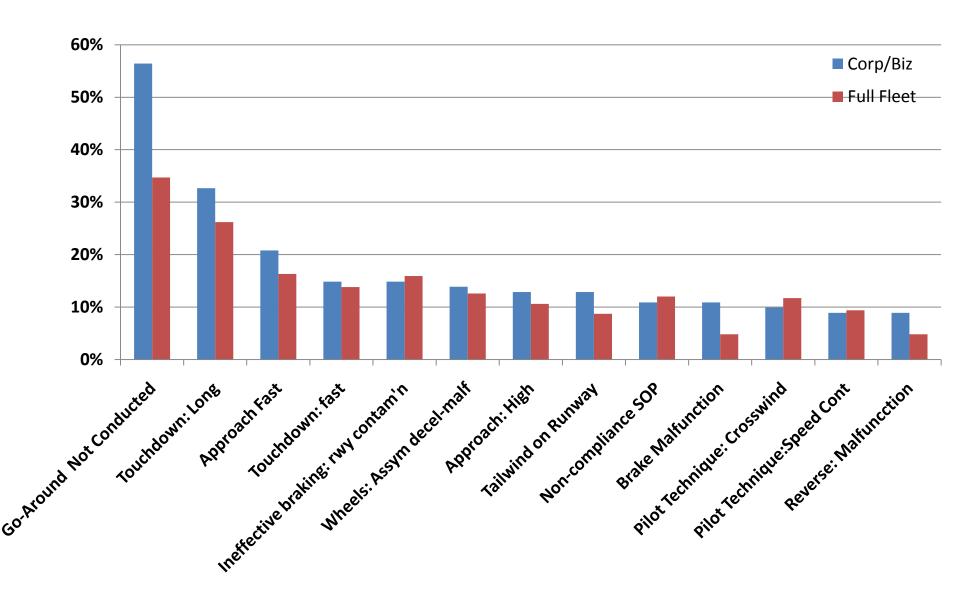
An adjunct to stabilized approach criteria

 Influenced by stabilized approach criteria, but a separate risk area

### Stabilized Landing Guidelines

- A landing is stabilized when all of the following criteria are met:
- The runway conditions are properly assessed and accounted for
- The aircraft achieves a threshold crossing height of 50 feet plus or minus 10 feet
- The aircraft speed at the threshold is not more than Vref + 5
- Tailwind conditions not more than 10 knots for a dry runway, and nil for a wet or contaminated runway
- The aircraft touches down in the landing zone and is promptly transitioned to the desired deceleration condition (brakes, spoilers, thrust reverse)

#### Corp/Biz Aircraft vs. Full Fleet - Landing Excursions



# Runway Safety Observations

- Data shows we are being effective in preventing runway incursion <u>accidents</u>, but the number of incidents and severity still indicates a very high risk
- Data shows runway excursions are the most common type of runway safety accident (96%) and the most common type of fatal runway safety accident (80%)
- Severity of runway excursions dependent on:
  - Energy of aircraft when departing the runway
  - Airport layout, geography, and rescue capability

# Conclusions

- Unstable approaches increase the risk of landing runway excursions
- Failure to recognize the need for and to execute a go-around is a major cause of landing runway excursions
- Contaminated runways increase the risk of runway excursions
- Combinations of risk factors have a synergistic effect on the risk of an excursion
- Universal standards related to runway condition measurement and reporting would assist in reducing the risk of runway excursions

# **Basic Plan**

#### **3 Critical Items for Success:**

- 1. Identify high risk areas (with data)
- 2. Develop interventions to reduce the risk in the highest risk areas
- 3. Get information out internationally in a user friendly format to the people who can use it



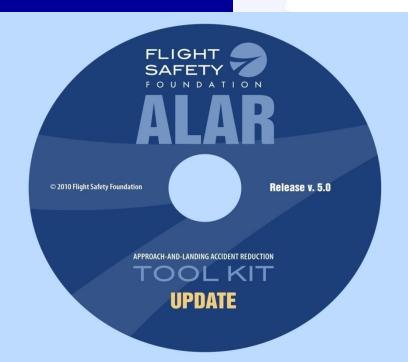
### Reducing the Risk of RUNWAY EXCURSIONS

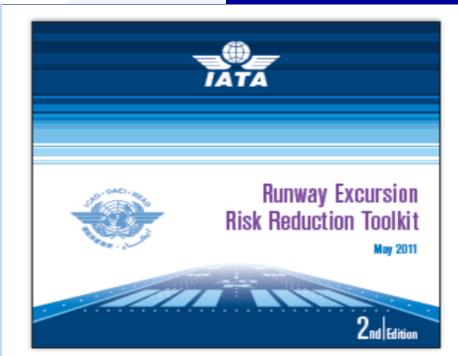
REPORT OF THE RUNWAY SAFETY INITIATIVE













# **FSF Goal:**

